KING COUNTY



Signature Report

Ordinance

	Proposed No. 2023-0263.1	Sponsors Perry and Upthegrove
1	AN ORDINANCE re	elating to energy storage systems; and
2	amending Ordinance	10870, Section 43, as amended, and
3	K.C.C. 21A.06.015,	Ordinance 10870, Section 44, as
4	amended, and K.C.C	. 21A.06.020, Ordinance 10870,
5	Section 45, as amend	led, and K.C.C. 21A.06.025,
6	Ordinance 10870, Se	ction 330, as amended, and K.C.C.
7	21A.08.030, Ordina	nce 10870, Section 333, as amended,
8	and K.C.C. 21A.08.0	60, Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as
9	amended, and K.C.C	. 21A.08.090, Ordinance 10870,
10	Section 337, as amer	ded, and K.C.C. 21A.08.100,
11	Ordinance 10870, Se	ction 354, as amended, and K.C.C.
12	21A.12.170, Ordinar	ce 10870, Section 359, as amended,
13	and K.C.C. 21A.12.2	20, Ordinance 10870, Section 388, as
14	amended, and K.C.C	. 21A.16.030, Ordinance 10870,
15	Section 390, as amer	ded, and K.C.C. 21A.16.050,
16	Ordinance 10870, Se	ction 391, as amended, and K.C.C.
17	21A.16.060, adding	new sections to K.C.C. 21A.06, and
18	adding a new chapter	to K.C.C. Title 21A.
19	STATEMENT OF FACTS:	

20	1. Battery energy storage systems play a crucial role in modern energy
21	supply by providing efficient and flexible storage for electricity generated
22	from renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind power. They help
23	address the intermittent nature of these sources by storing excess
24	electricity during times of low demand and releasing it when demand is
25	high. This enhances grid stability and reliability when implemented on a
26	region-wide scale, and increases the reliability of electricity supply for
27	individual uses when installed to back up consumer-scale renewable
28	energy generation systems.
29	2. By making renewable energy sources more reliable, battery energy
30	storage systems can help King County meet its Strategic Climate Action
31	Plan goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in the county by eighty
32	percent by 2050.
33	3. The use of battery energy storage systems has been rapidly increasing
34	worldwide due to advancements in battery technology, decreasing costs,
35	and the growing adoption of renewable energy generation. The
36	deployment of large-scale battery energy storage systems has witnessed
37	substantial growth in recent years, driven by both utility-scale installations
38	and distributed systems at residential, commercial, and industrial levels.
39	4. Because widespread use of these systems is a relatively recent
40	phenomenon, there are not currently regulations in King County's zoning
41	code that specifically address them.

42	4. While battery energy storage systems offer the advantages cited above,
43	there are also potential risks associated with this technology. Fire and
44	explosion incidents have been reported at battery energy generation
45	facilities in the Unites States and abroad, arising from the nature of the
46	battery chemistry and the large energy storage capacity.
47	5. The Washington Administrative Code recognizes this potential danger
48	and includes new requirements, effective October 2023, intended to
49	minimize the risk of fire and explosion doing damage to nearby structures
50	and properties.
51	6. While these measures are important at minimizing damage should a
52	catastrophic incident occur, it is important that the owners of battery
53	energy storage systems carry financial responsibility, such as insurance,
54	that will cover costs associated with such an incident, as well as any costs
55	associated with decommissioning that facility at the end of its useful life.
56	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
57	SECTION 1. Ordinance 10870, Section 43, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.06.015
58	are each hereby amended as follows:
59	Accessory use, commercial/industrial: an accessory use to a commercial or
60	industrial use, including, but not limited to:
61	A. Administrative offices;
62	B. Employee exercise facilities;
63	C. Employee food service facilities;

64 D. Incidental storage of raw materials and finished products sold or manufactured on-site; 65 66 E. Business owner or caretaker residence; 67 F. Cogeneration facilities; 68 G. Ground maintenance facilities; ((and)) 69 H. Consumer-scale renewable energy systems; and 70 I. Consumer-scale battery energy storage systems. 71 SECTION 2. Ordinance 10870, Section 44, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.06.020 72 are each hereby amended as follows: 73 Accessory use, residential: an accessory use to a residential use, including, but not limited to: 74 A. Accessory living quarters and dwellings; 75 76 B. Fallout or bomb shelters; C. Keeping household pets or operating a hobby cattery or hobby kennel; 77 D. On-site rental office; 78 79 E. Pools, private docks, or piers; 80 F. Antennae for private telecommunication services; 81 G. Storage of yard maintenance equipment; H. Storage of private vehicles, such as motor vehicles, boats, trailers, or planes; 82 83 I. Greenhouses; J. Recreation space areas required under K.C.C. 21A.14.180 and play areas 84 85 required under K.C.C. 21A.14.190; 86 K. Home occupations and home industries under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30; ((and))

87	L. Consumer-scale renewable energy systems; and
88	M. Consumer-scale battery energy storage systems.
89	SECTION 3. Ordinance 10870, Section 45, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.06.025
90	are each hereby amended as follows:
91	Accessory use, resource: an accessory use to a resource use, including, but not
92	limited to:
93	A. Housing of agricultural workers;
94	B. Storage of agricultural products or equipment used on site; ((and))
95	C. Consumer-scale renewable energy systems; and
96	D. Consumer-scale battery energy storage systems.
97	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to K.C.C. Chapter 21A.06
98	a new section to read as follows:
99	Battery energy storage system: A facility designed and constructed for the
100	purpose of storing electrical energy using battery technology. Battery energy storage
101	system does not include consumer-scale battery energy storage systems.
102	NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. There is hereby added to K.C.C. Chapter 21A.06
103	a new section to read as follows:
104	Consumer-scale battery energy storage system: A facility designed and
105	constructed for the purpose of storing electrical energy using battery technology, and
106	used solely to store energy for use on the site on which the system is located, excluding
107	net metering.
108	SECTION 6. Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as amended, and K.C.C.
109	21A.08.030 are each hereby amended as follows:

110 A. Residential land uses.

P-Permitted Use		RES	RESOURCE			RESIDENTIAL			COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRI				
C-Conditional Use					U				AL				
S-Speci	al Use				R								
					A								
					L								
SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-	R12	NB	СВ	RB	0	I
	USE						8	-48					
	DWELLING												
	UNITS, TYPES:												
*	Single Detached	P	P2		P	P	P	P	P15				
		C1			C1	C1	C12	C12					
		2			2	2							
*	Townhouse				C4	C4	P11	P	P3	Р3	P3	P3	
							C12						
*	Apartment				C4	C4	P5	P	P3	Р3	P3	P3	
							C5						
*	Mobile Home Park				S13		C8	P					
*	Cottage Housing						P15						
	GROUP												
	RESIDENCES:												
*	Community				С	С	P14.	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	Residential Facility-I						a C						
*	Community						P14.	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	Residential Facility-II						b						
*	Dormitory				C6	C6	C6	P					\vdash

