

Wastewater Treatment Division 2025 Sewer Rate Proposal MWPAAC Rates & Finance Subcommittee

March 7, 2024

Agenda & Calendar

- 1 Goals and Background
- 2025 Sewer Rate Proposal
- 3 Key Assumptions and Drivers
- 4 Capacity Charge
- 5 Look Ahead & Financial Policy Landscape

Important Upcoming Dates

March 27 - MWPAAC General

April 4 – MWPAAC R&F April 24 – MWPAAC General

Late April – County Executive Transmittal of 2025 Sewer Rate Proposal to King County Council

Goals for 2025 Sewer Rate Development

- Increase reliability at West Point and across the system
- Address the most critical asset management needs to reduce risk
- Reflect increasing regulatory requirements with new projects and staff
- Accommodate growth-related demand with capacity enhancements
- Reflect King County priorities: Clean Water Healthy Habitat, Strategic Climate Action Plan, Equity & Social Justice and others
- Propose a 2025 rate and ten-year rate forecast that realistically reflects high priority system investments
- Meet key financial metrics and only charge what we can spend

Background

- Presented February 1: Preliminary Sewer Rate & Financial Forecast
- Current Phase: Staff-proposed 2025 Sewer Rate and Financial Forecast
 - No change to the 2025 sewer rate as projected 5.75% increase to \$58.28 monthly
 - No change to the 2025 Preliminary Sewer Rate Ten-Year Forecast
 - Review of Key Assumptions and Drivers

Second Decade

- Given the nearing availability of guidance from the long-term forecasting motion work, WTD will
 produce a ten-year forecast and second ten-year projection next year.
- MWPAAC workgroup input on the long-term forecasting motions will help review and advise on potential methodology refinements.

Key Assumptions

Capital:

- Accomplishment rate reduced through 2030 while building up project delivery resources; returns to 85%
- Tier 1 Asset Management project schedules complete by 2033 (before application of accomplishment rate)
- 2040 CSO projects completion schedule maintained (before application of accomplishment rate)
 - Mouth of the Duwamish Combined Sewer Overflow (MDCSO) project contingency spread over project period rather than in year after
- Depreciation-based cash funding target:
 - Accomplishes a stable and durable funding target for rates

Operations & Maintenance:

- Operating costs re-baselined to capture recent inflation (i.e. significant electric and chemical cost increases)
- Forecast includes higher inflation assumptions through 2025 before returning to long-term average
- Near-term growth in operating costs at 3.5% annually through 2027; returns to long-term assumption of 1.5%
- Near-term operating cost capacity partially dedicated to addressing identified staffing deficiencies at the treatment plants

[Additional detail and charts follow]

Capital Drivers – Changes from 2024

Project Name	Driver	2024-2033 Impact (Escalated)
Mouth of the Duwamish	Contingency Redistribution ¹	\$430M
Elliott West WWTS	Revised Assumptions ²	\$0
University CSO, Montlake CSO, Supplemental Compliance	No Change ³	\$0
Total Change CSO		\$430M
New Conceptual Projects	Newly identified conceptual needs ⁴	\$160M
Updated Conceptual Project Forecasts	Spending year revisions, capital project formulation cost estimate updates ⁵	\$200M
Updated Current Project Forecasts	Scope development, design refinements, risk events, material pricing, labor cost increases, etc. ⁶	\$280M
Placeholder Reduction		(\$70M)
Total Change Non-CSO		\$570M
Total Changes before Accomplishment Rate		\$1.0B

