How to Mix Bleach Solutions

Know What Type of Bleach You Are Using

- Use only plain, liquid bleach that is fragrance-free and has the percentage of sodium hypochlorite listed on the label.
 - Many popular brands sell products that do not contain the active ingredient in bleach called sodium hypochlorite.
 - You will need to know the percentage of sodium hypochlorite to know how much bleach to mix with water.
 - The percentage ranges from 2.75% to 8.25%.

Safety Considerations

- People with respiratory conditions, like asthma or COPD, should not mix bleach solutions.
- If you decide to use a product other than bleach, including wipes, for sanitizing and • disinfecting, you are required by WAC to use an EPA-registered product and get your DCYF licensor's approval prior to use.

Where to Mix Bleach Solutions

- Mix bleach solutions in a well-ventilated area.
- Bleach solutions should never be mixed when children are present. The best place to mix . bleach solutions is in a laundry or utility room sink where children do not have access. If one of those spaces is not available, they can be mixed in a bathroom or kitchen sink.

What You Will Need

- Labor and Industries requires an eyewash • station, eye protection (goggles), gloves, and an apron when mixing bleach.
- A copy of the sodium hypochlorite Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)
- Measuring spoons and cups
- A container that shows either a 1 gallon or 1 • quart measurement
- A funnel

Spray bottles

- Make sure spray bottles are labeled with the contents (bleach and water), the percentage of sodium hypochlorite, and the date.
- Consider labeling the spray bottles with the class name so that they will be returned to the classroom they came from.
- Adjust the nozzle to the "stream" setting instead of the "mist" setting to make it less likely • to inhale the bleach solution.



Active Ingredient:	\frown
Sodium Hypochlorite:	
Other Ingredients:	
Total:	



Public Health Seattle & King County

Steps for Mixing Bleach Solutions

- 1. Make new sanitizing and disinfecting solutions every day. Bleach loses its ability to sanitize and disinfect over time when it is exposed to light or mixed with water.
- 2. Gather the disinfecting and sanitizing bottles in separate bins to avoid cross-contamination.
- 3. Empty any leftover contents in the spray bottles into the sink.
- 4. Mix bleach solutions using the chart below (<u>DOH Disinfecting and Sanitizing with Bleach</u> <u>Guidelines</u>):
 - a. Fill your mixing container with the appropriate amount of **cool water**.
 - b. Measure out the appropriate amount of bleach and add it to the water in the mixing container.
 - c. Mix gently.
- 5. **Use a funnel to avoid spills** when pouring the bleach solution from the mixing container into smaller spray bottles.
- 6. After the bleach solutions are mixed and the spray bottles are filled, **disinfect** any counter or surface that the spray bottles touched with the 3-step Method.

Disinfecting for Body Fluids, Bathrooms, and Diapering (~1000 ppm)

To be used on diaper changing tables, handwashing sinks, bathrooms (including toilet bowls, toilet seats, potty chairs and seats), door and cabinet handles, etc.

	Using a bleach (sodium hypochlorite) concentration of:		
Water	2.75%	5.25-6.5%	7.0-8.25%
1 Quart	3 Tablespoons	4 teaspoons	1 Tablespoon
1 Gallon	³∕₄ cup	⅓ cup	¼ cup

Sanitizing for Food Surfaces, in Kitchen, and Classrooms (~100 ppm)

To be used on eating utensils, classroom tables, food preparation surfaces, high chair trays, crib frames and mattresses, toys, pacifiers, floors, sleep mats, etc.

	Using a bleach (sodium hypochlorite) concentration of:			
Water	2.75%	5.25-6.5%	7.0-8.25%	
1 Quart	1 teaspoon	½ teaspoon	¼ teaspoon	
1 Gallon	1 Tablespoon	2 teaspoons	1 teaspoon	

Storing Bleach

- Keep bleach out of reach of children in a secured or locked cabinet so it doesn't fall and spill in an emergency.
- Store away from food.
- Store away from other chemicals (such as ammonia), acids, and other cleaners. If bleach mixes with common cleaning products, it can create gases that could cause serious injuries.