*	Senior Citizen				P4	P4	P	P3	P3	P3	Р3	
	Assisted Housing											
	ACCESSORY											
	USES:											
*	Residential Accessory	P7										
	Uses											
*	Home Occupation	P18										
*	Home Industry	С		С	С	С						
	TEMPORARY											
	LODGING:											
7011	Hotel/Motel (1)								P	P	P	
*	Bed and Breakfast	P9		P9	P9	P9	P9	P9	P10	P10		
	Guesthouse											
7041	Organization					P17				P		
	Hotel/Lodging											
	Houses											

B. Development conditions.

- 1. Except bed and breakfast guesthouses.
- 2. In the forest production district, the following conditions apply:
 - a. Site disturbance associated with development of any new residence shall be limited to three acres. Site disturbance shall mean all land alterations including, but not limited to, grading, utility installation, landscaping, clearing for crops, on-site sewage disposal systems, and driveways. Additional site disturbance for agriculture, including raising livestock, up to the smaller of thirty-five percent of the lot or seven aces, may be approved only if a farm management plan is prepared in accordance with K.C.C. chapter

120	21A.30. Animal densities shall be based on the area devoted to animal care and not the
121	total area of the lot;
122	b. A forest management plan shall be required for any new residence in the
123	forest production district, that shall be reviewed and approved by the King County
124	department of natural resources and parks before building permit issuance; and
125	c. The forest management plan shall incorporate a fire protection element that
126	includes fire safety best management practices developed by the department.
127	3. Only as part of a mixed use development subject to the conditions of K.C.C.
128	chapter 21A.14, except that in the NB zone on properties with a land use designation of
129	commercial outside of center (CO) in the urban areas, stand-alone townhouse
130	developments are permitted subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.040, 21A.14.030, 21A.14.060 and
131	21A.14.180.
132	4. Only in a building listed on the National Register as an historic site or
133	designated as a King County landmark subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
134	5.a. In the R-1 zone, apartment units are permitted, if:
135	(1) At least fifty percent of the site is constrained by unbuildable critical
136	areas. For purposes of this subsection, unbuildable critical areas includes wetlands,
137	aquatic areas, and slopes forty percent or steeper and associated buffers; and
138	(2) The density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net
139	buildable area.
140	b. In the R-4 through R-8 zones, apartment units are permitted if the density
141	does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area.

142	c. If the proposal will exceed base density for the zone in which it is proposed,
143	a conditional use permit is required.
144	6. Only as accessory to a school, college, university, or church.
145	7.a. Accessory dwelling units are subject to the following standards:
146	(1) Only one accessory dwelling per primary single detached dwelling or
147	townhouse unit;
148	(2) Only allowed in the same building as the primary dwelling unit, except
149	that detached accessory dwelling units are allowed when there is no more than one
150	primary dwelling unit on the lot, and the following conditions are met:
151	(a) the lot must be three thousand two hundred square feet or greater if
152	located in the urban area or a rural town; or
153	(b) the lot must meet the minimum lot area for the applicable zone if located
154	in the rural area but not in a rural town, except that if one transferable development right
155	is purchased from the Rural Area or Natural Resource Lands under K.C.C. chapter
156	21A.37, a detached accessory dwelling unit is allowed on a RA-5 zoned lot that is two
157	and one-half acres or greater;
158	(3) The accessory dwelling unit shall not exceed one thousand square feet of
159	heated floor area and one thousand square feet of unheated floor area except:
160	(a) when the accessory dwelling unit is wholly contained within a basement
161	or attic, this limitation does not apply;
162	(b) for detached accessory dwelling units, the floor area contained in a
163	basement does not count toward the floor area maximum; or

(c) on a site zoned RA if one transferable development right is purchased
from the Rural Area or Natural Resource Lands under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, the
accessory dwelling unit is permitted a maximum heated floor area of one thousand five
hundred square feet and one thousand five-hundred square feet of unheated floor area;
(4) Accessory dwelling units that are not wholly contained within an existing
dwelling unit shall not exceed the base height established in 21A.12.030;
(5) When the primary and accessory dwelling units are located in the same
building, or in multiple buildings connected by a breezeway or other structure, only one
entrance may front a street;
(6) No additional off-street parking spaces are required for accessory
dwelling units;
(7) The primary dwelling unit or the accessory dwelling unit shall be
occupied either by the owner of the primary dwelling unit or by an immediate family
member of the owner. Immediate family members are limited to spouses, siblings,
parents, grandparents, children, and grandchildren, either by blood, adoption, or
marriage, of the owner. The accessory dwelling unit shall be converted to another
permitted use or shall be removed if neither dwelling unit is occupied by the owner or an
immediate family member;
(8) An applicant seeking to build an accessory dwelling unit shall file a notice
approved by the department of executive services, records and licensing services
division, that identifies the dwelling unit as accessory. The notice shall run with the land.

The applicant shall submit proof that the notice was filed before the department approves

186	any permit for the construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The required contents and
187	form of the notice shall be set forth in administrative rules;
188	(9) Accessory dwelling units are not allowed in the F zone;
189	(10) Accessory dwelling units should be designed to be compatible with the
190	primary dwelling unit and the surrounding properties, including material, colors, and
191	building forms; and
192	(11) The applicant should consider a siting alternatives study that analyzes
193	placement options of the accessory dwelling unit on the property to minimize impacts to
194	privacy and views for surrounding property owners.
195	b. Accessory living quarters:
196	(1) are limited to one per lot;
197	(2) are allowed only on lots of three thousand two hundred square feet or
198	greater when located in the urban area or a rural town;
199	(3) shall not exceed the base height as established in K.C.C. 21A.12.030;
200	(4) shall not exceed one thousand square feet of heated floor area and one
201	thousand square feet of unheated floor area; and
202	(5) are not allowed in the F zone.
203	c. One single or twin engine, noncommercial aircraft shall be permitted only
204	on lots that abut, or have a legal access that is not a county right-of-way, to a waterbody
205	or landing field, but only if there are:
206	(1) no aircraft sales, service, repair, charter, or rental; and
207	(2) no storage of aviation fuel except that contained in the tank or tanks of the
208	aircraft.