Change Driver and Impact Notes

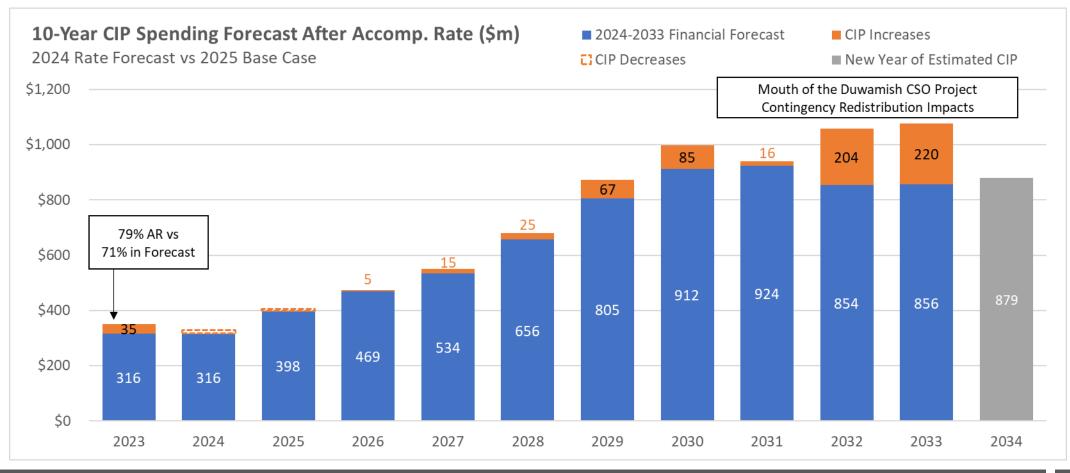
- MDCSO contingency reallocated from 2034 to 2029-2034 to reflect likely programmatic delivery
- 2. Changes pending WP NPDES permit finalization
- 3. No revisions, final CD may warrant revisions to timing
- Newly identified needs within forecast period: West North Creek Force Main, Generator Fuel Storage Gauging, SP Aeration Tank Rehab, SP Mixed Sludge Line Replacement, Soos Creek Cascade Relief Interceptor
- Increase of \$90M from Preliminary Changes shown in January
- 6. Net increase of \$100M (after placeholder offset) from Preliminary Changes shown in January

Forecast Exclusions

- WTD share costs for Lower Duwamish Waterway CD pending CD finalization and insurance recovery
- Nutrient investments beyond first permit cycle likely near term (2030) side-stream removal investments \$200-\$300M are not included. Potential rate impact of \$1.70 (1.4%) by 2034
- Contaminants of Emerging Concern
- Additional investments/scope related to WP NPDES permit
- Potential climate adaptation costs

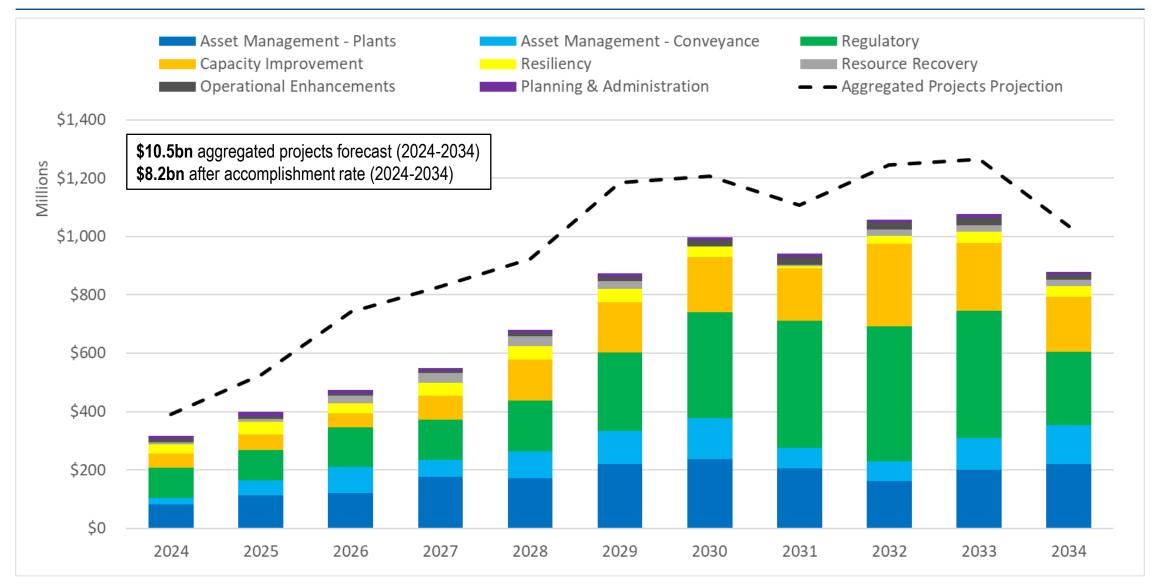
Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Forecast 2023 – 2034 Comparison

After accomplishment rate (averages 79% over this forecast period)



2025 Base Case Rate	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2024-2034
Aggregated CIP Project Forecasts	\$390	\$525	\$741	\$829	\$923	\$1,185	\$1,207	\$1,106	\$1,245	\$1,266	\$1,034	\$10,451
Accomplishment Rate (AR)	81%	76%	64%	66%	74%	74%	83%	85%	85%	85%	85%	79%
Capital Spending after AR	\$316	\$398	\$474	\$549	\$681	\$873	\$997	\$940	\$1,058	\$1,076	\$879	\$8,241

