

Operational performance metrics

The King County Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD) provides relevant information on operational, financial, regulatory and safety performance of the utility. Much of this information is updated monthly.

### This information:

- Shares an overview of the system
- Presents operational patterns
- Illustrates system dynamics
- Identifies approaching challenges

# **Operational metrics**

The following metrics represent the performance of the King County Wastewater Treatment Division in four key performance areas:

- · Operational performance
- Regulatory performance
- Financial performance
- · Safety performance

### Contact us

If you have questions regarding this information, please contact:

Olivia Robinson at Olivia.Robinson@kingcounty.gov

, 206-477-3566



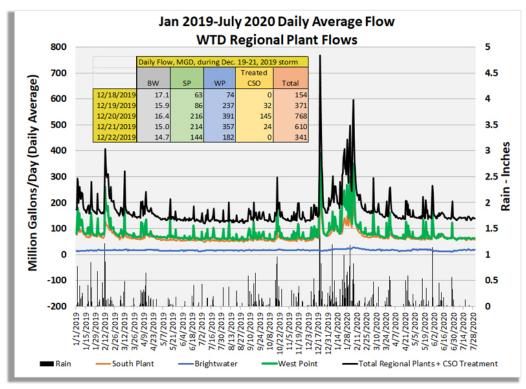
# **Operational performance (July 2020)**

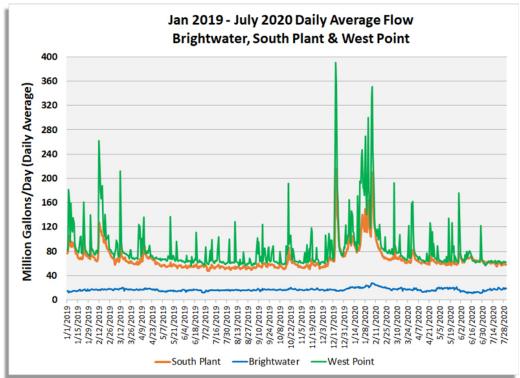
### 1. Flow volumes at regional plants and key points in the system

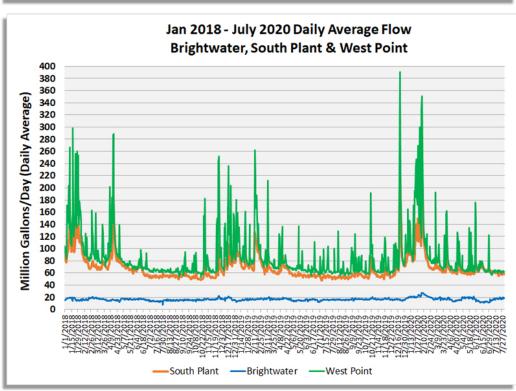
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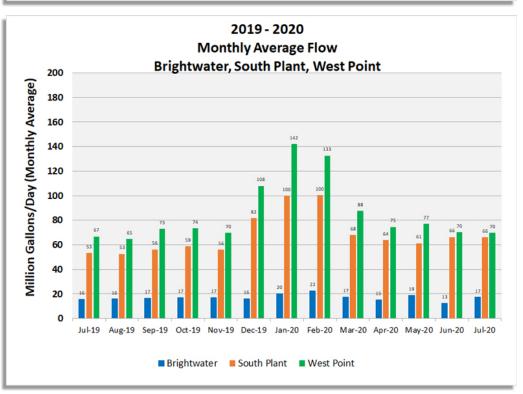
### Flow volumes at regional plants and key points in the system

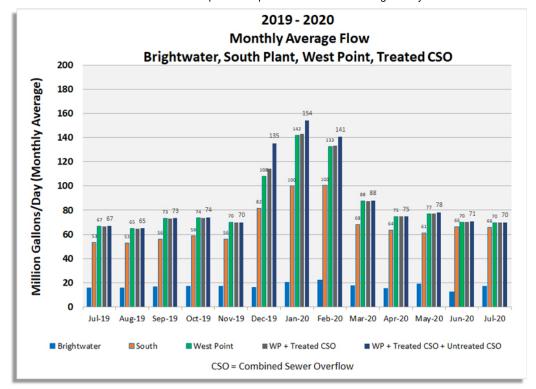
The following graphs illustrate the total amount of flow to each of our regional treatment plants over various periods of time including flows through the Combined Sewer Overflow system. The bars at the bottom of the first graph illustrate the impact that rainfall has on our system.