209	d. consumer-scale battery energy storage systems with a capacity of one
210	megawatt or greater shall comply with the requirements for battery energy storage
211	systems in K.C.C. 21A.08.100.B.30.
212	e. Buildings for residential accessory uses in the RA and A zone shall not
213	exceed five thousand square feet of gross floor area, except for buildings related to
214	agriculture or forestry.
215	8. Mobile home parks shall not be permitted in the R-1 zones.
216	9. Only as accessory to the permanent residence of the operator, and:
217	a. Serving meals shall be limited to paying guests; and
218	b. The number of persons accommodated per night shall not exceed five,
219	except that a structure that satisfies the standards of the International Building Code as
220	adopted by King County for R-1 occupancies may accommodate up to ten persons per
221	night.
222	10. Only if part of a mixed use development, and subject to the conditions of
223	subsection B.9. of this section.
224	11. Townhouses are permitted, but shall be subject to a conditional use permit if
225	exceeding base density.
226	12. Required before approving more than one dwelling on individual lots,
227	except on lots in subdivisions, short subdivisions, or binding site plans approved for
228	multiple unit lots, and except as provided for accessory dwelling units in subsection B.7.
229	of this section.
230	13. No new mobile home parks are allowed in a rural zone.
231	14.a. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities.

232	b. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities with no more than eighteen
233	residents or staff.
234	15. Only in the R4-R8 zones subject to the following standards:
235	a. Developments shall contain only cottage housing units with no fewer than
236	three units. If the site contains an existing home that is not being demolished, the
237	existing house is not required to comply with the height limitation in K.C.C.
238	21A.12.020.B.25. or the floor area and footprint limits in K.C.C. 21A.14.025.B.;
239	b. Cottage housing developments should consider including a variety of
240	housing sizes, such as units with a range of bedroom sizes or total floor area; and
241	c. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
242	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
243	16. The development for a detached single-family residence shall be consistent
244	with the following:
245	a. The lot must have legally existed before March 1, 2005;
246	b. The lot has a Comprehensive Plan land use designation of Rural
247	Neighborhood Commercial Center or Rural Area; and
248	c. The standards of this title for the RA-5 zone shall apply.
249	17. Only in the R-1 zone as an accessory to a golf facility and consistent with
250	K.C.C. 21A.08.040.
251	18. Allowed if consistent with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
252	SECTION 7. Ordinance 10870, Section 333, as amended, and K.C.C.
253	21A.08.060 are each hereby amended as follows:
254	A. Government/business services land uses.

P-Permitted Use RESOURCE					RESI	DENT	IAL	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIA					
nditional Use				RA				L					
cial Use				L									
SPECIFIC LAND	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1	R1	NB	СВ	RB	0	I	
USE						-8	2-					(30	
							48)	
GOVERNMENT													
SERVICES:													
Public agency or				P3	P3	P3	P3	P	P	P	P	P16	
utility office				C5	C5	С	С						
Public agency or				P2	P27	P2	P27			P		P	
utility yard				7		7							
Public agency										P	P	P	
archives													
Court									P4	P	P		
Police Facility				P7	P7	P7	P7	P7	P	P	P	P	
Fire Facility				C6	C6	C6	C6	P	P	P	P	P	
				and									
				33									
Utility Facility	P2	P2	P2	P2	P29	P2	P29	P	P	P	P	P	
	9	9	9	9	C28	9	C2						
	C2	C2	C2	C2		C2	8						
	8	8	8	8		8							
				and									
				33									
Commuter Parking				С	С	С	С	P	P	P	P	P35	
Lot				33	P19	P1	19						
	SPECIFIC LAND USE GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Public agency or utility office Public agency or utility yard Public agency archives Court Police Facility Fire Facility Commuter Parking	SPECIFIC LAND USE GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Public agency or utility office Public agency or utility yard Public agency archives Court Police Facility Fire Facility Utility Facility P2 9 C2 8	SPECIFIC LAND USE GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Public agency or utility office Public agency or utility yard Public agency archives Court Police Facility Fire Facility Utility Facility P2 9 9 C2 C2 8 8 8	SPECIFIC LAND A F M USE GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Public agency or utility office Public agency or utility yard Public agency archives Court Police Facility Fire Facility Utility Facility P2 P2 P2 9 9 9 C2 C2 C2 8 8 8	cial Use Cial Use Cial Use Cial Use Commuter Parking A F M RA L RA RA	riditional Use cial Use SPECIFIC LAND USE A F M RA UR GOVERNMENT SERVICES: Public agency or utility office Public agency or utility yard Public agency archives Court Police Facility Fire Facility P7 P7 Fire Facility P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P29 P9 P9 P9 P29 C28 C2 C2 C2 C2 R8 R8 R8 R8 and 33 Commuter Parking Commuter Parking C M RA UR RA L RA L CR RA L L RA RA	RA	SPECIFIC LAND A F M RA UR R1 R1 L8 L8 L8 L8 L8 L8 L8 L	RA	RA L L L L L L L L L	Name	Name	

					P1		9						
					9								
*	Private Stormwater	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P8
	Management Facility												
*	Vactor Waste	P	P	P	P1	P18	P1	P18	P31	P31	P31	P31	P
	Receiving Facility				8		8						
	BUSINESS												
	SERVICES:												
*	Construction and				P3						P	P9	P
	Trade				4								
*	Individual									P25	P	P10	P
	Transportation and												
	Taxi												
421	Trucking and Courier									P11	P12	P13	P
	Service												
*	Warehousing, (1) and												P
	Wholesale Trade												
*	Self-service Storage							P14	P37	P	P	P	P
4221	Farm Product												P
4222	Warehousing,												
	Refrigeration and												
	Storage (38)												
*	Log Storage (38)		P		P2								P
					6								
					and								
					33								
47	Transportation												P39
l	<u> </u>	i .			ı	l	<u> </u>	1	l .	1	1	l	ı

	Service										
473	Freight and Cargo								P	P	P
7/3									1	1	1
	Service										
472	Passenger							P	P	P	
	Transportation										
	Service										
48	Communication								P	P	P
	Offices										
482	Telegraph and other							P	P	P	P
	Communications										
*	General Business						P	P	P	P	P16
	Service										
*	Professional Office						P	P	P	P	P16
7312	Outdoor Advertising								P	P17	P
	Service										
735	Miscellaneous							P17	P	P17	P
	Equipment Rental										
751	Automotive Rental							P	P		P
	and Leasing										
752	Automotive Parking						P20	P20b	P21	P20	P
							a			a	
*	Off-Street Required		Р3	P32	P3	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32
	Parking Lot		2		2						
7941	Professional Sport								P	P	
	Teams/Promoters										
873	Research,								P2	P2	P2
	Development and										

