## JOINT NOTICES OF FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT AND NOTICES OF INTENT TO REQUEST RELEASE OF FUNDS 7/24/2025

King County Dept. of Community and Human Services Housing, Homelessness and Community Development Division 401 Fifth Avenue, Suite 500 Seattle, WA 98104
Telephone Number (206) 263-9105

#### 7/24/2025

These notices shall satisfy two separate but related procedural requirements for activities to be undertaken by the King County Department of Community and Human Services (DCHS), Housing and Community Development Division (HCDD).

#### REQUEST FOR RELEASE OF FUNDS

On or about 8/8/2025, King County DCHS/ HCDD, having completed an environmental review of the project described below, will submit a request to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the release of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 as amended. to undertake a project known as SKBA Sidewalks being proposed by the Sahak Khemararam Buddhist Association (SKBA) for the purpose of providing a sidewalk in a low-income area, the total of HUD funding is approximately \$765,000. The overall total cost of the project at 824 S 100th St, Seatle WA (Unincorporated King County) is \$1,000,000.

The project is a final permitting requirement for final completion of the overall SKBA Temple/Community Center Master Plan Project. However, this project is coming in at the end and is in the Right of Way (ROW) and will serve as a pedestrian conduit for the surrounding (Census Qualified) Block Groups. The project is for 834 linear feet of sidewalk (6 feet wide) over a previously paved shoulder. The sidewalks will be on the north-east corner of the intersection of 8th Ave South and 100th Street South in the Glendale/Boulevard park area of Unincorporated King County. Maximum depth of excavation will be 2 feet. King County Department of Local Services has already permitted this project under B04C0114 (see attached plan set). There is an existing stormwater system that will conduct stormwater and there are no changes to it.

#### FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

The Environmental Review Record (ERR) documents the environmental review determinations for the proposed project described above. King County has determined a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) on the human environment. Therefore, an Environmental Impact Statement under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) is not required. Additional project information is contained in the Environmental Review Record (ERR). The ERR will be made available to the public electronically. The King County ERR can be accessed online at the following website: <a href="https://kingcounty.gov/en/dept/dchs/human-social-services/housing-homeless-services/funding-opportunities/environmental-review">https://kingcounty.gov/en/dept/dchs/human-social-services/housing-homeless-services/funding-opportunities/environmental-review</a>. Scroll to the bottom of page and open "2025 Environmental Assessments" menu to view ERR for this project.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENTS**

Any individual, group, or agency may submit written comments on the ERR to King County Community Development Project/Program Manager David Mecklenburg via email at Dave.Mecklenburg@kingcounty.gov. All comments received by 5:00 PM PDT 8/8/2025 will be considered by HCDD prior to authorizing submission of a request for release of funds. Comments should specify which Notice they are addressing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CERTIFICATION**

HCDD certifies to HUD that Sunaree Marshall in her capacity as Director - Housing, and Community Development Division, consents to accept the jurisdiction of the Federal Courts if an action is brought to enforce responsibilities in relation to the environmental review process and that these responsibilities have been satisfied. HUD's approval of the certification satisfies its responsibilities under NEPA and related laws and authorities and allows King County use Program funds.

#### **OBJECTIONS TO RELEASE OF FUNDS**

HUD will accept objections to its release of funds and the King County's certification for a period of fifteen days following the anticipated submission date or its actual receipt of the request (whichever is later) only if they are on one of the following bases: (a) the certification was not executed by the Certifying Officer of King County; (b) King County has omitted a step or failed to make a decision or finding required by HUD regulations at 24 CFR part 58; (c) the grant recipient or other participants in the development process have committed funds, incurred costs or undertaken activities not authorized by 24 CFR Part 58 before approval of a release of funds by HUD; or (d) another Federal agency acting pursuant to 40 CFR Part 1504 has submitted a written finding that the project is unsatisfactory from the standpoint of environmental quality. Objections must be prepared and submitted in accordance with the required procedures (24 CFR Part 58, Sec. 58.76) and shall be addressed to: HUD Region X Community Planning and Development (CPD) office: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 909 First Avenue, Suite 310, Seattle, WA 98104 OR SEACPDRROF@hud.gov regarding CDBG funds. Potential objectors should contact HUD via email to verify the actual last day of the objection period.

Sunaree Marshall– Director — King County Housing, Homelessness and Community Development Division



U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 451 Seventh Street, SW Washington, DC 20410 www.hud.gov espanol.hud.gov

# Environmental Assessment Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

#### **Project Information**

Project Name: SKBA-Sidewalks

**HEROS** 900000010403512

Number:

**Start Date:** 06/06/2024

**Project Location:** 824 S 100th St, Seattle, WA 98168

#### Additional Location Information:

The Project site is located in the Right of Way (ROW) at the cross-streets of 8th Avenue South and 824 South 100th Street in Glendale, part of Unincorporated King County. The mailing/street address lists City of Seattle, but it is not formally in the City Limits. The area around the site is primarily residential with a light industrial, commercial area to the North. There is a steep slope down South 100th Street toward 8th Ave, which continues down to the end of the project parcel.

#### **Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:**

The project is a final permitting requirement for final completion of the overall SKBA Temple/Community Center Master Plan Project. However, this project is coming in at the end and is in the Right of Way (ROW) and will serve as a pedestrian conduit for the surrounding (Census Qualified) Block Groups. The project is for 834 linear feet of sidewalk (6 feet wide) over a previously paved shoulder. The sidewalks will be on the northeast corner of the intersection of 8th Ave South and 100th Street South in the Glendale/Boulevard park area of Unincorporated King County. (See Project location below). Maximum depth of excavation will be 2 feet. King County Department of Local Services has already permitted this project under B04C0114 (see attached plan set). There is an existing stormwater system that will conduct stormwater and there are no changes to it.

#### **Funding Information**

Grant Nu	umber	HUD Program	Program Name	
B-24-UC-5	530001	Community Planning and	Community Development Block Grants	\$765,000.00
		Development (CPD)	(CDBG) (Entitlement)	

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount:

\$765,000.00

SKBA-Sidewalks

Seattle, WA

900000010403512

**Estimated Total Project Cost [24 CFR 58.2 (a)** \$1,000,000.00 (5)]:

#### Mitigation Measures and Conditions [CFR 1505.2(c)]:

Summarized below are all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measure or Condition	
Wetlands Protection	Please see attached documentation for 8Step	
	Process and SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Final.pdf.	
	The wetland is immediately adjacent to the project	
	area, but the project, as designed and permitted	
	should not affect the wetland. The measures below	
	were already part of design.	
Contamination and Toxic Substances	Currently, there is an ECHO report on stormwater	
	drainage that is due to EPA. The small, non-profit	
	agency has not had the capacity to supply this	
	information. With the CDBG funding for the	
	sidewalk, they will follow up on stormwater reports	
	and nullify the violation found in the ECHO report.	
Permits, reviews, and approvals	King County Master Permit B04C0114 A traffic	
	control and Temporary Erosion and Soil Control	
	Permit shall be issued prior to construction and will	
	be uploaded here.	