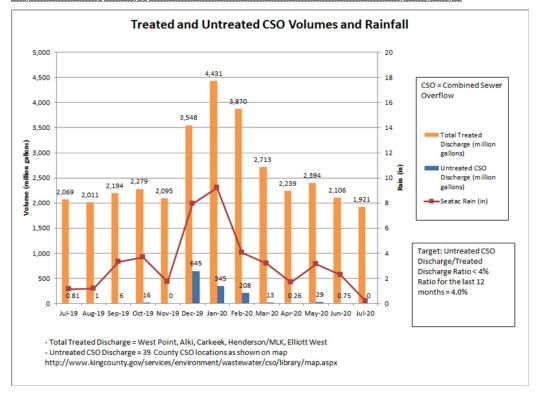




# 2. Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) discharge volumes throughout the system

### Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) discharge volumes throughout the system

The following graph illustrates the total amount of flow that is handled through the regional Combined Sewer Overflow system. Here is the link that shows our CSO locations: <a href="https://www.kingcounty.gov/services/environment/wastewater/cso/library/map.aspx">https://www.kingcounty.gov/services/environment/wastewater/cso/library/map.aspx</a>

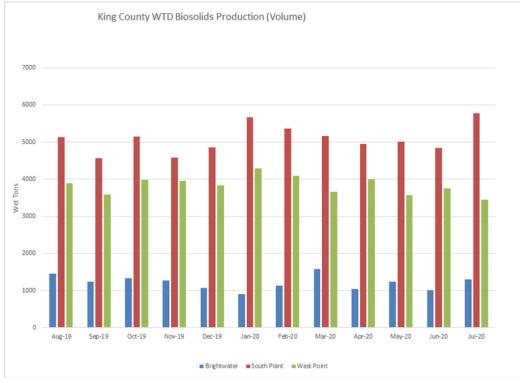


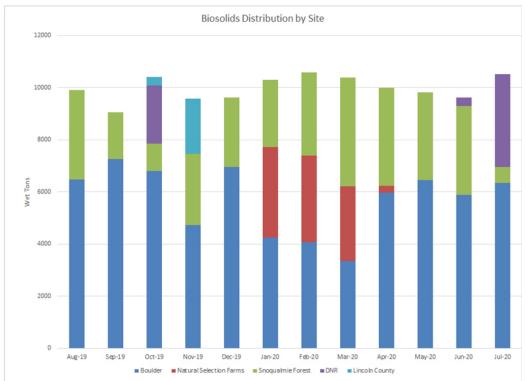
### 3. Production and distribution of Loop biosolids

### Production and distribution of Loop biosolids

Biosolids are the nutrient-rich product of the wastewater treatment process. Biosolids improve soil fertility and enhance plant growth and crop yield. Loop® is the brand name for biosolids produced by King County. Loop is used as fertilizer and soil amendment for commercial forestry and agriculture, and as an ingredient in compost for landscaping and home gardening.

King County's biosolids program is responsible for managing Loop recycling, including transportation and delivery, permitting and managing Loop applications, research and monitoring, and public outreach. Since 1973, we have worked with local organizations, farm groups, and university scientists to develop an award-winning program that serves as a model for safe, sustainable biosolids recycling.

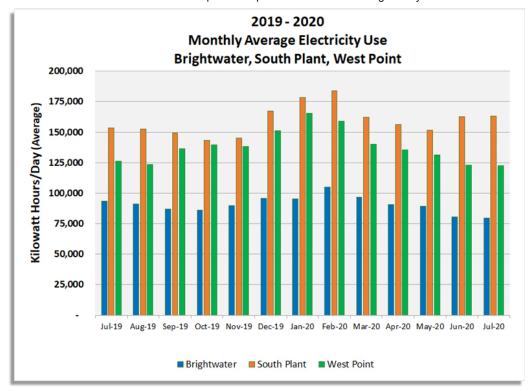




# 4. Electrical energy usage at each regional treatment plant and conveyance system

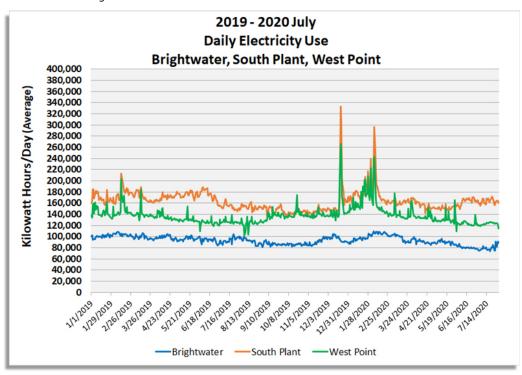
# Electrical energy usage at each regional treatment plant and conveyance system Monthly Average Electricity Use at Brightwater, South Plant and West Point:

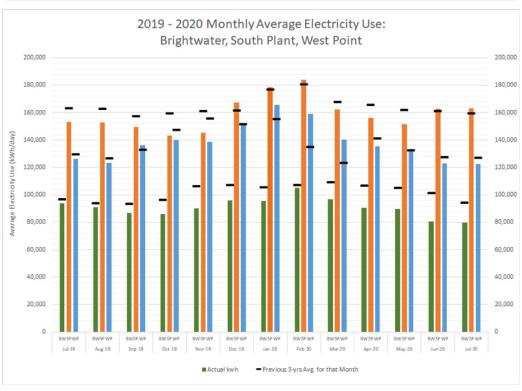
This diagram shows the average daily electricity use for the past 13 months for each of King County's three main treatment plants. West Point's electricity use depends mainly on treated volume. South Plant's electricity use is driven by influent flow and oxygen demand for nitrification. Brightwater's energy use is higher per gallon treated because of its elevated location, which requires more pumping, higher treatment standards, and stringent odor control requirements.