	Testing											
*	Heavy Equipment and											P
	Truck Repair											
	ACCESSORY											
	USES:											
*	Commercial/Industria		P <u>4</u>	P2				P22	P22	P <u>41</u>	P <u>41</u>	P <u>41</u>
	1 Accessory Uses		1	2				<u>P41</u>	<u>P41</u>			
				<u>P4</u>								
				1								
*	Helistop			40	C23	C2	C2	C23	C23	C24	C2	C2
						33	3				3	4

B. Development conditions.

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- 1. Except self-service storage.
- 257 2. Except SIC Industry No. 8732-Commercial Economic, Sociological, and Educational Research, see general business service/office.
- 3.a. Only as a reuse of a public school facility or a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32; or
- b. only when accessory to a fire facility and the office is no greater than one thousand five hundred square feet of floor area.
- 4. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
 - 5. New utility office locations only if there is no commercial/industrial zoning in the utility district, and not in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no feasible alternative location is possible, and provided further that this condition

268	applies to the UR zone only if the property is located within a designated unincorporated
269	Rural Town.
270	6.a. All buildings and structures shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty
271	feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones;
272	b. Any buildings from which fire-fighting equipment emerges onto a street
273	shall maintain a distance of thirty-five feet from such street;
274	c. No outdoor storage; and
275	d. Excluded from the RA-10 and RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no
276	feasible alternative location is possible.
277	7. Limited to storefront police offices. Such offices shall not have:
278	a. holding cells;
279	b. suspect interview rooms (except in the NB zone); or
280	c. long-term storage of stolen properties.
281	8. Private stormwater management facilities serving development proposals
282	located on commercial/industrial zoned lands shall also be located on
283	commercial/industrial lands, unless participating in an approved shared facility drainage
284	plan. Such facilities serving development within an area designated urban in the King
285	County Comprehensive Plan shall only be located in the urban area.
286	9. No outdoor storage of materials.
287	10. Limited to office uses.
288	11. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to
289	a gasoline service station.

290	12. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to
291	a gasoline service station and SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
292	13. Limited to SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
293	14. Accessory to an apartment development of at least twelve units provided:
294	a. The gross floor area in self service storage shall not exceed the total gross
295	floor area of the apartment dwellings on the site;
296	b. All outdoor lights shall be deflected, shaded, and focused away from all
297	adjoining property;
298	c. The use of the facility shall be limited to dead storage of household goods;
299	d. No servicing or repair of motor vehicles, boats, trailers, lawn mowers, or
300	similar equipment;
301	e. No outdoor storage or storage of flammable liquids, highly combustible or
302	explosive materials, or hazardous chemicals;
303	f. No residential occupancy of the storage units;
304	g. No business activity other than the rental of storage units; and
305	h. A resident director shall be required on the site and shall be responsible for
306	maintaining the operation of the facility in conformance with the conditions of approval.
307	i. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
308	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
309	15. Repealed.
310	16. Only as an accessory use to another permitted use.
311	17. No outdoor storage.

312	18. Only as an accessory use to a public agency or utility yard, or to a transfer
313	station.
314	19. Limited to new commuter parking lots designed for thirty or fewer parking
315	spaces or commuter parking lots located on existing parking lots for churches, schools, or
316	other permitted nonresidential uses that have excess capacity available during
317	commuting; provided that the new or existing lot is adjacent to a designated arterial that
318	has been improved to a standard acceptable to the department of local services;
319	20.a. No tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned, or otherwise impounded vehicles,
320	and
321	b. Tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned, or otherwise impounded vehicles shall
322	be:
323	(1) permitted only on parcels located within Vashon Town Center;
324	(2) accessory to a gas or automotive service use; and
325	(3) limited to no more than ten vehicles.
326	21. No dismantling or salvage of damaged, abandoned, or otherwise impounded
327	vehicles.
328	22. Storage limited to accessory storage of commodities sold at retail on the
329	premises or materials used in the fabrication of commodities sold on the premises.
330	23. Limited to emergency medical evacuation sites in conjunction with police,
331	fire, or health service facility. Helistops are prohibited from the UR zone only if the
332	property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.
333	24. Allowed as accessory to an allowed use.

334	25. Limited to private road ambulance services with no outside storage of
335	vehicles.
336	26. Limited to two acres or less.
337	27a. Utility yards only on sites with utility district offices; or
338	b. Public agency yards are limited to material storage for road maintenance
339	facilities.
340	28. Limited to local distribution gas storage tanks that pipe to individual
341	residences but excluding liquefied natural gas storage tanks.
342	29. Excluding local distribution gas storage tanks.
343	30. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the
344	King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shall be subject to the provisions for rural
345	industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.
346	31. Vactor waste treatment, storage, and disposal shall be limited to liquid
347	materials. Materials shall be disposed of directly into a sewer system, or shall be stored
348	in tanks (or other covered structures), as well as enclosed buildings.
349	32. Provided:
350	a. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the urban area must be
351	located in the urban area;
352	b. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the rural area must be
353	located in the rural area; and
354	c.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.32.c.(2) of this section, off-street
355	required parking must be located on a lot that would permit, either outright or through a
356	land use permit approval process, the land use the off-street parking will serve.

357	(2) For a social service agency allowed under K.C.C. 21A.08.050B.13.b. to
358	be located on a site in the NB zone, off-street required parking may be located on a site
359	within three hundred feet of the social service agency, regardless of zoning classification
360	of the site on which the parking is located.
361	33. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor
362	provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone.
363	34. Limited to landscape and horticultural services (SIC 078) that are accessory
364	to a retail nursery, garden center, and farm supply store. Construction equipment for the
365	accessory use shall not be stored on the premises.
366	35. Allowed as a primary or accessory use to an allowed industrial-zoned land
367	use.
368	36. Repealed.
369	37. Use shall be limited to the NB zone on parcels outside of the Urban Growth
370	Area, Rural Towns and Rural Neighborhoods and the building floor area devoted to such
371	use shall not exceed ten thousand square feet.
372	38. If the farm product warehousing, refrigeration and storage, or log storage, is
373	associated with agriculture activities it will be reviewed in accordance with K.C.C.
374	21A.08.090.
375	39. Excluding fossil fuel facilities.
376	40. Helistops are not allowed in the RA zone as an accessory to a government or
377	business services use, but may be allowed in that zone as part of a search and rescue
378	facility, subject to K.C.C. 21A.08.100.B.30.

- 379 41. Consumer-scale battery energy storage systems with a capacity of one
 380 megawatt or greater shall comply with the requirements for battery energy storage
 381 systems in K.C.C. 21A.08.100.B.30.
 382 SECTION 8. Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C.
 383 21A.08.090 are each hereby amended as follows:
 - A. Resource land uses.