#### **Project Mitigation Plan**

Prior to completion of the project, the Project Owner shall clear the ECHO violation noted in the Contamination and Toxics Section of the Laws and Authorities. The violation itself is one of reporting and therefore needs data updating. King County will work with the Project Owner to ensure this permit is updated and acceptable and will upload documentation thereof to this Environmental Review Record. The Unanticipated Discovery Plan uploaded into the Historic Preservation Section of the Laws and Authorities shall be made part of bidding and construction documents. The plan set as described in Wetlands shall be followed. Any deviation thereof will require re-evaluation of this Environmental Review Record and inclusion of mitigation measures that may need to be followed should a deviation be unavoidable. Resolution of deviation to show concordance with local, State, and Federal permitting laws and authorities shall also be uploaded by King County as Responsible Entity. The Project Owner, its consultants, the General Construction Contractor, and King County shall collaborate to correct and mitigate any such possibility in a timely manner.

#### **Determination:**

Х	Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.13] The project will
	not result in a significant impact on the quality of human environment

07/22/2025 21:02 Page 2 of 3

SKBA-Sidewalks

Seattle, WA

900000010403512

Name/Title: Kristin Pula / Chief of Capital Programs

This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environment Review Record (ERR) for the activity / project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).

07/22/2025 21:02 Page 3 of 3

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 451 Seventh Street, SW Washington, DC 20410 www.hud.gov

espanol.hud.gov

# Environmental Assessment Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

#### **Project Information**

**Project Name:** SKBA-Sidewalks

**HEROS Number:** 900000010403512

**Start Date:** 06/06/2024

Responsible Entity (RE): KING COUNTY, 401 Fifth Avenue SEATTLE WA,

98104

**RE Preparer:** David Mecklenburg

**State / Local Identifier:** 

**Certifying Officer:** Kristin Pula

**Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Entity):** 

**Point of Contact:** 

**Consultant (if applicable)** 

:

#### **Point of Contact:**

40 CFR 1506.5(b)(4): The lead agency or, where appropriate, a cooperating agency shall prepare a disclosure statement for the contractor's execution specifying that the contractor has no financial or other interest in the outcome of the action. Such statement need not include privileged or confidential trade secrets or other confidential business information.

By checking this box, I attest that as a preparer, I have no financial or other interest in the outcome of the undertaking assessed in this environmental review.

**Project Location:** 824 S 100th St, Seattle, WA 98168

#### **Additional Location Information:**

The Project site is located in the Right of Way (ROW) at the cross-streets of 8th Avenue South and 824 South 100th Street in Glendale, part of Unincorporated King County. The mailing/street address lists City of Seattle, but it is not formally in the City Limits. The area around the site is primarily residential with a light industrial, commercial area to the North. There is a steep slope down South 100th Street toward 8th Ave, which continues down to the end of the project parcel.

#### **Direct Comments to:**

#### **Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]:**

The project is a final permitting requirement for final completion of the overall SKBA Temple/Community Center Master Plan Project. However, this project is coming in at the end and is in the Right of Way (ROW) and will serve as a pedestrian conduit for the surrounding (Census Qualified) Block Groups. The project is for 834 linear feet of sidewalk (6 feet wide) over a previously paved shoulder. The sidewalks will be on the north-east corner of the intersection of 8th Ave South and 100th Street South in the Glendale/Boulevard park area of Unincorporated King County. (See Project location below). Maximum depth of excavation will be 2 feet. King County Department of Local Services has already permitted this project under B04C0114 (see attached plan set). There is an existing stormwater system that will conduct stormwater and there are no changes to it.

#### Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

The project will be installing 834 linear feet of sidewalk over an existing paved shoulder in the King County right of way. The Project Owner, Sahak Khemararam Buddhist Association is a small volunteer-run non-profit operating in the Glendale/Boulevard Park area of Unincorporated King County. This sidewalk is required as part of their overall masterplan for the project, although the sidewalk is located in a Low Moderate Income Census Block group and the sidewalk will be beneficial to all of the block group's residents who currently have to use a paved shoulder. If the project is not completed, the Association will not receive occupancy for their master project. King County code requires a full sidewalk fronting the property/parcel.

#### Existing Conditions and Trends [24 CFR 58.40(a)]:

The area is mostly residential, located on a steep slope. The current paved shoulder is not compliant as a sidewalk and will most likely deteriorate. A fully code compliant

sidewalk will allow pedestrian residents and visitors to the Association to safely access it and other locations in the immediate area.

#### Maps, photographs, and other documentation of project location and description:

7483-CAM-02-14-25.pdf

DSC 0035.JPG

DSC 0030.JPG

DSC 0027.JPG

DSC 0022.JPG

DSC\_0022.JT C

DSC\_0017.JPG DSC\_0013.JPG

DSC\_0015.31 C

DSC\_0007.JPG

SKBA-Sidewalks-IMAP-Aerial-12-18-2024.jpg

SKBA-Sidewalks-GoogleEarth.jpg

#### **Determination:**

Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.13] The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of human environment
Finding of Significant Impact

#### **Approval Documents:**

7015.15 certified by Certifying Officer on:

7015.16 certified by Authorizing Officer on:

#### **Funding Information**

Grant / Project Identification Number	HUD Program	Program Name	Funding Amount
B-24-UC-530001	Community Planning and Development (CPD)	Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) (Entitlement)	\$765,000.00

**Estimated Total HUD Funded,** \$765,000.00 **Assisted or Insured Amount:** 

**Estimated Total Project Cost [24 CFR 58.2 (a)** \$1,000,000.00 **(5)]:** 

#### Compliance with 24 CFR §50.4, §58.5 and §58.6 Laws and Authorities

Compliance Factors:	Are formal	Compliance determination
Statutes, Executive Orders, and		(See Appendix A for source
Regulations listed at 24 CFR §50.4,	compliance steps	determinations)
§58.5, and §58.6	or mitigation	,
	required?	
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	ERS, AND REGULATI	ONS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.6
Airport Hazards	☐ Yes ☑ No	The Project site is: 1.64 miles to Boeing
Clear Zones and Accident Potential		Field, 4.89 miles to SeaTac Airport, and
Zones; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D		38.07 Miles to McChord AFB. Therefore,
		the project site is not within 15,000 feet
		of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a
		civilian airport. The project is in
		compliance with Airport Hazards
		requirements.
Coastal Barrier Resources Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project is located in a state that
Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as		does not contain CBRS units. Therefore,
amended by the Coastal Barrier		this project is in compliance with the
Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC		Coastal Barrier Resources Act.
3501]		
Flood Insurance	☐ Yes ☑ No	The structure or insurable property is
Flood Disaster Protection Act of		not located in a FEMA-designated
1973 and National Flood Insurance		Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood
Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-		insurance may not be mandatory in this
4128 and 42 USC 5154a]		instance, HUD recommends that all
-		insurable structures maintain flood
		insurance under the National Flood
		Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is
		in compliance with flood insurance
		requirements.
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE ORD	ERS, AND REGULATI	ONS LISTED AT 24 CFR §50.4 & § 58.5
Air Quality	☐ Yes ☑ No	The project's county or air quality
Clean Air Act, as amended,	_	management district is in attainment
particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40		status for all criteria pollutants. The
CFR Parts 6, 51, 93		project is in compliance with the Clean
		Air Act.
Coastal Zone Management Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	Per HUD Region X Guidance (see
Coastal Zone Management Act,		attachment, highlights) on Page 3. The
sections 307(c) & (d)		project is in compliance with the Coastal
		Zone Management Act.
Contamination and Toxic	☑ Yes □ No	Site contamination was evaluated as
Substances		follows: None of the above. On-site or
24 CFR 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)]		nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive

		substances were found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property. The project is exempt from radon consideration. The adverse environmental impacts can be mitigated. With mitigation, identified in the mitigation section of this review, the project will be in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.
Endangered Species Act Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402	□ Yes ☑ No	This project will have No Effect on listed species based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office. (HUD NMFS Programmatic and US FWS Washington Guidace and iPAC report) This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.
Explosive and Flammable Hazards Above-Ground Tanks)[24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	□ Yes ☑ No	Based on the project description the project is a sidewalk project that includes no activities that would require further evaluation under this section.  The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.
Farmlands Protection Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	☐ Yes ☑ No	Farmland subject to FPPA requirements does not have to be currently used for cropland. USDA/NRCS regulations contained at 7 CFR Part 658.2 define "committed to urban development" as land with a density of 30 structures per 40-acre area; lands identified as "urbanized area" (UA) on the Census Bureau Map which is the dataset for the NEPA Assist map included as attachment. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.
Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project does not occur in the FFRMS floodplain. The Project is in Zone X per the FIRM and FIRMette

	1			
		(Attached). The project is in compliance		
		with Executive Orders 11988 and 13690.		
Historic Preservation	☐ Yes ☑ No	Based on Section 106 consultation there		
National Historic Preservation Act of		are No Historic Properties Affected		
1966, particularly sections 106 and		because there are no historic properties		
110; 36 CFR Part 800		present. The State has concurred as		
		have the Tribes who responded. The		
		rest allowed the response period to		
		elapse. The project is in compliance with		
		Section 106.		
Noise Abatement and Control	☐ Yes ☑ No	Based on the project description, this		
Noise Control Act of 1972, as		project includes no activities that would		
amended by the Quiet Communities		require further evaluation under HUD's		
Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart		noise regulation. The project is in		
В		compliance with HUD's Noise		
		regulation.		
Sole Source Aquifers	☐ Yes ☑ No	The project is not located on a sole		
Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as		source aquifer area, nor the watershed		
amended, particularly section		of one. The project is in compliance with		
1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149		Sole Source Aquifer requirements.		
Wetlands Protection	☑ Yes □ No	The project results will impact on- or		
Executive Order 11990, particularly		off-site wetlands. An 8 Step Process has		
sections 2 and 5		been completed. With mitigation,		
		identified in the mitigation section of		
		this review, the project will be in		
		compliance with Executive Order 11990.		
		For specific information on process: see		
		SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-8-StepProcess		
		Notice documents include affidavits,		
		Notices, and correspondence SKBA-		
		Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Final.pdf		
		contains evaluation, letters, plan sets,		
		and other important information that		
		supports the County's determination.		
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	☐ Yes ☑ No	This project is not within proximity of a		
Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968,		NWSRS river. The closest such river is		
particularly section 7(b) and (c)		the Middle Fork of the Snoqualmie		
		which is over 49 miles to the east and in		
		a different watershed. The project is in		
		compliance with the Wild and Scenic		
		Rivers Act.		
HUD HOUSING ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS				
	ENVIRONMENTA	L JUSTICE		
Environmental Justice	☐ Yes ☑ No	No adverse environmental impacts were		
Executive Order 12898		identified in the project's total		

environmental review. There will be
mitigation for Contamination and Toxic
Substances which consists of meeting
delinquent reporting requirements and
not physical mitigation. The Wetland 8-
Step Process has been followed and
following the plan will not affect the
Wetland adjacent to the project.
Therefore, these impacts do not affect
the Environmental Justice of the project
when completed. The project is in
compliance with Executive Order 12898.

#### Environmental Assessment Factors [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 &1508.27]

**Impact Codes**: An impact code from the following list has been used to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact May require mitigation
- **(4)** Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement.

Environmental Impact		Impact Evaluation	Mitigation			
<b>Assessment Factor</b>	Code	_	_			
	LAND DEVELOPMENT					
Conformance with Plans	2	The project is creating a sidewalk over				
/ Compatible Land Use		a current shoulder. It has been				
and Zoning / Scale and		permitted by King County Department				
Urban Design		of Local Services.				
Soil Suitability / Slope/	2	The project has already been permitted				
Erosion / Drainage and		for this land development factor by				
Storm Water Runoff		King County Department of Local				
		Services. The Project Summary screen				
		has the authorized plan sets.				
Hazards and Nuisances	2	There will be no additional noise				
including Site Safety and		generated by completion of the project				
Site-Generated Noise		and it is infrastructure and not				
		residential housing.				
	SOCIOECONOMIC					
Employment and	2	The sidewalk will have no impact on				
Income Patterns		this factor.				
Demographic Character	1	There will be no changes to				
Changes / Displacement		demographics.				

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation		
Environmental Justice	1	The sidewalk provides a safer			
EA Factor	_	alternative than the current,			
LATACIO		deteriorating shoulder. This should			
		actually improve pedestrian access for			
		the primarily Low-Moderate Income			
		Census Block Group.			
COM	<u> </u>  MUNITY	FACILITIES AND SERVICES			
Educational and Cultural	1	While there is no adjacent educational			
Facilities (Access and	_	facility, the community center will be			
Capacity)		more accessible once the sidewalk is			
, ,,		finished. Completion of the sidewalk is			
		a requirement for Certificate of			
		Occupancy for the community center			
		and temple.			
Commercial Facilities	2	There are no immediate commercial			
(Access and Proximity)		facilities that will benefit or be			
,,		denigrated because of the sidewalk.			
Health Care / Social	2	Not applicable for this project.			
Services (Access and					
Capacity)					
Solid Waste Disposal	2	Not applicable for this project.			
and Recycling (Feasibility					
and Capacity)					
Waste Water and	2	Not applicable for this project.			
Sanitary Sewers					
(Feasibility and Capacity)					
Water Supply (Feasibility	2	Not applicable for this project.			
and Capacity)					
Public Safety - Police,	1	Sidewalks provide a safer pedestrian			
Fire and Emergency		experience than the shoulder.			
Medical					
Parks, Open Space and	2	Not applicable for this project.			
Recreation (Access and					
Capacity)					
Transportation and	1	The sidewalk will increase accessibility			
Accessibility (Access and		with ADA compliant curb cuts and			
Capacity)		design.			
NATURAL FEATURES					
Unique Natural Features	2	Per the Biologist's letter (found in the			
/Water Resources		Wetland Protection section of Laws			
		and Authorities) there will be no			
		impact on Unique Natural Features or			
		Water Resources			

Environmental	Impact	Impact Evaluation	Mitigation		
<b>Assessment Factor</b>	Code				
Vegetation / Wildlife	2	The shoulder is already devoid of			
(Introduction,		vegetation. Landscaping around the			
Modification, Removal,		sidewalk will include native vegetation.			
Disruption, etc.)					
Other Factors 1	2	Not applicable for this project.			
Other Factors 2	2	Not applicable for this project.			
	CLIMATE AND ENERGY				
Climate Change	2	The sidewalk will likely not increase or			
		decrease conditions that increase			
		climate change.			
Energy Efficiency 2		The sidewalk will likely not increase or			
		decrease conditions that increase			
		energy efficiency.			