### Electricity Use at Brightwater, South Plant and West Point:

This diagram shows daily electricity use for each treatment plant. It highlights how electricity use can double with high flow volumes at West Point.

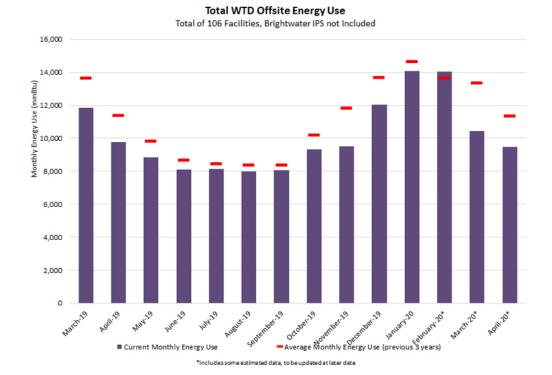




### Total WTD Offsite Energy Use

This diagram shows the combined energy use of WTD's more than one hundred offsite facilities. Energy use at offsite facilities is driven by flow volumes and outside air temperatures.

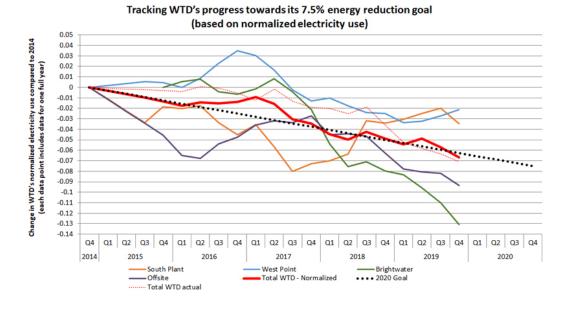
**Please note:** This information is updated monthly and will have a three-month lag when all of the data becomes available.



### Tracking WTD's progress towards its 7.5% energy reduction goal.

Normalized electricity use describes the amount of electricity a facility would have used if the general conditions had been the same as they were in the baseline year (2014). Normalizing energy use allows us to track changes in energy use independent of factors we do not control such as air temperatures or flow volumes. This diagram shows the change in normalized electricity use for each treatment plant, offsite facilities and WTD in total and how these changes compare to the County wide 2020 energy reduction goal.

**Please note:** This normalized electricity use information is updated once a quarter with a lag time of about three months.



### 5. Production and usage of biogas

### Production and usage of biogas

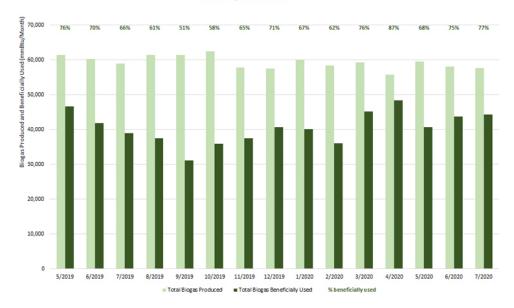
WTD, Biogas Utilization

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Biogas}}$  is used differently at each of the three treatment plants.

- At South Plant excess biogas can be fed into PSE's natural gas pipeline.
- At Brightwater and West Point biogas usage is limited to the equipment on site. At both of
  these plants there is a higher demand for biogas in winter when flows are higher and
  temperatures lower. The total amount of biogas beneficially used therefore tends to be
  higher in winter than in summer.

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### WTD, Biogas Utilization



## Regulatory performance (July 2020)

## 6. Significant power disruption events

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### Significant power disruption events

The following table conveys information on the performance of the County's wastewater treatment facilities and conveyance system for any monthly exceedances of permit requirements that are caused by power disruption, or involve events with backups of the conveyance system and need for substantial responsive actions (e.g., cleanup of sanitary sewer overflows).

Wastewater Treatment and Conveyance System Compliance Events - Permit Requirement Exceedances Involving Power Disruption or Sewer Backup														
Permit Requ	uireme	nt Exc	eedand	es Invo	olving F	Power I	Disrup <sup>1</sup>	tion or	Sewer	Backup	)			
For ellipse			2019	ş .		2020								
Facility	Aug	Sep	Sep Oct		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul		
Wastewater Treatment P	lants (e	.g., eff	luent lir	nit exce	edance	, unper	mitted	dischar	ges)					
West Point		а		а										
South Plant														
Brightwater														
Vashon														
Carnation														
CSO Treatment Facilities (e.g., effluent limit exceedance, disinfection failure)														
Henderson/MLK CSO	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*	*		
Alki CSO	*	*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*		
Carkeek CSO	*	*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*		
Elliott West CSO	*	*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*		
West Section Conveyance	Systen	n												
CSO Exacerbated														
Overflow														
CSO Dry Weather														
Overflow														
Sanitary Sewer Overflow														
East Section Conveyance	System													
Sanitary Sewer Overflow														
Notes:														