Capital Improvement Plan by Portfolio Category



Funding and Financing Strategy

32% 4% 64%

Grants

- State and Federal grants are prioritized as they represent "free" money for the utility
- Despite strong efforts and advocacy, WTD has not received large-scale grants in over 30 years
- The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law allocates funding for principal-forgiveness loans (essentially a grant) in the wastewater sector, but amounts are relatively low and WTD faces barriers to qualify for them

Cash from Rate-Revenue

- WTD targets cash-funding the capital program based on how much its assets are expected to depreciate (wear out or lose value) each year. WTD uses a 10-year cash-funding average to achieve a gradually increasing rate path
- Between 2017 and 2023 WTD cash-funded 55% of its capital program, just above the previous target of 40% implemented in 2017. The higher outcome was the result of rate smoothing ahead of the steep CIP increase

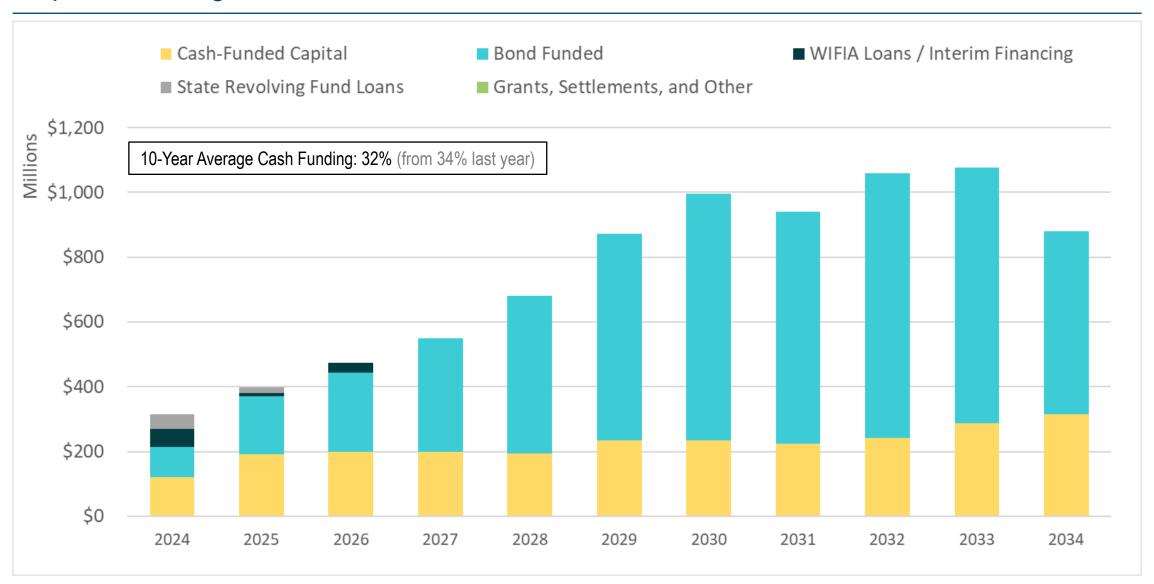
Low-Interest Loans

- WTD maximizes use of low-interest state and Federal loans, though availability of these funds is limited (less than 10% of current debt portfolio). WTD's utilizes commercial paper to provide low-interest interim financing of project costs ahead of reimbursement from these programs
- The subsidized interest rates result in lower debt repayment as comparable to issuing bonds

Bonds and Variable Rate Debt

- The balance of financing needs for the capital program—after accounting for grants, cash, and loans—are covered by borrowing from investors in the municipal bond capital markets
- WTD relies on short-term debt, targeting a 15% share of the total portfolio. Short-term debt typically offers lower interest rates in exchange for a limited term before the agency must return to the market and replace the issuance

Capital Funding Forecast



Operating (O&M) Forecast Assumptions

- Base year (2025) adjustments for significant known increases such as electricity and chemicals, in addition to re-baselining where recent inflation has exceeded previous forecast assumptions.
- The growth in operating costs (O&M) assumption reflects new and expanding requirements such as enhanced cybersecurity, Contaminants of Emerging Concern (CEC)/nutrient work, capital project participation, and added facilities such as Georgetown.
- Forecast assumptions for inflation and growth in O&M are as follows:

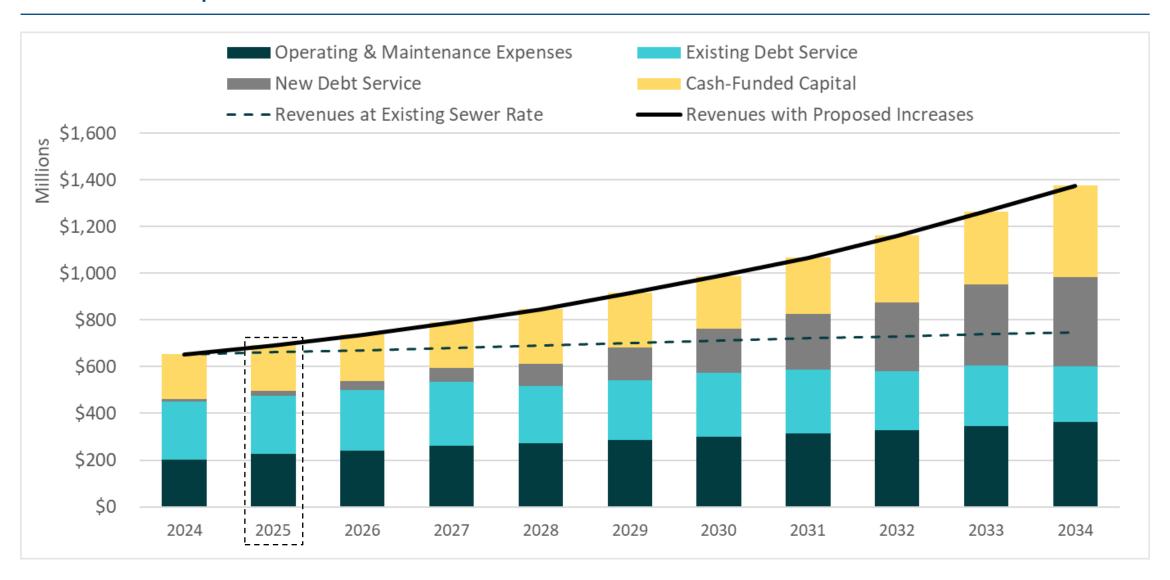
00044				202	5 Forecast				
O&M Assumptions	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
O&M Inflation	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%	3.4%
Growth in O&M	3.5%	3.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%

- Operations staffing needs figure into the near-term increased rate of operating cost growth.
 - Staffing planned to support capital projects at the plants. Capital staffing impacts operating costs minimally as they charge time primarily to capital projects
 - Staffing to reduce growing overtime pressure of plant operations staff and meet the growing needs related to new regulations and new facilities

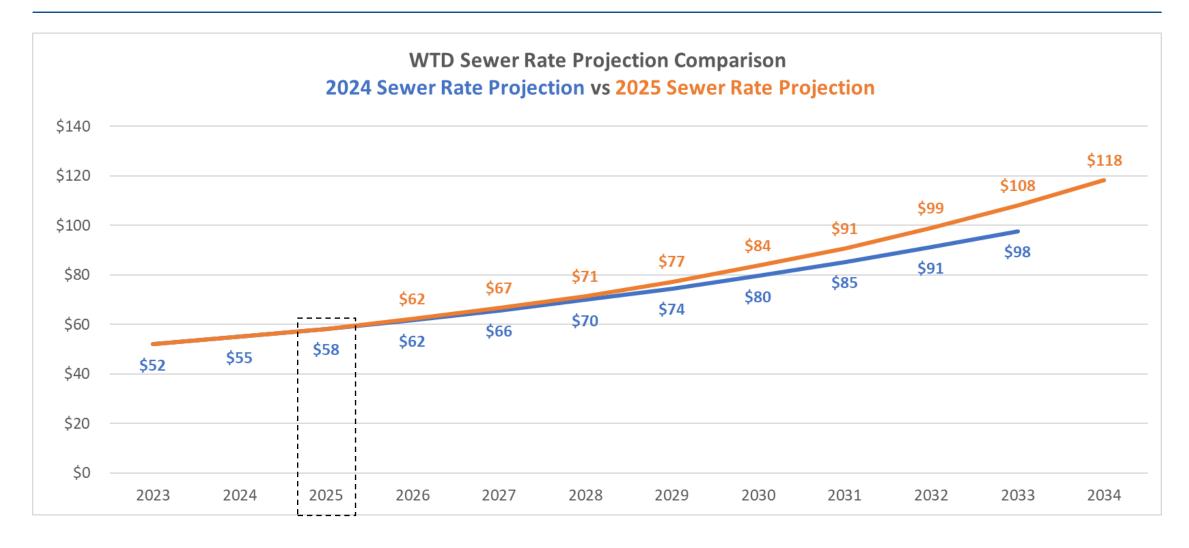
Additional Operations staffing to address current and emerging needs

