

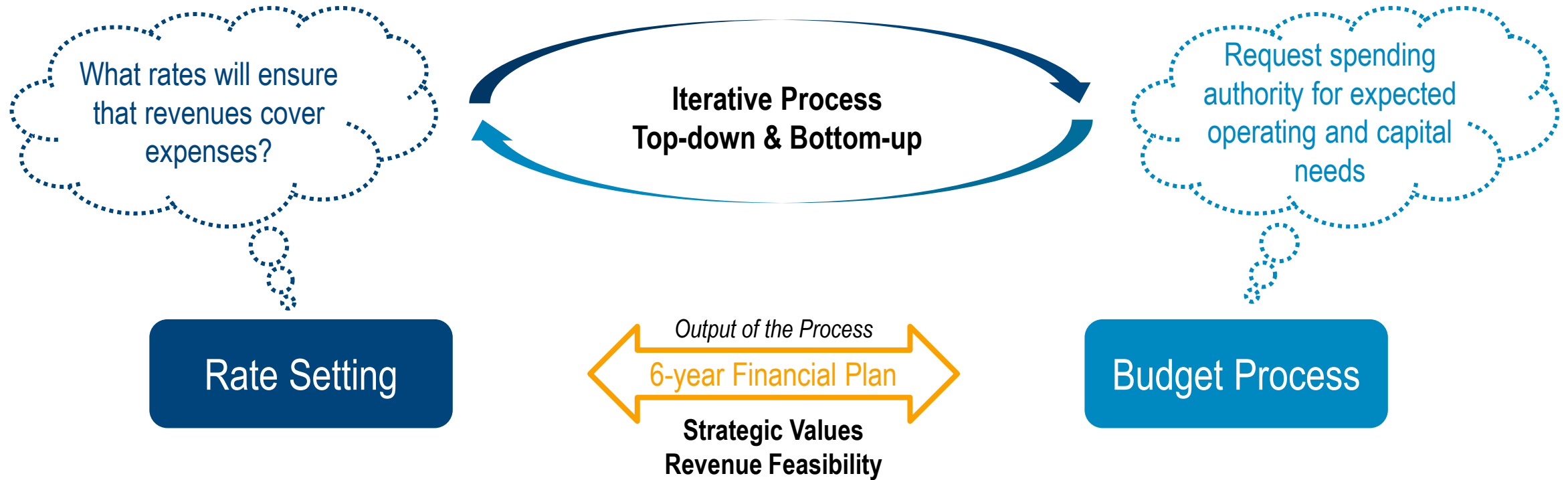


King County

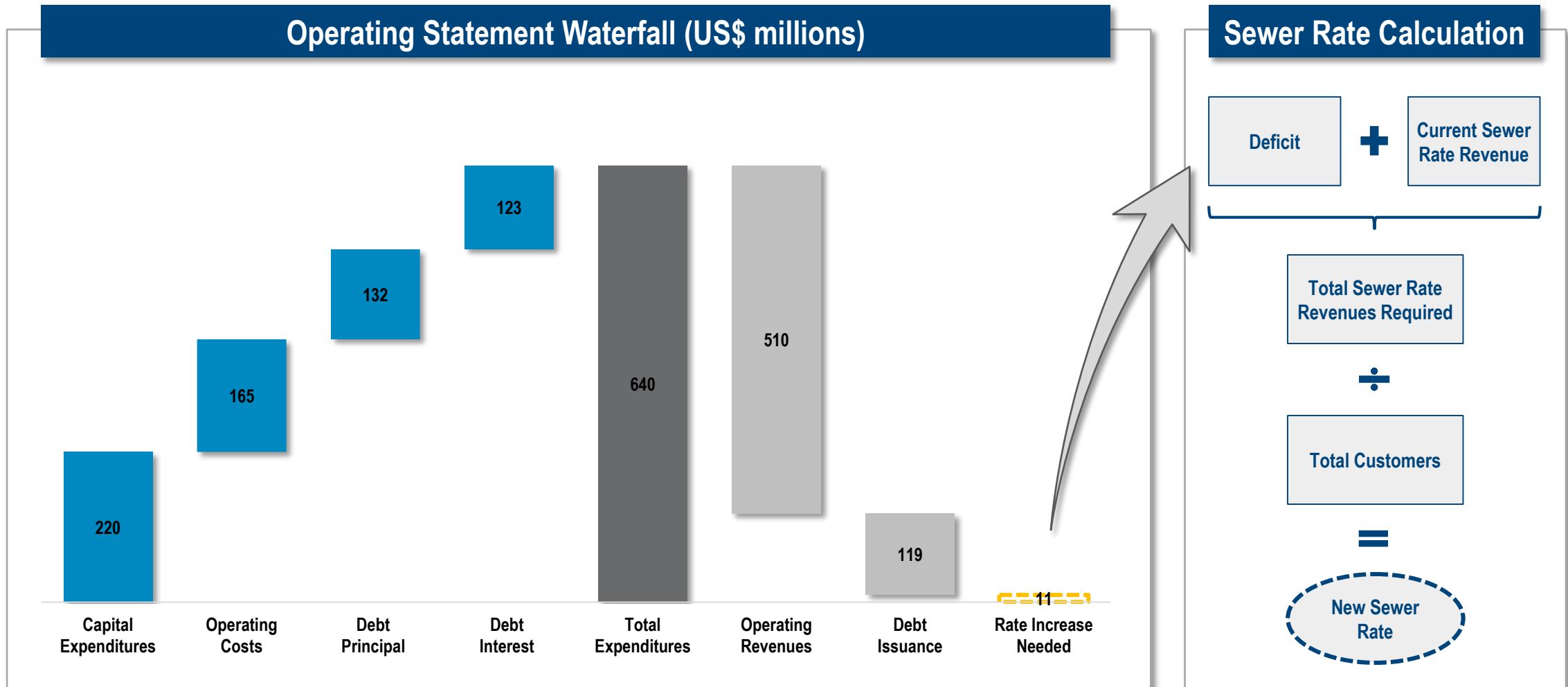
WTD Sewer Rate-Setting

Metropolitan Water Pollution Abatement Advisory Committee
Rates and Finance Subcommittee
December 5, 2019