### Notes:

- Number of power disruption/backup events in any month where exceedances occur.
  - Represents any month where no events occurred, or if any non-compliance occurred it was unrelated to power disruption, or backups in the conveyance system.
  - Non-compliance occurred and involved power disruption or conveyance system backup; however, repair/solution is known and the incident response and correction was immediate.
  - Non-compliance involving power disruption or conveyance system backup, and evaluation and corrective action includes substantial effects on residents and businesses, level of effort and time to resolve, or costs to system operations.
- \* Monitoring period characterized by sufficiently low flow conditions that the CSO treatment facility did not operate with a discharge to the outfall at any time in the month.
- a Temporary power disruptions at West Point on 9/7/19 and 11/15/19 resulted in brief secondary diversion events (i.e., blending of primary and secondary treated effluent); however, these diversions receive chlorine disinfection and no effluent limitations are exceeded.

### 7. Significant system process disruptions



### Significant system process disruptions

The following table conveys information on the performance of the County's wastewater treatment facilities and conveyance system for any monthly exceedances of permit requirements that are caused by, or involve, process disruption (not power related) such as major equipment or biological treatment process failures, or industrial discharges.

Wast	ewater	Treatm	ent an	d Conv	eyance	Syste	m Con	npliance	e Event	s -				
Pe	rmit Re	quiren	ent Ex	ceedar	nces Inv	olving	Proce	ss Disru	uption					
F 1114			2019			2020								
Facility	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul		
Wastewater Treatment P	lants (e.	g., efflu	ent lim	it excee	dance,	unpern	nitted a	lischarg	es)					
West Point														
South Plant														
Brightwater														
Vashon														
Carnation														
CSO Treatment Facilities (	e.g., eff	luent lin	nit exce	edance	, disinfe	ction f	ailure)							
Henderson/MLK CSO	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		
Alki CSO	*	*	*	*	а			*	*	*	*	*		
Carkeek CSO	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		
Elliott West CSO	*	*	*	*	b	b	b	*	*	ь	*	*		
West Section Conveyance	System													
Unpermitted Overflows														
East Section Conveyance	System													
Sanitary Sewer Overflow														

Notes:

- 1 Number of process disruption events in any month where exceedances occur. Represents any month where no events occurred, or if any non-compliance occurred it was unrelated to process disruption. Non-compliance occurred and involved process disruption; however, repair/solution is known and the incident response and correction was immediate. Non-compliance involving process disruption, and evaluation and corrective action includes substantial effects on residents and businesses, level of effort and time to resolve, or costs to system operations  $Monitoring\ period\ characterized\ by\ sufficiently\ low\ flow\ conditions\ that\ the\ CSO\ treatment\ facility\ did$ not operate with a discharge to the outfall at any time in the month.
- The annual average total suspended solids removal limit was exceeded at Alki in 2018 and 2019.  $Performance\ evaluation\ of\ recent\ pumping\ control\ upgrades\ and\ optimization\ at\ the\ pump\ station\ and$ treatment operations is underway.
- Effluent limit exceedances at Elliott West associated with process control performance; a phased planning and facility improvements process is underway.

### 8. Regulatory compliance and performance

### Regulatory compliance and performance

The following table conveys information on the performance of King County's wastewater treatment facilities and conveyance system for any monthly exceedances of permit requirements that involve compliance with effluent limitations at the County's five wastewater treatment plants or four CSO treatment facilities, or unpermitted overflow events in the separated sanitary or combined stormwater-sewer conveyance system.

NPDES Perm	it Excee	dance	s (Rep	ortable	e Even	ts Subj	ect to	Potent	tial Pe	nalties)	-			
1	<b>Nastew</b>	ater T	reatme	ent Fac	ilities	or Con	veyan	ce Syst	em	•				
F 111.			2019			2020								
Facility	Aug	Sep	Oct Nov I		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul		
Effluent Limitations Exceedances at Wastewater Treatment Facilities														
West Point														
South Plant														
Brightwater														
Vashon														
Carnation														
Effluent Limitations Excee	dances	at CSO	Treatn	nent Fa	cilities									
Henderson/MLK CSO	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		
Alki CSO	*	*	*	*	а			*	*	*	*	*		
Carkeek CSO	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		
Elliott West CSO	*	*	*	*	b	b	b	*	*	ь	*	*		
Conveyance System Over	flow Eve	nts in (	ombin	ed or S	eparat	ed Basi	ns							
West Section – Dry														
Weather Overflows at														
CSO Outfalls														
West Section – Sanitary														
Sewer Overflows														
East Section – Sanitary														
Sewer Overflows														

Notes:

Compliance goal for all events is "zero", and all exceedances have potential to be assessed penalties.