- In last 10+ years, WTD has brought new facilities online with a minimal increase in Operations staffing.
 - This has helped to keep rates lower but has contributed to higher overtime which is unsustainable.
- Our facilities are aging, requiring attention to address hundreds of minor repairs and adjustments each month.
- With a large capital portfolio, Operations staff are needed to participate in the systems planning, design, construction, start-up, and commissioning processes.
- Permit conditions are more complex, requiring more monitoring and adjustment to meet water and air quality requirements.
- Contracts and policy goals require that we reliably recover and put to beneficial use biosolids, biogas, recycled water, and sewer heat - all requiring Operations staff.
- Jobs in Operations are opportunities to recruit, hire and train a next generation of WTD staff, to better reflect the communities we serve.

Revenue Requirement



Rate Impacts – 2024 Rate Forecast vs 2025 Rate Forecast



Rate Impacts – 2024 Financial Forecast vs 2025 Financial Forecast

2024-2033 Sewer Rate Projection	Adopted									
2024 Sewer Rate Projection	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033
Rate Increase %	5.75%	5.75%	5.75%	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%
Monthly Sewer Rate	\$55.11	\$58.28	\$61.64	\$65.65	\$69.92	\$74.47	\$79.69	\$85.27	\$91.24	\$97.63
All-In Debt Service Coverage	1.73x	1.73x	1.67x	1.68x	1.65x	1.61x	1.53x	1.50x	1.47x	1.51x
Projected O&M (\$m)	\$198	\$211	\$221	\$231	\$242	\$254	\$266	\$279	\$292	\$306
Projected CIP Spend (\$m)	\$328	\$406	\$469	\$534	\$656	\$805	\$912	\$924	\$854	\$856
Annual Cash Funding	58%	49%	43%	41%	35%	29%	25%	26%	30%	34%
Average Cash Funding				6-Y	ear Average	39.8%		10-Y	ear Average	33.9%
Total Debt Balance (\$m)	\$3,512	\$3,593	\$3,721	\$3,915	\$4,198	\$4,615	\$5,114	\$5,615	\$6,018	\$6,386
Debt to Asset (Capitalization Ratio)	84%	81%	79%	77%	76%	75%	75%	75%	74%	74%

2025-2034 Sewer Rate Projection	Adopted	Proposed									
2025 Sewer Rate Projection	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Rate Increase %	5.75%	5.75%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	8.25%	8.25%	8.25%	9.25%	9.25%	9.25%
Monthly Sewer Rate	\$55.11	\$58.28	\$62.36	\$66.73	\$71.41	\$77.31	\$83.69	\$90.60	\$98.99	\$108.15	\$118.16
All-In Debt Service Coverage	1.73x	1.74x	1.67x	1.58x	1.69x	1.59x	1.49x	1.48x	1.53x	1.52x	1.63x
Projected O&M (\$m)	\$198	\$223	\$238	\$258	\$271	\$284	\$298	\$313	\$328	\$344	\$361
Projected CIP Spending (\$m)	\$316	\$398	\$474	\$549	\$681	\$873	\$997	\$940	\$1,058	\$1,076	\$879
Annual Cash Funding	60%	50%	42%	35%	34%	27%	23%	26%	27%	29%	45%
Average Cash Funding					6-Y	ear Average	32.4%		10-\	ear Average	31.8%
Total Debt Balance (\$m)	\$3,526	\$3,603	\$3,739	\$3,935	\$4,286	\$4,767	\$5,346	\$5,865	\$6,488	\$7,046	\$7,380
Debt to Asset (Capitalization Ratio)	84%	81%	79%	77%	77%	76%	76%	76%	77%	76%	75%
Debt to Operating Revenue	5.7x	5.4x	5.2x	5.0x	5.0x	5.1x	5.3x	5.3x	5.4x	5.4x	5.2x

Capacity Charge

Capacity Charge	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Monthly Charge	\$74.23	\$76.09	\$77.99	\$79.94	\$81.94	\$83.99	\$86.09
Increase %	2.4%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Increase \$	\$2.05	\$1.86	\$1.90	\$1.95	\$2.00	\$2.05	\$2.10
Annual Total	\$891	\$913	\$936	\$959	\$983	\$1,008	\$1,033
Total Payments (15 years)	\$13,361	\$13,696	\$14,038	\$14,389	\$14,749	\$15,118	\$15,496
Upfront Payment*	\$10,105	\$10,358	\$10,616	\$10,882	\$11,154	\$11,433	\$11,719