Rate Setting: Relationship to Budget Process

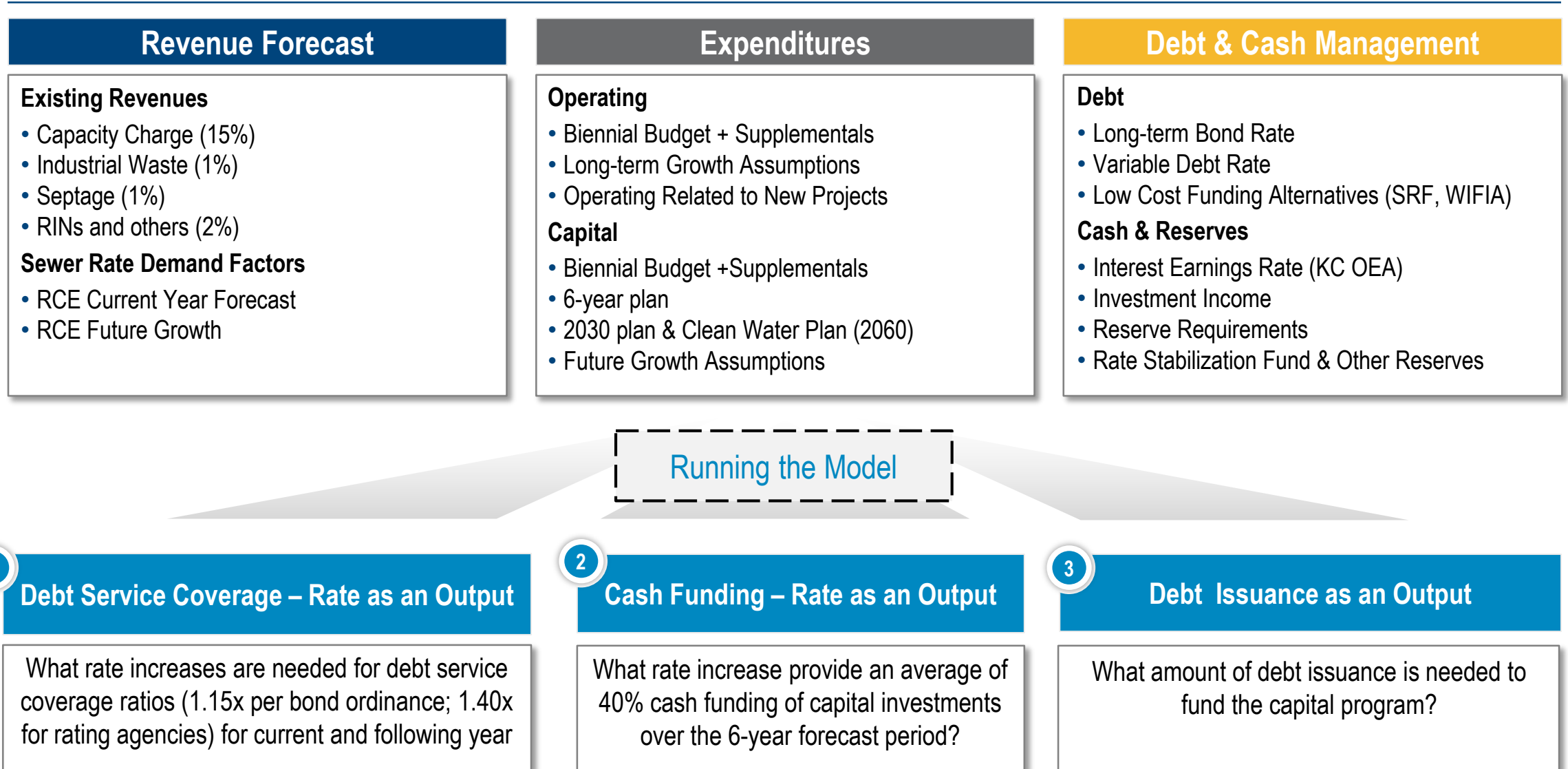


Sewer Rate Simplified



Sewer Rate Model

From Inputs to Outputs



Sewer Rate Process

Detailed Calendar of Events Based on Previous Years

Date	Task or Event
January 28th	RIN revenues and spending
January 30th	RCE growth rates
January 31th	Updated Rate Model (initial)
February 4th	Initial Financial Plan
February 4th	Issue Paper production begin
February 5th	Preliminary cash balances
February 7th	Initial MWPAAC R&F Briefing
February 8th	Final Decision on CIP Supplemental
February 12th	Update Project cash flows and Financial Plan with actuals
February 14th - 18th	Initial Briefing with WTD/DNRP
February 21th	Operating supplemental
February 25th	Final Draft Rate & Capacity Charge
February 25th	Year End Presentation Materials
February 28th	Final Briefing with DNRP
February 28th	Issue Paper: Draft
March 1st	Freeze the Financial Plan

Date	Task or Event
March 4th	Freeze the Financial Plan
March 4th	Briefing with Executive
March 5th	Issue Paper Finalized
March 7th	MWPAAC R&F
March 7th	Legislative package to WTD
March 14th	Legislative package to DNRP
March 21st	Updated materials for presentations
March 27th	MWPAAC R&F (Full MWPAAC)
March 28th	Legislative Package to Executive/OPSB
April 18th	Transmit to Council
April 24th	Full MWPAAC Presentation
April	Operating Budget on-going development
May 1st	RWQC Presentation
May 8th	BFM
May 22nd	BFM
June 3rd	Council action, earliest
June 10th	Council action, latest

Questions or discussion?