No ongoing non-compliance; or events with known cause and immediate correction. Ongoing compliance issue; but repairs/solution is known and underway for timely correction. Substantial ongoing compliance issue with ongoing corrective actions, or response and/or planning for corrective action is underway. Monitoring period characterized by sufficiently low flow conditions that the CSO treatment facility did not operate with a discharge to the outfall at any time in the month.

- The annual average total suspended solids removal limit was exceeded at Alki in 2018 and 2019. Performance evaluation of recent pumping control upgrades and optimization at the pump station is
- A phased planning and facility improvements process is underway for Elliott West.

### 9. Water quality monitoring

### Water quality monitoring

King County WTD conducts routine effluent water quality monitoring for compliance with the NPDES permit requirements at the County's five wastewater treatment plants, and at the four CSO treatment facilities. Additionally, WTD (in conjunction with scientists in King County Water and Land Resources Division [WLRD]) conducts specific sediment and water quality monitoring studies required for compliance with the NPDES permit as well as the Post Construction Monitoring Program for the County's 2012 Long-term CSO Control Plan Amendment. The following sections further describe these monitoring programs and provide information on the status of currently available monitoring efforts and data reports.

### **Effluent Monitoring Data**

WTD monitors treated wastewater (effluent) at each of the five main treatment plants (West Point, South Plant, Brightwater, Vashon, and Carnation) for a variety of conventional chemical and biological water quality properties which are used to track performance of the physical and biological treatment processes, and to ensure compliance with effluent limitations that are specified in the NPDES permit for the purposes of protecting the aquatic environment where the wastewater is discharged. WTD also conducts required effluent monitoring at the four CSO treatment facilities (Carkeek, Elliott West, Alki, and Henderson/Martin Luther King [H/MLK]) whenever wet weather storm events result in these facilities operating and discharging to their designated CSO outfalls. The majority of the routine effluent data that is collected to comply with applicable NDPES permit requirements is compiled and submitted to Ecology electronically as Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) on a regular monthly basis.

The key parameters that are monitored for NPDES permit compliance with effluent limitations consist of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS), settleable solids, pH, chlorine residual, and fecal coliform bacterial. The compliance with the effluent limitations is a primary method used by Ecology and WTD of evaluating routine and ongoing performance of the treatment processes. Accordingly, the reader is directed to review information presented above under "#8 –Regulatory Compliance and Performance" which provides a simplified summary of monthly plant performance that incorporates and interprets the diverse set of effluent monitoring data and information on any significant non-compliance events.

The effluent monitoring data and reports submitted to Ecology in monthly DMRs address many additional parameters that are not necessarily directly attributable to treatment process performance or NPDES regulatory compliance. However, the following attached files are the cover letters submitted for the most recent DMRs for each of the five wastewater treatment plants. The cover letters characterize each facility during the monitoring period including such items as flows, compliance with NPDES permit requirements, and any other important process performance events, news, or significant events. The facility DMR cover letters for the most recent monthly monitoring period follow:

- <u>Brightwater </u> (Permit No. WA0032247)
- Carnation D (Permit No. WA0032182)
- South Plant 🖟 (Permit No. WA0029581)
- <u>Vashon </u> (Permit No. WA0022527)
- West Point ⚠ (Permit No. WA0029181)

Finally, the entire body of effluent monitoring data and reports that are submitted to Ecology as part a DMR package are available on Ecology's "PARIS" database by searching on the Permit No. for each plant (identified above) at the following:

### https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/paris/PermitLookup.aspx 🖸

WTD also conducted additional effluent monitoring during the restoration process for the West Point treatment plant following the February 9, 2017 flooding and damage incident. WTD established a dedicated temporary website to post the collected effluent data, summaries of the data, and other reports and information. With the restoration of the majority of treatment processes and equipment completed in May 2017, and West Point's return to its normal status of routine compliance with permit requirements, the additional monitoring was discontinued and WTD now intends to maintain the temporary website indefinitely until such time it is determined to no longer be necessary. The dedicated website for the environmental monitoring data is:

 $\frac{\text{https://www.kingcounty.gov/depts/dnrp/wtd/system/west/west-point-restoration/environmental-monitoring.aspx}{}$ 

### Water Quality Monitoring Data

The County's Water, Resources, and Land Division (WRLD) – Science Section, with assistance from the King County Environmental Laboratory (KCEL), conducts a variety of water quality monitoring programs in the Puget Sound, and the regions rivers and lakes that indirectly contribute to an understanding of the effects of County activities on environmental resources. However, with the exception of limited periodic and specific discharge event conditions, the County is not required under the NPDES permits for the wastewater treatment plants to conduct receiving water quality monitoring at our discharge outfall locations. Consequently, the reader is directed to the WLRD Science Section website where available information on the ambient marine water quality monitoring programs in Puget Sound can be found:

### https://green2.kingcounty.gov/marine

Additionally, WTD in conjunction with WLRD Science Section staff, temporarily expanded and increased the frequency of the routine marine water quality monitoring in Puget Sound at sites near the West Point outfall while the restoration process for the West Point treatment plant was underway following the February 9, 2017 flooding and damage incident. WTD established a dedicated temporary website to post bi-weekly summary reports of Puget Sound water quality conditions during this period, and with West Point's return to a state of compliance with NPDES permit requirements, the additional monitoring was discontinued in June 2017. Furthermore, WTD and WLRD Science Section are involved in conducting supplemental environmental analyses to characterize conditions in Puget Sound resulting from the West Point incident to determine if any changes in contaminants of concern may have occurred in sediments or marine aquatic

organisms. The dedicated website where information from the marine water quality monitoring, and the supplemental sediment and marine organism contaminant investigations, can be found at:

 $\frac{\text{https://www.kingcounty.gov/depts/dnrp/wtd/system/west/west-point-restoration/marine-monitoring.aspx}{}$ 

### Sediment Monitoring Data

WTD, with assistance from the WLRD Science Section, conducts extensive sediment quality monitoring and analysis for compliance with the NPDES permits for the West Point, South Plant, and Brightwater treatment plants. A large amount of the County's required sediment analysis work is conducted at CSO outfall locations to implement the Post Construction Monitoring Program for the County's 2012 Long-term CSO Control Plan Amendment under the West Point NPDES permit. The CSO program is focused on ensuring that the CSO outfalls meet Washington's sediment quality standards as hydraulic control of each outfall is achieved (i.e., not more than one overflow event per year on a 20-year average). The West Point NPDES permit also requires the County to prepare an update of the 2009 Sediment Data Report by December 1, 2018 to provide a comprehensive summary of information for each CSO outfall and its status with respect to compliance with sediment quality standards. Finally, the County is implementing, and periodically updates, a Sediment Management Program that provides the overarching direction for all of the CSO discharge locations, summarizes ongoing and previously performed sediment cleanup work, summarizes the results of CSO discharge modeling, provides the status of existing sediment quality, and assigns an appropriate sediment management strategy for each CSO. In general, the sediment investigations and development of sediment management strategies at any given CSO outfall is a complex and lengthy process involving multiple actions and participants, and summary information on the status of each project is not readily summarized. Consequently, the reader is directed to the County's dedicated Sediment Management Plan website where available information, reports, news, and status of the program can be obtained:

https://www.kingcounty.gov/services/environment/wastewater/sediment-management/plan.aspx

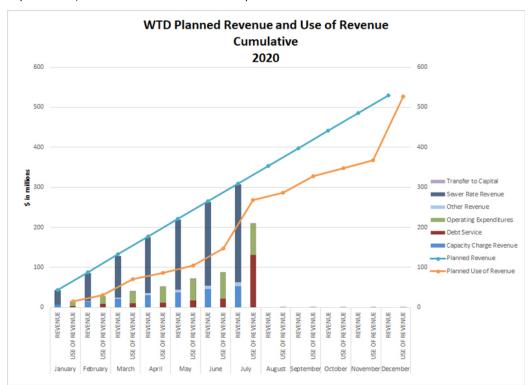
# Financial performance (July 2020)

### 10. Wastewater planned revenue and use of revenue

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### Wastewater planned revenue and use of revenue

This chart compares WTD planned revenue and use of revenue with monthly actual revenue and use of the revenue collections. Monthly actuals highlight total revenue collected by the sewer rate, capacity charge and other sources, and total use of the revenue collected by operating expenditures, debt service and transfer to capital.



### 11. Cost and schedule of baselined major capital projects

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### Cost and schedule of baselined major capital projects

This table represents budget and schedule performance of <u>projects with greater than \$1M expected cost (A)</u>. Performance is measured relative to the baseline point which is established at approximately 30% design completion per established King County Project Management Standards.