#### Supporting documentation

#### **Additional Studies Performed:**

The survey and mapping can be found in the Wetland Protection Section of the Laws and Authorities.

**Field Inspection [Optional]:** Date and completed by:

7483-CAM-02-14-25.pdf

DSC 0035.JPG

DSC 0030.JPG

DSC 0027.JPG

DSC 0022.JPG

DSC 0017.JPG

DSC 0013.JPG

DSC 0007.JPG

SKBA-Sidewalks-IMAP-Aerial-12-18-2024.jpg

SKBA-Sidewalks-GoogleEarth.jpg

#### List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

King County Department of Local Services: Permitting: Ty Peterson: Product Line Manager Kim Barker: Engineer IV Chris Ricketts (retired) Engineer IV Scott Smith: Permitting Supervisor Remy Mathonnet, KC Ecologist Project Owner Retained Professionals John Altmann, Certified Biologist Carol Crane: Consultant Hal Hagenson: Engineer For list of Tribes and Washington State Department of

Archaeology and Historic Preservation Personnel, please see Historic Preservation Section of the Laws and Authorities.

#### **List of Permits Obtained:**

King County Master Permit B04C0114 A traffic control and Temporary Erosion and Soil Control Permit shall be issued prior to construction and will be uploaded here.

#### Public Outreach [24 CFR 58.43]:

Initial Public Outreach was conducted in 2004 when the project was first permitted and the County no longer has those records. The project itself was awarded 2024 CDBG funding at the September 2023 public meeting of the Joint Recommendations Committee: the designated recommending body for the King County CDBG Consortium. More recently, two notices as part of the 8-Step Process for Wetland Protection were posted in the Seattle Times and King County Website. For details and samples of the notices and supporting documentation, please see Wetland Protection Section of the Laws and Authorities. The full FONSI notice shall be published on the King County Website at https://kingcounty.gov/en/dept/dchs/human-social-services/housing-homeless-services/funding-opportunities/environmental-review for required 15 day public comment.

#### **Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]:**

The sidewalk will replace a currently deteriorating paved shoulder and is part of King County code requirements for the development of the adjacent parcel. There is already a fully permitted storm system that the sidewalk was designed for so there will be no immediate or cumulative impact that would not occur if the shoulder was left as it currently exists.

#### Alternatives [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9]

Alternatives considered were shortening the sidewalk. For No Action, see below. Neither of these options were allowable without significant administrative problems regarding expended CDBG funding and ultimately the master plan of the Project Owner being rejected and potentially never completed.

#### No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]

No action would leave an unsafe shoulder for pedestrian use. The County would need to pay back CDBG funding that was awarded to this eligible project. The community center and temple of the project owner would not be allowed to open. For a full consideration, please see Wetland Protection Section of the Laws and Authorities.

#### **Summary of Findings and Conclusions:**

There are some components of mitigation which will be discussed in the Mitigation Section of this review, namely, adhering to project plans and rectifying missing report information on the stormwater permit issued to the project owner. Aside from these factors, this project will not have a significant impact on the environment and the improvement of pedestrian facilities will improve the LMI-eligible census tract it is located in. Should any changes need to be undertaken that would adversely change this determination, the County, as Responsible Entity, will reopen the Review and carry out necessary procedures as required by Local, State, and Federal permitting authorities.

#### Mitigation Measures and Conditions [CFR 1505.2(c)]:

Summarized below are all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

Law,	Mitigation Measure or	Comments	Mitigation	Complete
Authority, or	Condition	on	Plan	
Factor		Completed		
		Measures		
Wetlands	Please see attached	N/A	See below	
Protection	documentation for 8Step			
	Process and SKBA-Sidewalk-			
	Wetland-Info-Final.pdf. The			
	wetland is immediately adjacent			
	to the project area, but the			
	project, as designed and			
	permitted should not affect the			
	wetland. The measures below			
	were already part of design.			
Contamination	Currently, there is an ECHO	N/A	See below	
and Toxic	report on stormwater drainage			
Substances	that is due to EPA. The small,			
	non-profit agency has not had			
	the capacity to supply this			
	information. With the CDBG			
	funding for the sidewalk, they			
	will follow up on stormwater			
	reports and nullify the violation			
	found in the ECHO report.			

#### **Project Mitigation Plan**

Prior to completion of the project, the Project Owner shall clear the ECHO violation noted in the Contamination and Toxics Section of the Laws and Authorities. The violation itself is one of reporting and therefore needs data updating. King County will work with the Project Owner to ensure this permit is updated and acceptable and will upload documentation thereof to this Environmental Review Record. The Unanticipated Discovery Plan uploaded into the Historic Preservation Section of the Laws and Authorities shall be made part of bidding and construction documents. The plan set as described in Wetlands shall be followed. Any deviation thereof will require re-evaluation of this Environmental Review Record and inclusion of mitigation measures that may need to be followed should a deviation be unavoidable. Resolution of deviation to show concordance with local, State, and Federal permitting laws and authorities shall also be uploaded by King County as Responsible Entity. The Project Owner, its consultants, the General Construction Contractor, and King County shall collaborate to correct and mitigate any such possibility in a timely manner.

Supporting documentation on completed measures

#### **APPENDIX A: Related Federal Laws and Authorities**

#### **Airport Hazards**

General policy	Legislation	Regulation
It is HUD's policy to apply standards to		24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D
prevent incompatible development		
around civil airports and military		
airfields.		

1. To ensure compatible land use development, you must determine your site's proximity to civil and military airports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport?

√ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload the map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport below

Yes

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

The Project site is: 1.64 miles to Boeing Field, 4.89 miles to SeaTac Airport, and 38.07 Miles to McChord AFB. Therefore, the project site is not within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport. The project is in compliance with Airport Hazards requirements.

#### **Supporting documentation**

<u>Airport-Distance-BoeingField.jpg</u> <u>SeaTac-Airport-Distance.jpg</u> <u>McChord-Distance-SKBA.jpg</u>

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

#### **Coastal Barrier Resources**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD financial assistance may not be	Coastal Barrier Resources Act	
used for most activities in units of the	(CBRA) of 1982, as amended by	
Coastal Barrier Resources System	the Coastal Barrier Improvement	
(CBRS). See 16 USC 3504 for limitations	Act of 1990 (16 USC 3501)	
on federal expenditures affecting the		
CBRS.		

This project is located in a state that does not contain CBRA units. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.

#### **Compliance Determination**

This project is located in a state that does not contain CBRS units. Therefore, this project is in compliance with the Coastal Barrier Resources Act.

#### **Supporting documentation**

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

#### **Flood Insurance**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Certain types of federal financial assistance may not	Flood Disaster	24 CFR 50.4(b)(1)
be used in floodplains unless the community	Protection Act of	and 24 CFR
participates in National Flood Insurance Program	1973 as amended (42	58.6(a) and (b); 24
and flood insurance is both obtained and	USC 4001-4128)	CFR 55.1(b).
maintained.		