King County

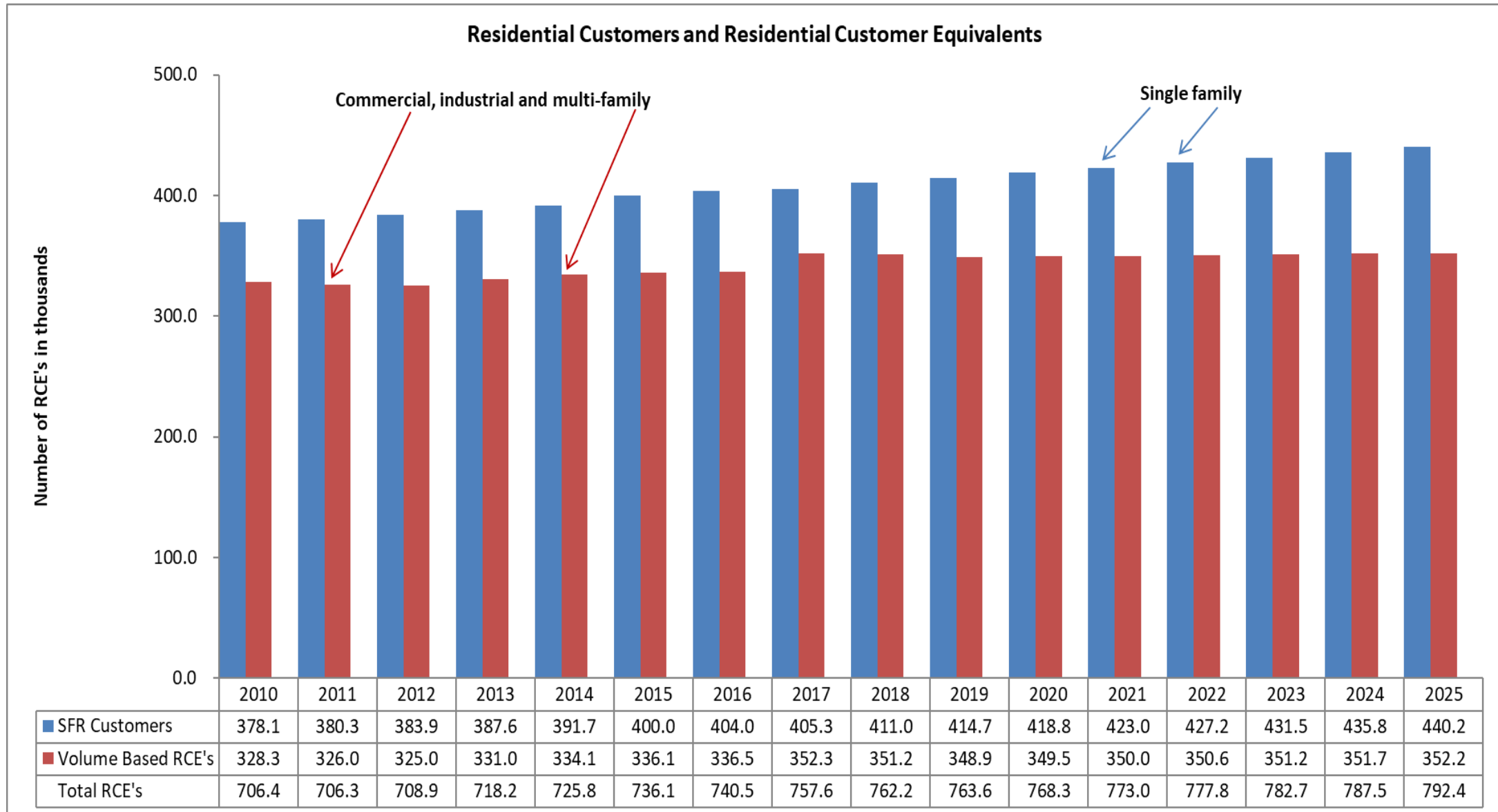


King County

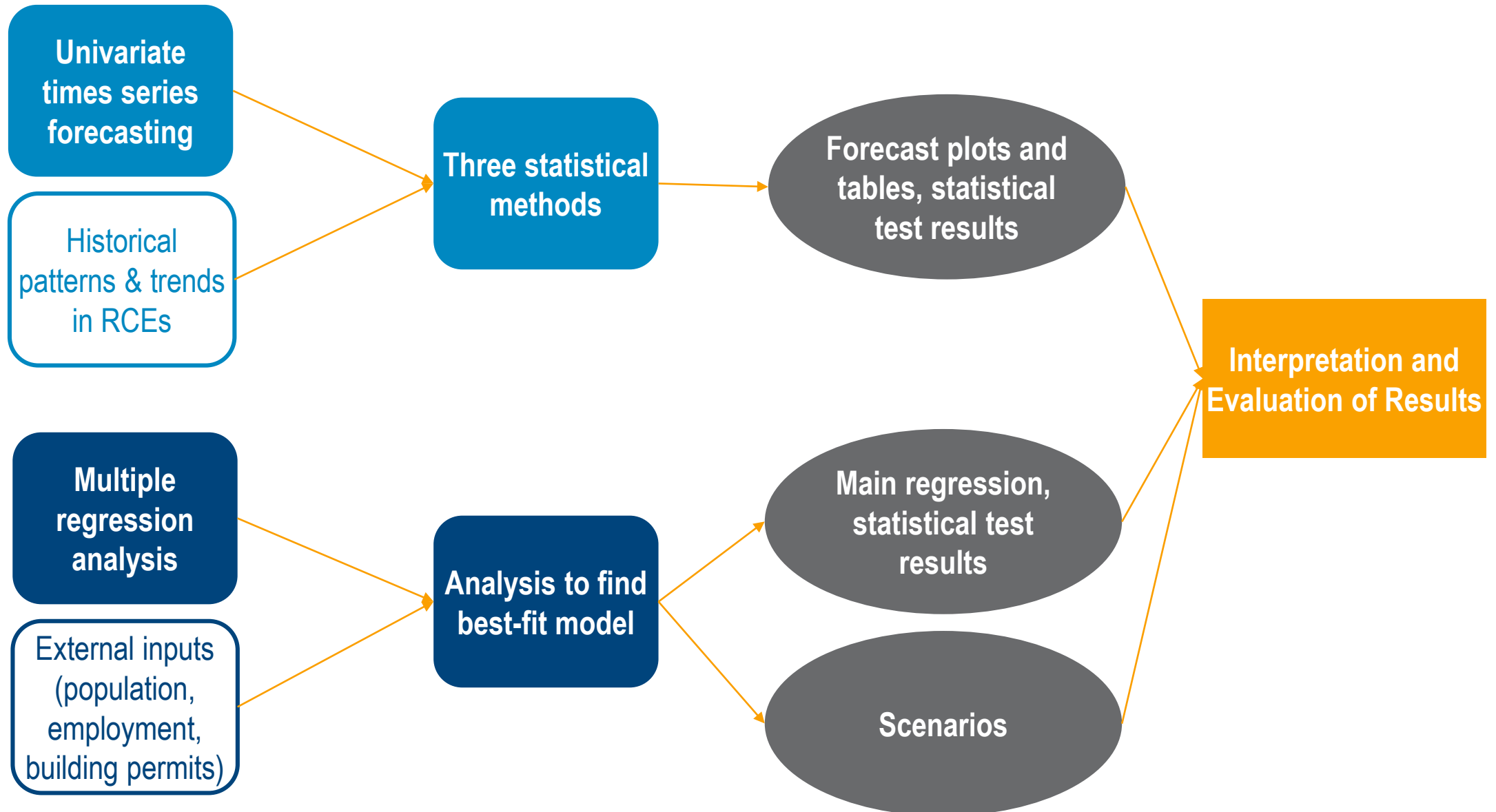
WTD Customer Forecasting

Metropolitan Water Pollution Abatement Advisory Committee
Rates and Finance Subcommittee
December 5, 2019

WTD Customers—Sewer Rate Trends



RCE Forecasting Models



RCE Forecasting Model

Univariate Time Series

Univariate time series forecasting relies on one main assumption: past performance is the best indicator of future performance