### Q2 2020 Baseline Report

Project Number	Project Name	Scope Status	Schedule Status	Current Substantial Completion Date	Baseline Duration	Current Duration	Variance at Completion (VAC)	% VAC	Cost Status	Baseline Budget at Completion (BAC)	Current Estimate At Completion (EAC)	Cost Variance At Completion (CVAC)	% CVAC	Report
3611 WAT	ER QUALITY CONST-UNRES - Wastewater Treat	ment												
1038122	WTC SUNSET HEATH PS FM UPGRADE	Te		9/30/2020	1,813	1,996	183	10 %	•	\$69,754,491	\$81,031,633	\$11,277,142	16 %	Q2 2020
1114382	WTC NORTH CREEK INTERCEPTOR		•	2/27/2018	1,604	2,052	448	27 %	•	\$56,590,659	\$90,519,440	\$33,928,781	59 %	Q2 2020
1116797	WTC JAM/ARC BLDG REPLACEMENT		•	5/10/2024	1,663	1,663	0	0%	•	\$71,290,311	\$71,290,264	(\$47)	0 %	Q2 2020
1116800	WTC N MERCER ENATALINT PAR		•	1/11/2025	2,121	2,769	648	30 %	•	\$116,035,624	\$150,668,712	\$34,633,088	29 %	Q2 2020
1116801	WTC LK HILLS&NW LK SAM INTCPT		•	7/30/2024	1,995	2,513	518	25%	•	\$119,342,432	\$119,342,431	(\$1)	0 %	Q2 2020
1117748	WTC WP INTERMEDIATE, EPS VFD & DEWATERING ENERGY	•	•	7/31/2020	1,142	2,908	1,766	154 %	•	\$33,541,919	\$23,149,424	(\$10,392,496)	-30 %	Q2 2020
1120861	WTC MOBILE OC UNIT REPLACEMENT		•	4/30/2021	696	1,627	931	133 %	•	\$3,171,445	\$3,171,362	(\$83)	0 %	Q2 2020
1121402	WTC GEORGETOWN WET WEATHER TREATMENT STATION	•	•	2/8/2022	2,141	2,121	-20	0%	•	\$260,713,113	\$241,096,022	(\$19,617,091)	-7 %	Q2 2020
1121404	WTC SP RSP MEDIUM VOLT SG REPL			11/20/2019	658	645	-13	-1%		\$8,038,164	\$6,696,893	(\$1,341,271)	-16 %	Q2 2020
1123517	WTC E FLEET MAINT FAC REPLCMNT		•	11/24/2021	750	1,870	1,120	149 %	•	\$9,999,584	\$22,260,833	\$12,261,249	122 %	Q2 2020
1123624	WTC COAL CRK SIPHON TRUNK PARA			8/7/2026	2,432	2,502	70	2 %		\$132,310,569	\$130,254,159	(\$2,056,410)	-1 %	Q2 2020
1123626	WTC SP BIOGAS HEAT SYS IMPROVE		•	11/11/2022	1,410	2,040	630	44 %	•	\$59,897,304	\$22,001,720	(\$37,895,584)	-63 %	Q2 2020
1123627	WTC WP 2ND MIX LIQ BLOWER REPL		•	2/5/2021	640	640	0	0 %		\$3,994,447	\$3,994,377	(\$70)	0 %	Q2 2020
1123630	WTC ESI SECT 2 REHAB PHASE II			2/18/2020	521	540	19	3 %		\$45,812,381	\$30,433,746	(\$15,378,635)	-33 %	Q2 2020
1125460	WTC BW FF LINKING DEVICE UPGRD		•	10/1/2019	466	680	214	45 %		\$1,203,778	\$1,159,707	(\$44,072)	-3 %	Q2 2020
1127489	WP PRIMARY SED ROOF STRUCTURE			10/27/2022	1,387	1,387	0	0 %	$\triangle$	\$37,658,373	\$43,261,832	\$5,603,459	14 %	Q2 2020
1127842	WTC INSTALL LK HILLS GENERATOR			10/4/2022	1,064	1,099	35	3 %	$\blacktriangle$	\$5,386,868	\$5,463,688	\$76,820	1 %	Q2 2020
1128121	WTC BW STORAGE TANK FOAM SPRAY			3/31/2021	470	498	28	5 %		\$3,114,882	\$3,114,771	(\$111)	0 %	Q2 2020
1129526	WTC WP LSG PIPING REPLACEMENT		•	12/31/2026	2,634	2,634	0	0 %	•	\$24,920,340	\$24,920,340	\$0	0 %	Q2 2020
1129531	WTC SP C2/C3 PIPE REPLACEMENT	•		10/22/2019	659	742	83	12 %	•	\$5,307,059	\$3,795,958	(\$1,511,101)	-28 %	Q2 2020
1130458	WTC SP AER BASIN SAFETY ACCESS	•	•	9/21/2021	753	1,100	347	46 %		\$1,710,992	\$1,710,992	\$0	0 %	Q2 2020
1130459	WTC LK UNION TUNNEL GATE MODS	•	•	8/31/2020	564	910	346	61%	$\triangle$	\$1,039,791	\$1,156,334	\$116,543	11 %	Q2 2020
1130937	WTC DRAWING DOCUMENT CONTROL	•	•	5/15/2020	198	318	120	60 %		\$1,641,376	\$1,641,034	(\$342)	0 %	Q2 2020
1131919	WTC BW MEMBRANE FEED PUMP VFD			11/13/2019	617	618	1	0 %		\$1,765,063	\$1,764,743	(\$320)	0 %	Q2 2020