P-Permit	ted Use	RES	OUR	CE	R	RES	IDEN'	TIA	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIA					
C-Condit	ional Use				U	L			L					
S-Special	Use				R									
					A									
					L									
SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1	R1	NB	СВ	RB	О	I	
	USE						-8	2-						
								48						
12	Coal Mining													
13	Oil and Gas													
	Extraction													
	AGRICULTURE:													
01	Growing and	P	P		P	P	P						P	
	Harvesting Crops													
02	Raising Livestock	P	P		P	P							P	
	and Small Animals													
	(6)													
*	Agricultural	P2	P2		P24	P24								
	Activities	4C	4C		С	С								
*	Agricultural	P2	P2		P26	P26	P2		P27	P27				

	Support Services	5C	5C		С	С	6C	C28	C28			
*	Marijuana producer	P1			P16				P18	P18		P2
		5			C1				C19	C19		0
		C2			7							C2
		2										1
*	Agriculture	C1										
	Training Facility	0										
*	Agriculture-related	P1										
	special needs camp	2										
*	Agricultural	P1										
	Anaerobic Digester	3										
	FORESTRY:											
08	Growing &	P	P	P7	P	P	P					P
	Harvesting Forest											
	Production											
*	Forest Research		P		P	P					P2	P
	FISH AND											
	WILDLIFE											
	MANAGEMENT:											
0921	Hatchery/Fish	P	P		P	P	С					P
	Preserve (1)											
0273	Aquaculture (1)	P	P		P	P	С					P
*	Wildlife Shelters	P	P		P	P						
	MINERAL:											
10, 14	Mineral Extraction		P9	P								
	and Processing		С	C1								
				1								
												<u> </u>

2951,	Asphalt/Concrete		P8	P8						P
3271,	Mixtures and Block		C1	C1						
3273			1	1						
	ACCESSORY									
	USES:									
*	Resource	Р3	P4	P5	P3	P3				P4
	Accessory Uses	P2	<u>P2</u>	<u>P2</u>	<u>P29</u>	<u>P29</u>				<u>P2</u>
		3	9	9						<u>9</u>
		<u>P2</u>								
		9								
*	Farm Worker	P1			P14					
	Housing	4								

B. Development conditions.

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1. May be further subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.25.

2. Only forest research conducted within an enclosed building.

3. Farm residences in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.030.

4. Excluding housing for agricultural workers.

5. Limited to either maintenance or storage facilities, or both, in conjunction

with mineral extraction or processing operation.

6. Allowed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.

7. Only in conjunction with a mineral extraction site plan approved in

accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.22.

395	8. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or
396	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
397	long-term lease or an easement:
398	a. as accessory to a primary mineral extraction use;
399	b. as a continuation of a mineral processing only for that period to complete
400	delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of a mineral extraction; or
401	c. for a public works project under a temporary grading permit issued in
402	accordance with K.C.C. 16.82.152.
403	9. Limited to mineral extraction and processing:
404	a. on a lot or group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control,
405	which includes but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an
406	easement;
407	b. that are located greater than one-quarter mile from an established residence
408	and
409	c. that do not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential
410	use.
411	10. Agriculture training facilities are allowed only as an accessory to existing
412	agricultural uses and are subject to the following conditions:
413	a. The impervious surface associated with the agriculture training facilities
414	shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted
415	under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;
416	b. New or the expansion of existing structures, or other site improvements,
417	shall not be located on class 1, 2 or 3 soils;

410	c. The director may require reuse of surplus structures to the maximum extent
419	practical;
420	d. The director may require the clustering of new structures with existing
421	structures;
422	e. New structures or other site improvements shall be set back a minimum
423	distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential
424	zones;
425	f. Bulk and design of structures shall be compatible with the architectural style
426	of the surrounding agricultural community;
427	g. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;
428	h. Traffic generated shall not impede the safe and efficient movement of
429	agricultural vehicles, nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural roads;
430	i. Agriculture training facilities may be used to provide educational services to
431	the surrounding rural/agricultural community or for community events. Property owners
432	may be required to obtain a temporary use permit for community events in accordance
433	with K.C.C. chapter 21A.32;
434	j. Use of lodging and food service facilities shall be limited only to activities
435	conducted in conjunction with training and education programs or community events
436	held on site;
437	k. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that
438	directly support education and training activities or farm operations; and

439	1. The King County agriculture commission shall be notified of and have an
440	opportunity to comment upon all proposed agriculture training facilities during the permit
441	process in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.40.
442	11. Continuation of mineral processing and asphalt/concrete mixtures and block
443	uses after reclamation in accordance with an approved reclamation plan.
444	12.a. Activities at the camp shall be limited to agriculture and agriculture-
445	oriented activities. In addition, activities that place minimal stress on the site's
446	agricultural resources or activities that are compatible with agriculture are permitted.
447	(1) passive recreation;
448	(2) training of individuals who will work at the camp;
449	(3) special events for families of the campers; and
450	(4) agriculture education for youth.
451	b. Outside the camp center, as provided for in subsection B.12.e. of this
452	section, camp activities shall not preclude the use of the site for agriculture and
453	agricultural related activities, such as the processing of local food to create value-added
454	products and the refrigeration and storage of local agricultural products. The camp shall
455	be managed to coexist with agriculture and agricultural activities both onsite and in the
456	surrounding area.
457	c. A farm plan shall be required for commercial agricultural production to
458	ensure adherence to best management practices and soil conservation.
459	d.(1) The minimum site area shall be five hundred acres. Unless the property
460	owner has sold or transferred the development rights as provided in subsection B.12.c.(3)
461	of this section a minimum of five hundred acres of the site must be owned by a single

individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity and must remain under the
ownership of a single individual, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity for the
duration of the operation of the camp.