1 Data Update, Cleaning & Prep

- RCEs & SFRs data received monthly from sewer agencies
- Annual update of database, both historical corrections and addition of new data.
- Corresponding changes to statistical analysis to include new data

2 Model Runs

- “Run” the time series analysis using three different statistical methods
- Quality control and error check

3 Output Analysis

- Review statistical test results, plots, tables, and text file of model summary
- Compare the results and accuracy from the three different models

4 Discussions and Comparisons

- Review and discuss results
- Compare results of times series with multiple regression to inform near term forecast
- Use confidence interval to inform conservative long term forecast



**80% Confidence
Intervals and
Mean Point
Forecast**

RCE Forecasting Model

Multivariate Regression

Multivariate regression analysis looks for clues and links between different variables to predict the future, but does not establish causal relationships

1 Update External Forecasts

- Yearly update of estimates for employment, housing permits and population: Puget Sound Economic Forecaster and Puget Sound Regional Council
- Update high and low scenario for housing permit projections
- Own assumptions for projections beyond 2040

2 Calculate Regression Equation

- Several variables tested to achieve best model fit
- Population, employment, permits and time
- Estimated coefficients and exogenous forecasts used to forecast RCEs

3 Populate Results Page

- Long-term forecast out to 2060 in a set of scenarios: dependent variable all customers or SFRs and RCEs separately, Multi-Unit/Commercial/Industrial models, and using low housing permits vs high

4 Discussions and Comparisons

- Review and discuss results
- Compare times series with multiple regression results; best results for near term, long term, sewer rate, and capacity charge
- Conservatism may call for different results in different applications



Range of Projections Depending on Assumptions

Component Agencies

Ten Largest—Sewer Rate RCEs

Sewer System Participants as of December 31, 2018

Municipal Participants-Cities	Single Family Residential Customers	Commercial Multifamily Industrial RCEs	Total Customers	Percentage of System (%)
Seattle Public Utilities	146,746	152,092	298,838	39.6%
Bellevue	32,550	30,164	62,714	8.3%
Alderwood	33,817	17,417	51,234	6.8%
Soos Creek	31,868	5,640	37,508	5.0%
Kent	12,966	23,924	36,890	4.9%
North Shore Utility District	19,804	10,419	30,223	4.0%
Auburn	13,160	19,123	32,283	4.3%
Redmond	15,043	16,722	31,765	4.2%
Renton	15,903	14,843	30,746	4.1%
Shoreline (Ronald)	15,148	4,773	19,921	2.6%
Total 10 Largest	337,005	295,117	632,122	83.8%
Remaining Participants	73,964	48,603	122,567	16.2%
Total System	410,969	343,720	754,689	100.0%

New Connections Trends

Percent of Total New Connections RCEs by Agency

New Connections (RCEs) in WTD Service Area						
Local Agency ¹	2010-2014		2015-2019		2010-2019	
	RCEs	% of Total	RCEs	% of Total	RCEs	% of Total
Seattle	18,047	43.7%	25,443	46.6%	43,490	45.4%
Alderwood	5,423	13.1%	5,392	9.9%	10,815	11.3%
Redmond	2,259	5.5%	3,207	5.9%	5,466	5.7%
Bellevue	1,530	3.7%	3,486	6.4%	5,016	5.2%
Soos Creek	1,757	4.3%	2,457	4.5%	4,214	4.4%
Auburn	1,984	4.8%	1,515	2.8%	3,499	3.6%
Sammamish Plateau	1,244	3.0%	1,912	3.5%	3,156	3.3%
Renton	1,501	3.6%	1,412	2.6%	2,913	3.0%
Northshore	1,033	2.5%	1,270	2.3%	2,303	2.4%
Issaquah	1,299	3.1%	915	1.7%	2,214	2.3%
Total 10 Largest	36,078	87.4%	47,010	86.1%	83,087	86.7%
Remaining Participants	5,206	12.6%	7,587	13.9%	12,793	13.3%
Total System	41,284	100.0%	54,596	100.0%	95,880	100.0%

¹In order of total new connection RCEs as of December 31, 2018

Questions or discussion?



King County