^{*}Discount rate of 4.01%

- Capacity charge based on Regional Wastewater Services Plan (RWSP). The current RWSP planning horizon ends in 2030
- Capacity charge calculations are updated on three-year cycles: last year's update included proposed increases for 2024, 2025, and 2026
 - WTD is maintaining its proposed 2.5% increase to \$76.09 in 2025
- In 2021, WTD hired Raftelis to perform a "capacity charge study that will review the existing charge methodology, engage regional stakeholders, and calculate alternative methodologies for assessing a capacity charge fee"
 - MWPAAC Capacity Charge Work Group met three times in 2021 to discuss the consultant study and recommendations
 - Work was paused to allow regional planning to be completed first plans to resume the study in 2024 underway

Affordability

- The wastewater treatment system is funded almost entirely by local ratepayers, and low-income ratepayers are the most vulnerable to rate increases.
- Average rent in King County is 54% higher than the U.S. national average; measures of poverty in the region significantly
 understate the struggle to meet basic living costs such as housing. Utilities including wastewater are an inseparable part of
 housing costs.
- King County is not prioritized for some funding options because impacts to low-income ratepayers in our service area are
 obscured by the state's approach to assessing disadvantaged communities.
- WTD began focused work studying affordability in our service area in 2020 while preparing the Financial Capability
 Assessment that accompanied Consent Decree negotiations. That work can help support the Regional Wastewater Service
 Plan update, and provide context for the sewer rate process.
- WTD is collaborating with the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA), US EPA and others to help reduce utility costs for low-income households.

Look Ahead & Financial Policy Landscape

- Finalize Consent Decree negotiations with EPA and transmit legislation
- Complete Capital Investment Forecasting Methodologies report and start work on Long-Term Financial and Sewer Rate Forecast (progress updates in July 2024 and April 2025, finalized forecast in July 2025)
- Regional Wastewater Services Plan update relaunch

Resume review and implementation of industry-standard Capacity Charge methodology

Work to remove barriers that limit WTD access to subsidized loans and principal forgiveness (grants)



Wastewater Treatment Division

Questions and Comments

March 7, 2024



WTD Adopted FTEs 2013 - 2024

FTE Adds	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
Director's Office		2	2	-	1	-	(0)	-	0	-	5	-	10
Environmental & Community Svcs		1	1	-	4	-	2	-	6	-	20	17	50
Finance & Administration		1	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	6	-	12
Operations		(2)	2	-	-	-	15	5	-	-	15	4	39
Resource Recovery		(1)	1	-	2	1	-	-	4	-	9	5	20
Project Planning & Delivery		(1)	8	2	7	-	7	-	4	31	42	47	147
Total New FTEs		-	14	2	18	1	24	5	14	31	96	73	278
Total Adopted FTEs	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Change
Director's Office	22	24	26	26	27	27	27	27	27	27	32	32	10
Environmental & Community Svcs	50	51	52	52	56	56	58	58	64	64	83	100	50
Finance & Administration	27	28	28	28	32	32	32	32	33	33	39	39	12
Operations	304	302	304	304	304	304	319	324	324	324	339	343	39
Resource Recovery	16	15	16	16	18	19	19	19	23	23	31	36	20
Project Planning & Delivery	171	170	178	180	187	187	194	194	198	229	271	318	147
Total Adopted FTEs	590	590	604	606	624	625	649	654	668	699	795	868	278
Adopted FTE % Change	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total %
Director's Office		9%	8%	0%	4%	0%	-1%	0%	1%	0%	19%	0%	45%
Environmental & Community Svcs		2%	2%	0%	8%	0%	4%	0%	9%	0%	31%	20%	100%
Finance & Administration		4%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	18%	0%	44%
Operations		-1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	5%	2%	0%	0%	5%	1%	13%
Resource Recovery		-6%	7%	0%	13%	6%	0%	0%	18%	0%	38%	16%	125%
Project Planning & Delivery		-1%	5%	1%	4%	0%	4%	0%	2%	16%	18%	17%	86%
Total		0%	2%	0%	3%	0%	4%	1%	2%	5%	14%	9%	47%

O&M Expenditure Forecast 2023 – 2034 Comparison