- (2) Nothing in subsection B.12.d.(1) of this section prohibits the property owner from selling or transferring the development rights for a portion or all of the site to the King County farmland preservation program or, if the development rights are extinguished as part of the sale or transfer, to a nonprofit entity approved by the director;
- e. The impervious surface associated with the camp shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;
- f. Structures for living quarters, dining facilities, medical facilities, and other nonagricultural camp activities shall be located in a camp center. The camp center shall be no more than fifty acres and shall depicted on a site plan. New structures for nonagricultural camp activities shall be clustered with existing structures;
- g. To the extent practicable, existing structures shall be reused. The applicant shall demonstrate to the director that a new structure for nonagricultural camp activities cannot be practicably accommodated within an existing structure on the site, though cabins for campers shall be permitted only if they do not already exist on site;
- h. Camp facilities may be used to provide agricultural educational services to the surrounding rural and agricultural community or for community events. If required by K.C.C. chapter 21A.32, the property owner shall obtain a temporary use permit for community events;
- i. Lodging and food service facilities shall only be used for activities related to the camp or for agricultural education programs or community events held on site;

485	j. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that
486	directly support camp activities, farm operations, or agricultural education programs;
487	k. New nonagricultural camp structures and site improvements shall maintain a
488	minimum set-back of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and
489	residential zones;
490	1. Except for legal nonconforming structures existing as of January 1, 2007,
491	camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall, and activity rooms, shall be
492	of a scale to serve overnight camp users;
493	m. Landscaping equivalent to a type III landscaping screen, as provided for in
494	K.C.C. 21A.16.040, of at least twenty feet shall be provided for nonagricultural structures
495	and site improvements located within two hundred feet of an adjacent rural area and
496	residential zoned property not associated with the camp;
497	n. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;
498	o. The total number of persons staying overnight shall not exceed three
499	hundred;
500	p. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp
501	personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period;
502	q. Traffic generated by camp activities shall not impede the safe and efficient
503	movement of agricultural vehicles nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural
504	roads;
505	r. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be
506	directly onto the arterial unless the county road engineer determines that direct access is
507	unsafe;

508	s. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation
509	management measures shall be used to minimize adverse traffic impacts;
510	t. Camp recreational activities shall not involve the use of motor vehicles
511	unless the motor vehicles are part of an agricultural activity or are being used for the
512	transportation of campers, camp personnel, or the families of campers. Camp personnel
513	may use motor vehicles for the operation and maintenance of the facility. Client-specific
514	motorized personal mobility devices are allowed; and
515	u. Lights to illuminate the camp or its structures shall be arranged to reflect the
516	light away from any adjacent property.
517	13. Limited to digester receiving plant and animal and other organic waste from
518	agricultural activities, and including electrical generation, as follows:
519	a. the digester must be included as part of a Washington state Department of
520	Agriculture approved dairy nutrient plan;
521	b. the digester must process at least seventy percent livestock manure or other
522	agricultural organic material from farms in the vicinity, by volume;
523	c. imported organic waste-derived material, such as food processing waste,
524	may be processed in the digester for the purpose of increasing methane gas production for
525	beneficial use, but not shall exceed thirty percent of volume processed by the digester;
526	and
527	d. the use must be accessory to an operating dairy or livestock operation.
528	14. Farm worker housing. Either:
529	a. Temporary farm worker housing subject to the following conditions:

530	(1) The housing must be licensed by the Washington state Department of
531	Health under chapter 70.114A RCW and chapter 246-358 WAC;
532	(2) Water supply and sewage disposal systems must be approved by the
533	Seattle King County department of health;
534	(3) To the maximum extent practical, the housing should be located on
535	nonfarmable areas that are already disturbed and should not be located in the floodplain
36	or in a critical area or critical area buffer; and
537	(4) The property owner shall file with the department of executive services,
38	records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department identifying
539	the housing as temporary farm worker housing and that the housing shall be occupied
540	only by agricultural employees and their families while employed by the owner or
541	operator or on a nearby farm. The notice shall run with the land; or
542	b. Housing for agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or
543	operator of the farm year-round as follows:
544	(1) Not more than:
545	(a) one agricultural employee dwelling unit on a site less than twenty acres;
546	(b) two agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least twenty
547	acres and less than fifty acres;
548	(c) three agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least fifty acres
549	and less than one-hundred acres; and
550	(d) four agricultural employee dwelling units on a site of at least one-
551	hundred acres, and one additional agricultural employee dwelling unit for each additional
552	one hundred acres thereafter;

553	(2) If the primary use of the site changes to a nonagricultural use, all
554	agricultural employee dwelling units shall be removed;
555	(3) The applicant shall file with the department of executive services, records
556	and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department that identifies the
557	agricultural employee dwelling units as accessory and that the dwelling units shall only
558	be occupied by agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or operator year-
559	round. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit to the department
560	proof that the notice was filed with the department of executive services, records and
561	licensing services division, before the department approves any permit for the
562	construction of agricultural employee dwelling units;
563	(4) An agricultural employee dwelling unit shall not exceed a floor area of
564	one thousand square feet and may be occupied by no more than eight unrelated
565	agricultural employees;
566	(5) To the maximum extent practical, the housing should be located on
567	nonfarmable areas that are already disturbed;
568	(6) One off-street parking space shall be provided for each agricultural
569	employee dwelling unit; and
570	(7) The agricultural employee dwelling units shall be constructed in
571	compliance with K.C.C. Title 16.
572	15. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington
573	state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:
574	a. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres;

575	b. With a lighting plan, only if required by and that complies with K.C.C.
576	21A.12.220.G.;
577	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
578	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
579	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
580	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
581	are imported onto the site;
582	d. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and
583	within structures that are nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013,
584	subject to the size limitations in subsection B.15.e. of this section;
585	e. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
586	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum
587	aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or
588	marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or
589	may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013;
590	f. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor
591	and Cannabis Board, marijuana greenhouses and nondwelling unit structures shall
592	maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of thirty
593	feet; and
594	g. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold of plant canopy combined
595	with area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 is exceeded, each and every
596	marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot

597	threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection
598	B.22. of this section.
599	16. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington
600	state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:
601	a. Marijuana producers in all RA zoned areas except for Vashon-Maury Island,
602	that do not require a conditional use permit issued by King County, that receive a
603	Washington state Liquor and Cannabis Board license business before October 1, 2016,
604	and that King County did not object to within the Washington state Liquor and Cannabis
605	Board marijuana license application process, shall be considered nonconforming as to
606	subsection B.16.d. and h. of this section, subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.020
607	through 21A.32.075 for nonconforming uses;
608	b. In all rural area zones, only with a lighting plan that complies with K.C.C.
609	21A.12.220.G.;
610	c. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres on Vashon-Maury
611	Island;
612	d. Only allowed in the RA-10 or the RA-20 zone, on lots of at least ten acres,
613	except on Vashon-Maury Island;
614	e. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
615	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
616	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
617	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
618	are imported onto the site;