### Q2 2020 Baseline Report

				A	gency: Was	tewater Tr	eatment, Fund:	All, Year. 20	20, Q	tr: 2nd Quarter, Cos	t Status: All, Schedu	le Status: All, Scop	e Status: Al	i, Project: All
Project Number	Project Name	Scope Status	Schedule Status	Current Substantial Completion Date	Baseline Duration	Current Duration	Variance at Completion (VAC)	% VAC	Cost Status	Baseline Budget at Completion (BAC)	Current Estimate At Completion (EAC)	Cost Variance At Completion (CVAC)	% CVAC	Report Date
3611 WATI	ER QUALITY CONST-UNRES - Wastewater Treats	nent												
1134068	WTC ALKI PERM GENERATOR		•	1/3/2023	931	931	0	0 %	•	\$14,812,683	\$14,812,683	\$0	0 %	Q2 2020
1134071	WTC OVATION CONT SYS UPGD	•	•	12/31/2021	975	975	0	0%	$\triangle$	\$15,547,968	\$16,822,762	\$1,274,794	8 %	Q2 2020
1134166	Conveyance Station Operational Improvements	•	•	8/31/2020	168	321	153	91%	•	\$1,357,025	\$1,224,151	(\$132,874)	-9 %	Q2 2020
1134301	WTC PIMS REPLACEMENT	•	•	4/12/2021	371	650	279	75 %		\$1,844,892	\$1,844,175	(\$717)	0 %	Q2 2020
1134813	WTC SP ODOR MOD AT DAFT AREAS	•		6/17/2021	639	639	0	0 %		\$2,655,636	\$2,646,566	(\$9,070)	0 %	Q2 2020
1136153	WTC WPTP C-1 RESERVOIR ACCESS	•	•	3/27/2020	623	927	304	48 %	•	\$1,926,396	\$3,815,305	\$1,888,909	98 %	Q2 2020
1136470	WTC LOOP BIOSOLDS COMP PLT SP		•	6/21/2022	657	917	260	39 %	•	\$3,325,571	\$3,325,570	(\$1)	0 %	Q2 2020
1136471	WTC DECOMISSION SP FUEL CELPP	•		2/4/2021	352	352	0	0 %		\$1,323,892	\$1,323,892	\$0	0 %	Q2 2020
1136747	WTC PS LEVEL CONTROL IMPROVE	•	•	8/31/2020	269	391	122	45 %		\$1,590,170	\$1,588,259	(\$1,911)	0 %	Q2 2020
1137181	WTC RCH B PS MCC & SWITCH REPL	•		5/16/2022	769	769	0	0 %		\$6,492,547	\$6,493,426	\$879	0 %	Q2 2020

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# Safety performance (July 2020)

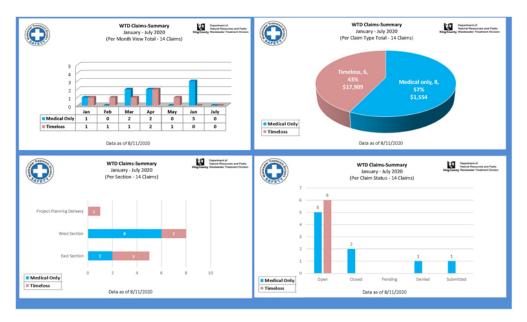
# 12. WTD accident (claim) summary

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### WTD accident (claim) summary

The following summary graphs illustrate employee accident and job injury claim experience (for current month and year to date) for the Wastewater Treatment Division.

### WTD Claims Summary 🖟







- The term **Medical Only Claim** refers to employee accident that requires attention from a healthcare provider. The injured worker may be released completely after treatment or released with work restrictions requiring work accommodation.
- The term Timeloss Claim refers to claims that are serious enough to warrant the doctor
  taking the injured worker off his regular duty for a period of time. The injured worker may
  be released to modified (light) duty during his recovery period. As long as the employer
  accommodates the doctor's restrictions on the injured worker's activity during the light
  duty period, the claim may remain as medical only if the injured worker returns to light
  duty before the elimination period lapses.

# Monthly archives

Past performance metrics are posted by month in portable document format \( \mathbb{L} \).

<u>2020</u> +

- <u>June 2020</u>
- May 2020
- <u>April 2020</u>
- March 2020
- February 2020
- <u>January 2020</u>

<del>2019</del> +

- December 2019
- November 2019

- October 2019
- September 2019
- <u>August 2019</u>
- <u>July 2019</u>
- <u>June 2019</u>
- May 2019 • <u>April 2019</u>
- March 2019
- February 2019
- January 2019

<u>2018</u>

- December 2018
- November 2018
- October 2018
- <u>September 2018</u>
- <u>August 2018</u>
- <u>July 2018</u>
- June 2018
- May 2018 April 2018
- March 2018
- February 2018
- January 2018

<u> 2017</u>

- December 2017
- November 2017
- October 2017
- September 2017
- August 2017
- <u>July 2017</u>

### **Wastewater Treatment Division**

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Get directions

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WTD Division Directory

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