## MEMORANDUM

August 8, 2024

TO: Historical Memo

FM: Matt Macdonald

RE: Carnation Wastewater Treatment Plant

July 2024 Process Summary

The Carnation Treatment Plant (CTP) continued to discharge to the Snoqualmie river outfall in July to facilitate commissioning the new UV system. Reclaimed water regulations require that the new UV system have a bioassay validation that confirms virus removal performance prior to producing reclaimed water. The final bioassay report will be received in August. Effluent Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD<sub>5</sub>) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) averaged <1.0 mg/L and <2.0 mg/L, respectively. CBOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS removals were >99% and >99%, respectively. All fecal coliform and *E.coli* grab samples for the month produced no colony forming units.

The effluent composite sampler was replaced on July 26. The new peristaltic sampler draws directly from the effluent probe pot. The old vacuum sampler drew samples from piping that terminated at the plant drain. The switch to the effluent probe pot reduces the amount of effluent that is recycled back to the influent.

Effluent flow averaged 0.099-MGD. Influent flow averaged 0.105-MGD; influent flow is slightly higher than effluent flow due to internal recycle flows. The influent flow meter continued to report artificially high flow totals for the duration of the month. In response, daily influent flow totals were estimated by summing the measured effluent flow and an estimate of the internal recycle and wasted activated sludge.

Effluent total-nitrogen (TN) averaged 6.8-mg/L as N. Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) and nitrite plus nitrate (NO<sub>2</sub>+NO<sub>3</sub>) averaged 0.04-mg/L and 5.6-mg/L, respectively. The max-weekly average effluent TN was 7.4-mg/L as N and the monthly average TN removal rate was  $91\%^1$  in July. Effluent total phosphorus (P) averaged 4.1 mg/L for the month with a Total P removal of 47%. Effluent nutrient sampling in July 2024 was performed twice per week (Monday and Tuesday); influent nutrient sampling was performed once per week (Tuesday). However, the effluent composite sample on Tuesday July 16 was inadvertently contaminated. Since the sample was non-representative, the Wednesday July 17 composite sample was used for nutrient analysis.

Alkalinity was added to the secondary process to maintain the instantaneous effluent pH above pH 6.9. A total of approximately 462<sup>2</sup> gallons of Caustic Soda (25% NaOH solution) was added. Effluent alkalinity averaged 119-mg/L (with a range of 108-125 mg/L) as CaCO<sub>3</sub>; influent alkalinity was in the range of 232-256 mg/l as CaCO<sub>3</sub>. Alkalinity addition replaces the alkalinity lost during nitrification; the effluent pH would likely fall below the permitted minimum pH 6.0 if alkalinity addition stopped.

The plant operated with Aeration Basin 2 (AB2) in service. The mixed liquor total suspended solids (MLSS) averaged 9,400-mg/L with a range of 8,200-mg/L to 10,400-mg/L. An estimated 6900 dry lbs. of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Calculated using days when both influent and effluent nutrients were sampled.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Calculated by tank level drop.

waste activated sludge were hauled to the South Plant for further treatment. Of the volume wasted, 100% was from the memDense hydrocyclone.

Four of the five membrane trains were available for service in July; train 4 remains out of service with a permeate pump and VFD issue. The UV system was operated with two UV reactors in series for the whole month of July. UV train 1 (the new UV system) operated for the duration of July.

Table 1 presents membrane performance data. Trans-membrane pressure (TMP) averaged 0.42-psi and temperature corrected permeability averaged 17.8-gfd/psi. The control system limits flow through the membranes to a TMP value of 8.0-psi; this protects the membranes' integrity.

Table 1: Membrane Performance July 2024

| MEMBRANE PARAMETERS                                 | Train 1 | Train 2 | Train 3 | Train 4 Out of Service | Train 5 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|
| Permeate Turbidity (NTU) <sup>1</sup>               |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average for Month                                   | 0.10    | 0.11    | 0.08    |                        | 0.11    |
| Design  | < 0.2   | < 0.2   | < 0.2   | < 0.2                  | < 0.2   |
| Permeate Flow (GPD) <sup>2</sup>                    |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average Daily for Month                             | 34,057  | 32,642  | 30,784  |                        | 31,890  |
| AADF (Annual Average Flow) Design                   | 97,500  | 97,500  | 97,500  | 97,500                 | 97,500  |
| Maximum Daily for Month                             | 58,438  | 55,680  | 67,220  |                        | 62,639  |
| PDF (Peak Day) Design                               | 165,000 | 165,000 | 165,000 | 165,000                | 165,000 |
| Permeate Flow Rate (GPM) <sup>3</sup>               |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average for Month                                   | 33      | 32      | 30      |                        | 32      |
| Peak Hour for Month                                 | 188     | 124     | 156     |                        | 110     |
| PHF (Peak Hour) Design                              | 180     | 180     | 180     | 180                    | 180     |
| Instantaneous Flux (GFD <sup>4</sup> ) <sup>5</sup> |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average for Month                                   | 7.9     | 8.1     | 8.2     |                        | 8.0     |
| Trans-Membrane Pressure (PSI) <sup>6</sup>          |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average for Month                                   | 0.4     | 0.5     | 0.4     |                        | 0.4     |
| Maximum for Month                                   | 1.8     | 1.7     | 1.5     |                        | 1.3     |
| (Average/Maximum) Design                            | 2.0/10  | 2.0/10  | 2.0/10  | 2.0/10                 | 2.0/10  |
| Permeate Temperature (°C) <sup>7</sup>              |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Minimum for Month                                   | 22.3    | 22.3    | 22.3    |                        | 22.3    |
| Design  | >12     | > 12    | > 12    | > 12                   | > 12    |
| Permeability at 20°C (GFD/PSI) <sup>8</sup>         |         |         |         |                        |         |
| Average for Month                                   | 18.8    | 16.0    | 19.5    |                        | 16.9    |
| (Recovery Clean Trigger) Design                     | < 3.0   | < 3.0   | < 3.0   | < 3.0                  | < 3.0   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Permeate turbidity – indication of membrane integrity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Permeate flow – compares operating to design capacity. The design capacity (AADF and PDF) are both based on entire treatment plant flow with four membrane trains available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Permeate flow rate – check of acute operating conditions to confirm peak hour design condition is not being approached. The design capacity (PHF) is based on entire treatment plant flow with five membrane trains available. The average rate is only for when the membrane is operating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "GFD" is shorthand for "GPD/Ft<sup>2</sup>". GFD is a flux measurement based on the flow (gallons/day) of permeate that passes through a square foot of membrane surface. Each train has one membrane cassette with 16,340 square feet of surface area (formerly 12,920 square feet).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Instantaneous flux – check of membrane operating flux. Instantaneous differs from net flux in that it does not account for backpulse and/or relax periods (It is therefore always slightly higher). The design condition is based on net flux and therefore not included. The permeate flow design conditions provide the same information since only a single cassette is operating in each membrane train.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Trans-membrane pressure – provides information related to fouling and biological process operation (MLSS and filterability). The average and maximum TMP are included for reference. Control system limits TMP to 8 psi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Permeate temperature – listed since the hydraulic capacity can be reduced when operating below the minimum design temperature (de-rating of membrane capacity).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Permeability (temperature corrected to 20°C) – parameter assesses fouled condition of membrane. The trigger value listed is from the GE O&M manual.