619	f. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and within
620	nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013, subject to the size limitations
621	in subsection B.16.g. of this section; and
622	g. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
623	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum
624	aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or
625	marijuana greenhouse, that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area, or
626	may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013;
627	h. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor
628	and Cannabis Board and marijuana greenhouses shall maintain a minimum street setback
629	of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one hundred feet; and a minimum setback
630	of one hundred fifty feet from any existing residence; and
631	i. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold of plant canopy within
632	fenced areas or marijuana greenhouses is exceeded, each and every marijuana-related
633	entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-foot threshold area on that
634	lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in subsection B.17. of this section.
635	17. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington
636	state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:
637	a. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres on Vashon-Maury
638	Island;
639	b. Only allowed in the RA-10 or the RA-20 zone, on lots of at least ten acres,
640	except on Vashon-Maury Island;

641	c. In all rural area zones, only with a lighting plan that complies with K.C.C.
642	21A.12.220.G.;
643	d. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
644	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
645	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
646	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
647	are imported onto the site;
648	e. Production is limited to outdoor and indoor within marijuana greenhouses subject to
649	the size limitations in subsection B.17.f. of this section;
650	f. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
651	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be limited to a maximum
652	aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a fenced area or
653	marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than that combined area;
654	and
655	g. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor and
656	Cannabis Board, and marijuana greenhouses shall maintain a minimum street setback of
657	fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one hundred feet, and a minimum setback of
658	one hundred fifty feet from any existing residence.
659	18.a. Production is limited to indoor only;
660	b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C.
661	21A.12.220.G.;
662	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound Clean Air
663	Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either

664	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
665	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
666	are imported onto the site; and
667	d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with any area
668	used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum aggregated
669	total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or tenant space
670	that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately authorized
671	processing area; and
672	e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and
673	every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square
674	foot threshold area on that parcel shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in
675	subsection B.19. of this section.
676	19.a. Production is limited to indoor only;
677	b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C.
678	21A.12.220.G.;
679	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
680	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
681	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
682	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
683	are imported onto the site; and
684	d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
685	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum
686	aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or

00/	tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately
688	authorized processing area.
689	20.a. Production is limited to indoor only;
690	b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C.
691	21A.12.220.G.;
692	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
693	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
694	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
695	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
696	are imported onto the site;
697	d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
698	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum
699	aggregated total of two thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or
700	tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately
701	authorized processing area; and
702	e. If the two-thousand-square-foot-per-lot threshold is exceeded, each and
703	every marijuana-related entity occupying space in addition to the two-thousand-square-
704	foot threshold area on that lot shall obtain a conditional use permit as set forth in
705	subsection B.21. of this section.
706	21.a. Production is limited to indoor only;
707	b. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C.
708	21A.12.220.G.;

709	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
710	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
711	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
712	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
713	are imported onto the site; and
714	d. Per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-55-010, combined with
715	any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080, shall be limited to a maximum
716	aggregated total of thirty thousand square feet and shall be located within a building or
717	tenant space that is no more than ten percent larger than the plant canopy and separately
718	authorized processing area.
719	22. Marijuana production by marijuana producers licensed by the Washington
720	state Liquor and Cannabis Board is subject to the following standards:
721	a. With a lighting plan only as required by and that complies with K.C.C.
722	21A.12.220.G.;
723	b. Only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres;
724	c. Only with documentation that the operator has applied for a Puget Sound
725	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit. All department permits issued to either
726	marijuana producers or marijuana processors, or both, shall require that a Puget Sound
727	Clean Air Agency Notice of Construction Permit be approved before marijuana products
728	are imported onto the site;
729	d. Production is limited to outdoor, indoor within marijuana greenhouses, and
730	within structures that are nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October 1, 2013,
731	subject to the size limitations in subsection B 22 e and f of this section:

132	e. On fots less than ten acres, per fot, the plant canopy, as defined in wAC
733	314-55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall
734	be limited to a maximum aggregated total of five thousand square feet and shall be
735	located within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent
736	larger than that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as
737	of October 1, 2013;
738	f. On lots ten acres or more, per lot, the plant canopy, as defined in WAC 314-
739	55-010, combined with any area used for processing under K.C.C. 21A.08.080 shall be
740	limited to a maximum aggregated total of ten thousand square feet, and shall be located
741	within a fenced area or marijuana greenhouse that is no more than ten percent larger than
742	that combined area, or may occur in nondwelling unit structures that exist as of October
743	1, 2013; and
744	g. Outdoor production area fencing as required by the Washington state Liquor
745	and Cannabis Board, marijuana greenhouses and nondwelling unit structures shall
746	maintain a minimum street setback of fifty feet and a minimum interior setback of one
747	hundred feet, and a minimum setback of one hundred fifty feet from any existing
748	residence.
749	23. The storage and processing of non-manufactured source separated organic
750	waste that originates from agricultural operations and that does not originate from the
751	site, if:
752	a. agricultural is the primary use of the site;
753	b. the storage and processing are in accordance with best management
754	practices included in an approved farm plan; and

755	c. except for areas used for manure storage, the areas used for storage and
756	processing do not exceed three acres and ten percent of the site.
757	24.a. For activities relating to the processing of crops or livestock for
758	commercial purposes, including associated activities such as warehousing, storage,
759	including refrigeration, and other similar activities and excluding winery, brewery,
760	distillery facility I, II, III and remote tasting room:
761	(1) limited to agricultural products and sixty percent or more of the products
762	processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of initial application,
763	the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be produced;
764	(2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites of at least four and one-
765	half acres;
766	(3)(a) as a permitted use, the floor area devoted to all processing shall not
767	exceed two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as an historic
768	resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as
769	established in K.C.C. 21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase in the processing
770	floor area as follows: up to three thousand five hundred square feet of floor area may be
771	devoted to all processing in the RA zones or on farms less than thirty-five acres located in
772	the A zones or up to seven thousand square feet on farms greater than thirty-five acres in
773	the A zone; and
774	(b) as a permitted use, the floor area devoted to all warehousing,
775	refrigeration, storage, or other similar activities shall not exceed two thousand square
776	feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter

20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C.

21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase of up to three thousand five hundred square feet of floor area devoted to all warehouseing, storage, including refrigeration, or other similar activities in the RA zones, or on farms less than thirty-five acres located in the A zones, or up to seven thousand square feet on farms greater than thirty-five acres in the A zone;

- (4) in the A zone, structures and areas used for processing, warehousing, ((refigeration))refrigeration, storage, and other similar activities shall be located on portions of agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct agricultural production, or areas without prime agricultural soils; and
- (5) structures and areas used for processing, warehousing, storage, including refrigeration, and other similar activities shall maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62.
- b. For activities relating to the retail sale of agricultural products, except livestock:
- 794 (1) sales shall be limited to agricultural products and locally made arts and 795 crafts;
 - (2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites at least four and one-half acres;
 - (3) as a permitted use, the covered sales area shall not exceed two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as a historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C.