1. Does this project involve <u>financial assistance for construction</u>, <u>rehabilitation</u>, <u>or acquisition of a mobile home</u>, <u>building</u>, <u>or insurable personal property</u>?

No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance.

✓ Yes

2. Upload a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site here:

SKBA-FIRMette-10-1-24.pdf FIRM-53033C0640G.pdf

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The FEMA Map Service Center provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). For projects in areas not mapped by FEMA, use the best available information to determine floodplain information. Include documentation, including a discussion of why this is the best available information for the site. Provide FEMA/FIRM floodplain zone designation, panel number, and date within your documentation.

Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this

Yes

section.

4. While flood insurance is not mandatory for this project, HUD strongly recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National

### Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). Will flood insurance be required as a mitigation measure or condition?

Yes

✓ No

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

The structure or insurable property is not located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area. While flood insurance may not be mandatory in this instance, HUD recommends that all insurable structures maintain flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The project is in compliance with flood insurance requirements.

#### **Supporting documentation**

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

#### **Air Quality**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Clean Air Act is	Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et	40 CFR Parts 6, 51
administered by the U.S.	seq.) as amended particularly	and 93
Environmental Protection	Section 176(c) and (d) (42 USC	
Agency (EPA), which sets	7506(c) and (d))	
national standards on ambient		
pollutants. In addition, the		
Clean Air Act is administered by		
States, which must develop		
State Implementation Plans		
(SIPs) to regulate their state air		
quality. Projects funded by HUD		
must demonstrate that they		
conform to the appropriate SIP.		

1.	Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the
develop	oment of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?

✓	Yes

No

#### Air Quality Attainment Status of Project's County or Air Quality Management District

- 2. Is your project's air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?
  - ✓ No, project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants.

Yes, project's management district or county is in non-attainment or maintenance status for the following criteria pollutants (check all that apply):

#### Screen Summary

#### **Compliance Determination**

The project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.

#### **Supporting documentation**

SKBA-AirQuality-Attainment-Maint.jpg

#### Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

**Coastal Zone Management Act** 

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Federal assistance to	Coastal Zone Management	15 CFR Part 930
applicant agencies for	Act (16 USC 1451-1464),	
activities affecting any	particularly section 307(c)	
coastal use or resource is	and (d) (16 USC 1456(c)	
granted only when such	and (d))	
activities are consistent with		
federally approved State		
Coastal Zone Management		
Act Plans.		

1.	Is the project located in, or does it affect, a Coastal Zone as defined in your state
Coastal	Management Plan?

✓ Yes

No

2. Does this project include new construction, conversion, major rehabilitation, or substantial improvement activities?

Yes

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Per HUD Region X Guidance (see attachment, highlights) on Page 3. The project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act.

#### **Supporting documentation**

Region X Guidance 2025-cz.pdf

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

#### **Contamination and Toxic Substances**

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulations
It is HUD policy that all properties that are being		24 CFR
proposed for use in HUD programs be free of		58.5(i)(2)
hazardous materials, contamination, toxic		24 CFR 50.3(i)
chemicals and gases, and radioactive substances,		
where a hazard could affect the health and safety of		
the occupants or conflict with the intended		
utilization of the property.		
Reference		
https://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/site-contamination		

1. How was site contamination evaluated?\* Select all that apply.

**ASTM Phase I ESA** 

**ASTM Phase II ESA** 

Remediation or clean-up plan

ASTM Vapor Encroachment Screening.

✓ None of the above

For acquisition and new construction of multifamily and nonresidential properties HUD strongly advises the review include an ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) to meet real estate transaction standards of due diligence and to help ensure compliance with HUD's toxic policy at 24 CFR §58.5(i) and 24 CFR §50.3(i). Also note that some HUD programs require an ASTM Phase I ESA.

2. Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances\* (excluding radon) found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property? (Were any recognized environmental conditions or RECs identified in a Phase I ESA and confirmed in a Phase II ESA?)

Provide a map or other documentation of absence or presence of contamination\*\* and explain evaluation of site contamination in the Screen Summary at the bottom of this screen.

<sup>\*</sup> HUD regulations at 24 CFR § 58.5(i)(2)(ii) require that the environmental review for multifamily housing with five or more dwelling units or non-residential property include the evaluation of previous uses of the site or other evidence of contamination on or near the site.

No

Explain:

✓ Yes

- \* This question covers the presence of radioactive substances excluding radon. Radon is addressed in the Radon Exempt Question.
- \*\* Utilize EPA's Enviromapper, NEPAssist, or state/tribal databases to identify nearby dumps, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, and industrial sites, including EPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. Additional supporting documentation may include other inspections and reports.
- 3. Evaluate the building(s) for radon. Do all buildings meet any of the exemptions\* from having to consider radon in the contamination analysis listed in CPD Notice CPD-23-103?

✓ Yes

Explain:

There is no building. It is a sidewalk.

No

- \* Notes:
- Buildings with no enclosed areas having ground contact.
- Buildings containing crawlspaces, utility tunnels, or parking garages would not be exempt, however buildings built on piers would be exempt, provided that there is open air between the lowest floor of the building and the ground.
- Buildings that are not residential and will not be occupied for more than 4 hours per day.
- Buildings with existing radon mitigation systems document radon levels are below 4 pCi/L with test results dated within two years of submitting the application for HUD assistance and document the system includes an ongoing maintenance plan that includes periodic testing to ensure the system continues to meet the current EPA recommended levels. If the project does not require an application, document test results dated within two years of the date the environmental review is certified. Refer to program office guidance to ensure compliance with program requirements.
- Buildings tested within five years of the submission of application for HUD assistance: test results document indoor radon levels are below current the EPA's recommended action levels of 4.0 pCi/L. For buildings with test data older than five years,

any new environmental review must include a consideration of radon using one of the methods in Section A below.

#### 8. Mitigation

Document the mitigation needed according to the requirements of the appropriate federal, state, tribal, or local oversight agency. If the adverse environmental impacts cannot be mitigated, then HUD assistance may not be used for the project at this site.

For instances where radon mitigation is required (i.e. where test results demonstrated radon levels at 4.0 pCi/L and above), then you must include a radon mitigation plan\*.

#### Can all adverse environmental impacts be mitigated?

No, all adverse environmental impacts cannot feasibly be mitigated. Project cannot proceed at this location.

✓ Yes, all adverse environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation, and/or consideration of radon and radon mitigation, if needed, will occur following construction. Provide all mitigation requirements\*\* and documents in the Screen Summary at the bottom of this screen.

- \* Refer to CPD Notice <u>CPD-23-103</u> for additional information on radon mitigation plans.
- \*\* Mitigation requirements include all clean-up requirements required by applicable federal, state, tribal, or local law. Additionally, please upload, as applicable, the long-term operations and maintenance plan, Remedial Action Work Plan, and other equivalent documents.
- 9. Describe how compliance was achieved. Include any of the following that apply: State Voluntary Clean-up Program, a No Further Action letter, use of engineering controls\*, or use of institutional controls\*\*.

Currently, there is an ECHO report on stormwater drainage that is due to EPA. The small, non-profit agency has not had the capacity to supply this information. With the CDBG funding for the sidewalk, they will follow up on stormwater reports and nullify the violation found in the ECHO report.

If a remediation plan or clean-up program was necessary, which standard does it

follow?

Complete removal

✓ Risk-based corrective action (RBCA)

Other

- \* Engineering controls are any physical mechanism used to contain or stabilize contamination or ensure the effectiveness of a remedial action. Engineering controls may include, caps, covers, dikes, trenches, leachate collection systems, radon mitigation systems, signs, fences, physical access controls, ground water monitoring systems and ground water containment systems including, slurry walls and ground water pumping systems.
- \*\* Institutional controls are mechanisms used to limit human activities at or near a contaminated site, or to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action over time, when contaminants remain at a site at levels above the applicable remediation standard which would allow for unrestricted use of the property. Institutional controls may include structure, land, and natural resource use restrictions, well restriction areas, classification exception areas, deed notices, and declarations of environmental restrictions.

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Site contamination was evaluated as follows: None of the above. On-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances were found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property. The project is exempt from radon consideration. The adverse environmental impacts can be mitigated. With mitigation, identified in the mitigation section of this review, the project will be in compliance with contamination and toxic substances requirements.

#### **Supporting documentation**

SKBA-Detailed Facility Report ECHO US EPA.pdf
SCS-Detailed Facility Report ECHO US EPA.pdf
SDS-RCRAInfo Facility Envirofacts US EPA.pdf
SCI-RCRAInfo Facility Envirofacts US EPA.pdf
SKBA-NEPAAssist-ToxicsScreen.jpg

#### Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

✓ Yes

No

#### **Endangered Species**

General requirements	ESA Legislation	Regulations
Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA)	The Endangered	50 CFR Part
mandates that federal agencies ensure that	Species Act of 1973	402
actions that they authorize, fund, or carry out	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et	
shall not jeopardize the continued existence	seq.); particularly	
of federally listed plants and animals or result	section 7 (16 USC	
in the adverse modification or destruction of	1536).	
designated critical habitat. Where their		
actions may affect resources protected by the		
ESA, agencies must consult with the Fish and		
Wildlife Service and/or the National Marine		
Fisheries Service ("FWS" and "NMFS" or "the		
Services").		

### 1. Does the project involve any activities that have the potential to affect specifies or habitats?

No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.

✓ No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office

#### Explain your determination:

The project is installing a sidewalk over previously paved impervious shoulder in the King County Right of Way with a fully permitted storm system already in place which will not be changed. There will be no increase to impervious surface and per Wetlands Screen, the project will not affect the adjacent wetland. (Please see Wetlands Screen in Laws and Authorities for information). The project will conform to Table A in both NMFS and US F&WS Washington State Programmatics.

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats.

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

This project will have No Effect on listed species based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office. (HUD NMFS Programmatic and US FWS Washington Guidace and iPAC report) This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.

#### **Supporting documentation**

SKBA-Species List Washington Fish And Wildlife Office.pdf FWS WA Endangered Species Act 2020 (2).pdf NMFS-HUD-consultation-guidance-E-10-1-24.pdf

#### Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

**Explosive and Flammable Hazards** 

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD-assisted projects must meet	N/A	24 CFR Part 51
Acceptable Separation Distance (ASD)		Subpart C
requirements to protect them from		
explosive and flammable hazards.		

1.	Is the proposed HUD-assisted project itself the development of a hazardous facility (a
facility	that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as
bulk fu	el storage facilities and refineries)?

✓	No
	Yes

2. Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?

✓	No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

Yes

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Based on the project description the project is a sidewalk project that includes no activities that would require further evaluation under this section. The project is in compliance with explosive and flammable hazard requirements.

#### **Supporting documentation**

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

#### **Farmlands Protection**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Farmland Protection	Farmland Protection	7 CFR Part 658
Policy Act (FPPA)	Policy Act of 1981 (7	
discourages federal	U.S.C. 4201 et seq.)	
activities that would		
convert farmland to		
nonagricultural purposes.		

1. Does your project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?

✓ Yes

No

- 2. Does your project meet one of the following exemptions?
  - Construction limited to on-farm structures needed for farm operations.
  - Construction limited to new minor secondary (accessory) structures such as a garage or storage shed
  - Project on land already in or committed to urban development or used for water storage. (7 CFR 658.2(a))
  - ✓ Yes

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload all documents used to make your determination below.

No

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Farmland subject to FPPA requirements does not have to be currently used for cropland. USDA/NRCS regulations contained at 7 CFR Part 658.2 define "committed to urban development" as land with a density of 30 structures per 40-acre area; lands identified as "urbanized area" (UA) on the Census Bureau Map which is the dataset for the NEPA Assist map included as attachment. The project is in compliance with the

Farmland Protection Policy Act. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.

#### **Supporting documentation**

#### Urbanized-Area-SKBA.jpg

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## Floodplain Management

General Requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11988,	Executive Order 11988	24 CFR 55
Floodplain Management,	* Executive Order 13690	
requires Federal activities to	* 42 USC 4001-4128	
avoid impacts to floodplains	* 42 USC 5154a	
and to avoid direct and	* only applies to screen	
indirect support of	2047 and not 2046	
floodplain development to		
the extent practicable.		

# 1. Does this project meet an exemption at 24 CFR 55.12 from compliance with HUD's floodplain management regulations in Part 55?

Yes

- (a) HUD-assisted activities described in 24 CFR 58.34 and 58.35(b).
- (b) HUD-assisted activities described in 24 CFR 50.19, except as otherwise indicated in § 50.19.
- (c) The approval of financial assistance for restoring and preserving the natural and beneficial functions and values of floodplains and wetlands, including through acquisition of such floodplain and wetland property, where a permanent covenant or comparable restriction is place on the property's continued use for flood control, wetland projection, open space, or park land, but only if:
- (1) The property is cleared of all existing buildings and walled structures; and
- (2) The property is cleared of related improvements except those which:
- (i) Are directly related to flood control, wetland protection, open space, or park land (including playgrounds and recreation areas);
- (ii) Do not modify existing wetland areas or involve fill, paving, or other ground disturbance beyond minimal trails or paths; and
- (iii) Are designed to be compatible with the beneficial floodplain or wetland function of the property.
- (d) An action involving a repossession, receivership, foreclosure, or similar acquisition of property to protect or enforce HUD's financial interests under previously approved loans, grants, mortgage insurance, or other HUD assistance.

- (e) Policy-level actions described at 24 CFR 50.16 that do not involve site-based decisions.
- (f) A minor amendment to a previously approved action with no additional adverse impact on or from a floodplain or wetland.
- (g) HUD's or the responsible entity's approval of a project site, an incidental portion of which is situated in the FFRMS floodplain (not including the floodway, LiMWA, or coastal high hazard area) but only if: (1) The proposed project site does not include any existing or proposed buildings or improvements that modify or occupy the FFRMS floodplain except de minimis improvements such as recreation areas and trails; and (2) the proposed project will not result in any new construction in or modifications of a wetland.
- (h) Issuance or use of Housing Vouchers, or other forms of rental subsidy where HUD, the awarding community, or the public housing agency that administers the contract awards rental subsidies that are not project-based (i.e., do not involve site-specific subsidies).
- (i) Special projects directed to the removal of material and architectural barriers that restrict the mobility of and accessibility to elderly and persons with disabilities.

es		

✓ No

2. Does the project include a Critical Action? Examples of Critical Actions include projects involving hospitals, fire and police stations, nursing homes, hazardous chemical storage, storage of valuable records, and utility plants.

Yes

Describe:

✓ No

3. Determine the extent of the FFRMS floodplain and provide mapping documentation in support of that determination

The extent of the FFRMS floodplain can be determined using a Climate Informed Science Approach (CISA), 0.2 percent flood approach (0.2 PFA), or freeboard value approach (FVA). For projects in areas without available CISA data or without FEMA Flood Insurance Rate

Maps (FIRMs), Flood Insurance Studies (FISs) or Advisory Base Flood Elevations (ABFEs), use the best available information<sup>1</sup> to determine flood elevation. Include documentation and an explanation of why this is the best available information<sup>2</sup> for the site. Note that newly constructed and substantially improved<sup>3</sup> structures must be elevated to the FFRMS floodplain regardless of the approach chosen to determine the floodplain.

Select one of the following three options:

CISA for non-critical actions. If using a local tool , data, or resources, ensure that the FFRMS elevation is higher than would have been determined using the 0.2 PFA or the FVA.

✓ 0.2-PFA. Where FEMA has defined the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that FEMA has designated as within the 0.2-percent-annual-chance floodplain.

FVA. If neither CISA nor 0.2-PFA is available, for non-critical actions, the FFRMS floodplain is the area that results from adding two feet to the base flood elevation as established by the effective FIRM or FIS or — if available — a FEMA-provided preliminary or pending FIRM or FIS or advisory base flood elevations, whether regulatory or informational in nature. However, an interim or preliminary FEMA map cannot be used if it is lower than the current FIRM or FIS.

5. Does your project occur in the FFRMS floodplain?

Yes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sources which merit investigation include the files and studies of other federal agencies, such as the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Soil Conservation Service and the U. S. Geological Survey. These agencies have prepared flood hazard studies for several thousand localities and, through their technical assistance programs, hydrologic studies, soil surveys, and other investigations have collected or developed other floodplain information for numerous sites and areas. States and communities are also sources of information on past flood 'experiences within their boundaries and are particularly knowledgeable about areas subject to high-risk flood hazards such as alluvial fans, high velocity flows, mudflows and mudslides, ice jams, subsidence and liquefaction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If you are using best available information, select the FVA option below and provide supporting documentation in the screen summary. Contact your <u>local environmental officer</u> with additional compliance questions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substantial improvement means any repair or improvement of a structure which costs at least 50 percent of the market value of the structure before repair or improvement or results in an increase of more than 20 percent of the number of dwelling units. The full definition can be found at 24 CFR 55.2(b)(12).

✓ No

## **Screen Summary**

## **Compliance Determination**

This project does not occur in the FFRMS floodplain. The Project is in Zone X per the FIRM and FIRMette (Attached). The project is in compliance with Executive Orders 11988 and 13690.

## **Supporting documentation**

<u>SKBA-FIRMette-10-1-24(1).pdf</u> <u>FIRM-53033C0640G(1).pdf</u>

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## **Historic Preservation**

General	Legislation	Regulation
requirements		
Regulations under	Section 106 of the	36 CFR 800 "Protection of Historic
Section 106 of the	National Historic	Properties"
National Historic	Preservation Act	https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/C
Preservation Act	(16 U.S.C. 470f)	FR-2012-title36-vol3/pdf/CFR-2012-
(NHPA) require a		title36-vol3-part800.pdf
consultative process		
to identify historic		
properties, assess		
project impacts on		
them, and avoid,		
minimize, or		
mitigate adverse		
effects		

#### Threshold

## Is Section 106 review required for your project?

No, because the project consists solely of activities listed as exempt in a Programmatic Agreement (PA). (See the PA Database to find applicable PAs.) No, because the project consists solely of activities included in a No Potential to Cause Effects memo or other determination [36 CFR 800.3(a)(1)].

✓ Yes, because the project includes activities with potential to cause effects (direct or indirect).

## Step 1 – Initiate Consultation

## Select all consulting parties below (check all that apply):

- ✓ State Historic Preservation Offer (SHPO) Completed
- ✓ Indian Tribes, including Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs) or Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs)
  - ✓ Duwamish Tribe Completed

✓	Muckleshoot Tribe	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Puyallup Tribe	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Snoqualmie Tribe	Completed
✓	Stillaguamish	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Suquamish Tribe	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Tulalip Tribe	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Warm Springs Tribes	Response Period Elapsed
✓	Yakama Nation	Response Period Elapsed

Other Consulting Parties

## Describe the process of selecting consulting parties and initiating consultation here:

Washington State DAHP is the State Historic Preservation Office and is a standard first contact for any ground disturbance project. The Tribes listed above were from TDAT and are regular partners in consultant on any KC CDBG funded project that disturbs soil.

Document and upload all correspondence, notices and notes (including comments and objections received below).

## Was the Section 106 Lender Delegation Memo used for Section 106 consultation?

Yes

No

#### Step 2 - Identify and Evaluate Historic Properties

1. Define the Area of Potential Effect (APE), either by entering the address(es) or uploading a map depicting the APE below:

The APE can be found on the "SKBA-SidewalksEZ PROJECT FORM - 106 fillable.pdf" attachment sent to the SHPO.

In the chart below, list historic properties identified and evaluated in the APE. Every historic property that may be affected by the project should be included in the chart.

Upload the documentation (survey forms, Register nominations, concurrence(s) and/or objection(s), notes, and photos) that justify your National Register Status determination below.

Address / Location	National Register	SHPO	Sensitive
/ District	Status	Concurrence	Information

A -						
ΑC	เตเ	TIC	าทล	ח וו	1OI	es:

2. Was a survey of historic buildings and/or archeological sites done as part of the project?

Yes

✓ No

Step 3 – Assess Effects of the Project on Historic Properties

Only properties that are listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places receive further consideration under Section 106. Assess the effect(s) of the project by applying the Criteria of Adverse Effect. (36 CFR 800.5)] Consider direct and indirect effects as applicable as per guidance on direct and indirect effects.

Choose one of the findings below - No Historic Properties Affected, No Adverse Effect, or Adverse Effect; and seek concurrence from consulting parties.

✓ No Historic Properties Affected

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload concurrence(s) or objection(s) below.

#### **Document reason for finding:**

✓ No historic properties present.

Historic properties present, but project will have no effect upon them.

No Adverse Effect

Adverse Effect

#### Screen Summary

#### **Compliance Determination**

Based on Section 106 consultation there are No Historic Properties Affected because there are no historic properties present. The State has concurred as have the Tribes who responded. The rest allowed the response period to elapse. The project is in compliance with Section 106.

## Supporting documentation

```
TDAT-SKBA-12-19-2024.pdf
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Yakama.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Warm Springs.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Tulalip1.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Suquamish.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Stillaguamish.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Snoqualmie.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Puyallup.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Muckleshoot.msg
SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Duwamish.msg
RE SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Snoqualmie.msg
FW SKBA-CDBG-Sidewalks Tribal Comment Request - Tulalip.msg
12 20 2024 2024-12-09043 Seattle Duwamish Tribe Comments.pdf
HistoricPreservationChecklistWashingtonState2023.doc
562420-0573-KC Property Detail.pdf
SKBA-SidewalksEZ PROJECT FORM - 106 fillable.pdf
SKBA-Unanticipated Discovery Plan.pdf
EZ-1 Form Submission SKBA Sidewalk Project.msg
2024-12-09043 NoHistoricPropertiesAffected.pdf
SKBA-EZ1-Sec106-Submission-Answer.pdf
```

### Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## **Noise Abatement and Control**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
HUD's noise regulations protect	Noise Control Act of 1972	Title 24 CFR 51
residential properties from		Subpart B
excessive noise exposure. HUD	General Services	
encourages mitigation as	Administration Federal	
appropriate.	Management Circular 75-2:	
	"Compatible Land Uses at	
	Federal Airfields"	

#### 1. What activities does your project involve? Check all that apply:

New construction for residential use

Rehabilitation of an existing residential property

A research demonstration project which does not result in new construction or reconstruction

An interstate land sales registration

Any timely emergency assistance under disaster assistance provision or appropriations which are provided to save lives, protect property, protect public health and safety, remove debris and wreckage, or assistance that has the effect of restoring facilities substantially as they existed prior to the disaster

✓ None of the above

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

Based on the project description, this project includes no activities that would require further evaluation under HUD's noise regulation. The project is in compliance with HUD's Noise regulation.

#### **Supporting documentation**

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## **Sole Source Aquifers**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Safe Drinking Water Act of	Safe Drinking Water	40 CFR Part 149
1974 protects drinking water	Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.	
systems which are the sole or	201, 300f et seq., and	
principal drinking water source	21 U.S.C. 349)	
for an area and which, if		
contaminated, would create a		
significant hazard to public		
health.		

1.	Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing
building	g(s)?

Yes

✓ No

## 2. Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)?

A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Document and upload documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project (or jurisdiction, if appropriate) in relation to the nearest SSA and its source area, below.

Yes

## **Screen Summary**

## **Compliance Determination**

The project is not located on a sole source aquifer area, nor the watershed of one. The project is in compliance with Sole Source Aquifer requirements.

# **Supporting documentation**

# SSA-Map-SKBA.jpg

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## Wetlands Protection

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Executive Order 11990 discourages direct or	Executive Order	24 CFR 55.20 can
indirect support of new construction	11990	be used for general
impacting wetlands wherever there is a		guidance regarding
practicable alternative. The Fish and Wildlife		the 8 Step Process.
Service's National Wetlands Inventory can be		
used as a primary screening tool, but		
observed or known wetlands not indicated on		
NWI maps must also be processed Off-site		
impacts that result in draining, impounding,		
or destroying wetlands must also be		
processed.		

1. Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building's footprint, or ground disturbance? The term "new construction" shall include draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and any structures or facilities begun or authorized after the effective date of the Order

No

✓ Yes

2. Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact an on- or off-site wetland? The term "wetlands" means those areas that are inundated by surface or ground water with a frequency sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances does or would support, a prevalence of vegetative or aquatic life that requires saturated or seasonally saturated soil conditions for growth and reproduction. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas such as sloughs, potholes, wet meadows, river overflows, mud flats, and natural ponds.

"Wetlands under E.O. 11990 include isolated and non-jurisdictional wetlands."

No, a wetland will not be impacted in terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

✓ Yes, there is a wetland that be impacted in terms of E.O. 11990's definition of new construction.

You must determine that there are no practicable alternatives to wetlands development by completing the 8-Step Process.

Document and upload the completed 8-Step Process as well as all documents

used to make your determination, including a map below. Be sure it includes the early public notice and the final notice with your documentation.

3. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation. This information will be automatically included in the Mitigation summary for the environmental review. If negative effects cannot be mitigated, cancel the project using the button at the bottom of this screen.

Please see attached documentation for 8Step Process and SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Final.pdf. The wetland is immediately adjacent to the project area, but the project, as designed and permitted should not affect the wetland. The measures below were already part of design.

Which of the following mitigation actions have been or will be taken? Select all that apply:

Permeable surfaces

✓ Natural landscape enhancements that maintain or restore natural hydrology through infilitraion

Native plant species

Bioswales

Evapotranspiration

Stormwater capture and reuse

Green or vegetative roofs with drainage provisions

Natural Resources Conservation Service conservation easements

Compensatory mitigation

Other

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

The project results will impact on- or off-site wetlands. An 8 Step Process has been completed. With mitigation, identified in the mitigation section of this review, the

project will be in compliance with Executive Order 11990. For specific information on process: see SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-8-StepProcess Notice documents include affidavits, Notices, and correspondence SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Final.pdf contains evaluation, letters, plan sets, and other important information that supports the County's determination.

## Supporting documentation

FIRM-53033C0640G(2).pdf

SKBA-FIRMette-6-16-25.pdf

SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Preliminary.pdf

CDBG-Wetland-SKBA-Notice-15Day-Prelim.pdf

SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-Info-Final.pdf

Wetland-SKBA-Notice-Final.pdf

SKBA-InitialWetland-Notice.pdf

SKBA-Sidewalk-Wetland-8-StepProcess.pdf

## Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

✓ Yes

No

## Wild and Scenic Rivers Act

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act	The Wild and Scenic Rivers	36 CFR Part 297
provides federal protection for	Act (16 U.S.C. 1271-1287),	
certain free-flowing, wild,	particularly section 7(b)	
scenic and recreational rivers	and (c) (16 U.S.C. 1278(b)	
designated as components or	and (c))	
potential components of the		
National Wild and Scenic Rivers		
System (NWSRS) from the		
effects of construction or		
development.		

## 1. Is your project within proximity of a NWSRS river?

✓ No

Yes, the project is in proximity of a Designated Wild and Scenic River or Study Wild and Scenic River.

Yes, the project is in proximity of a Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI) River.

#### **Screen Summary**

## **Compliance Determination**

This project is not within proximity of a NWSRS river. The closest such river is the Middle Fork of the Snoqualmie which is over 49 miles to the east and in a different watershed. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.

## **Supporting documentation**

## SKBA-WSR-2025.jpg

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

## **Environmental Justice**

General requirements	Legislation	Regulation
Determine if the project	Executive Order 12898	
creates adverse		
environmental impacts upon		
a low-income or minority		
community. If it does,		
engage the community in		
meaningful participation		
about mitigating the impacts		
or move the project.		

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

1. Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review portion of this project's total environmental review?

Yes

✓ No

Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section.

#### **Screen Summary**

#### **Compliance Determination**

No adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. There will be mitigation for Contamination and Toxic Substances which consists of meeting delinquent reporting requirements and not physical mitigation. The Wetland 8-Step Process has been followed and following the plan will not affect the Wetland adjacent to the project. Therefore, these impacts do not affect the Environmental Justice of the project when completed. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 12898.

#### Supporting documentation

Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?

Yes

√ No