801	21A.42.300, may review and approve an increase of up to three thousand five hundred
802	square feet of covered sales area;
803	(4) forty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural product sold
804	through the store must be sold by the producers of primary agricultural products;
805	(5) sixty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural products sold
806	through the store shall be derived from products grown or produced in the Puget Sound
807	counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a reasonable
808	projection of the source of product sales;
809	(6) tasting of products, in accordance with applicable health regulations, is
810	allowed;
811	(7) storage areas for agricultural products may be included in a farm store
812	structure or in any accessory building; and
813	(8) outside lighting is permitted if there is no off-site glare.
814	c. Retail sales of livestock is permitted only as accessory to raising livestock.
815	d. Farm operations, including equipment repair and related facilities, except
816	that:
817	(1) the repair of tools and machinery is limited to those necessary for the
818	operation of a farm or forest;
819	(2) in the RA and UR zones, only allowed on sites of at least four and one-
820	half acres;
821	(3) the size of the total repair use is limited to one percent of the farm size in
822	the A zone, and up to one percent of the size in other zones, up to a maximum of five

323	thousand square feet unless located within an existing farm structure, including but not
324	limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003; and
325	(4) Equipment repair shall not be permitted in the Forest zone.
826	e. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C.
327	21A.42.300, may review and approve reductions of minimum site sizes in the rural and
828	residential zones and minimum setbacks from rural and residential zones.
329	25. The department may review and approve establishment of agricultural
330	support services in accordance with the code compliance review process in K.C.C.
331	21A.42.300 only if:
332	a. project is sited on lands that are unsuitable for direct agricultural production
333	based on size, soil conditions, or other factors and cannot be returned to productivity by
334	drainage maintenance; and
335	b. the proposed use is allowed under any Farmland Preservation Program
836	conservation easement and zoning development standards.
337	26. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C.
838	21A.42.300, may review and approve establishment of agricultural support services only
339	if the project site:
340	a. adjoins or is within six hundred sixty feet of the agricultural production
341	district;
842	b. has direct vehicular access to the agricultural production district;
343	c. except for farmworker housing, does not use local access streets that abut
344	lots developed for residential use; and
345	b. has a minimum lot size of four and one-half acres.

846	27. The agricultural technical review committee, as established in K.C.C.
847	21A.42.300, may review and approve establishment of agricultural support services only
848	if the project site:
849	a. is outside the urban growth area,
850	b. adjoins or is within six hundred sixty feet of the agricultural production
851	district,
852	c. has direct vehicular access to the agricultural production district,
853	d. except for farmworker housing, does not use local access streets that abut
854	lots developed for residential use; and
855	e. has a minimum lot size of four and one-half acres.
856	28. Only allowed on properties that are outside the urban growth area.
857	29. Consumer-scale battery energy storage systems with a capacity of one
858	megawatt or greater shall comply with the requirements for battery energy storage
859	systems in K.C.C. 21A.08.100.B.30.
860	SECTION 9. Ordinance 10870, Section 337, as amended, and K.C.C.
861	21A.08.100 are each hereby amended as follows:
862	A. Regional land uses.

P-Pern	RESC	RESOURCE			RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIA						IAL/INDUSTRIA		
C-Conditional Use					U				L				
S-Special Use					R								
					L								
SIC#	SPECIFIC	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-	R1	NB	СВ	RB	0	I
	LAND USE						8	2-					(15

								48)
													,
*	Jail						S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Jail Farm/Camp	S	S		S	S							
*	Work Release				S19	S19	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	Facility												
*	Public Agency		S		S	S					S		P
	Animal Control												
	Facility												
*	Public Agency		S		S3					S3	S3	S3	C4
	Training Facility												
*	Hydroelectric		C14		C1	C1	C1						
	Generation		S		4 S	4 S	4 S						
	Facility												
((<u>*</u>))	((Search and				((C								
	Rescue Facility))				30								
					S30								
))								
*	Non-hydroelectric	C12	C12	C12	C1	C1	C1	C1	C1	C1	C12	C1	P12
	Generation	S29	S29	S29	2	2	2	2	2	2	S29	2	S29
	Facility				S29	S29	S29	S29	S29	S29		S29	
*	Renewable	C28	C28	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
	Energy												
	Generation												
	Facility												
*	Fossil Fuel												S27
	Facility												
*	Battery Energy	<u>P28</u>	<u>P28</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>C3</u>	<u>C3</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>
							_	_	_			_	_

	Storage System	<u>P30</u>	<u>P30</u>				0	0					
*	Communication	C6c	P		C6c	C6c	C6c	C6c	C6c	P	P	P	P
	Facility (17)	S			S	S	S	S	S				
*	Earth Station	P6b	P		C6a	C6a	C6a	C6a	P6b	P	P	P	P
		С			S	S	S	S	С				
*	Energy Resource		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
	Recovery Facility												
*	Soil Recycling		S	S	S								С
	Facility												
*	Landfill		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Transfer Station			S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		P
*	Wastewater				S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	С
	Treatment Facility												
*	Municipal Water	S	P13	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
	Production		S										
*	Airport/Heliport	S7	S7		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
*	Search and				<u>C3</u>								
	Rescue Facility				1								
					<u>S31</u>								
*	Regional Transit					P25							
	Authority Facility												
*	Rural Public				C2								P
	Infrastructure				3								
	Maintenance												
	Facility												
*	Transit Bus Base						S	S	S	S	S	S	P
*	Transit Comfort				P26		P26						

	Facility											
*	School Bus Base			C5	C5	C5	C5	S	S	S	S	P
				S20	S	S	S					
7948	Racetrack			S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S8	S24
*	Regional Motor											P
	Sports Facility											
*	County			P21								
	Fairgrounds			S22								
	Facility											
*	Fairground								S	S		S
8422	Zoo/Wildlife		S9	S9	S	S	S		S	S		
	Exhibit(2)											
7941	Stadium/Arena									S		S
8221-	College/Universit	P10	P	P	P	P						
8222	y(1)			C1	C1	C1	C1	C1				
				1	1	1 S	1 S	1 S				
				S18	S18							
*	Zoo Animal	P16	P16	P16								
	Breeding Facility											

B. Development conditions.

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866

1. Except technical institutions. See vocational schools on general services land use table, K.C.C. 21A.08.050.

- $2. \ Except \ arboretum. \ See \ K.C.C.\ 21A.08.040, \ recreation/cultural \ land \ use \ table.$
- 3. Except weapons armories and outdoor shooting ranges.
- 4. Except outdoor shooting range.
- 5. Only in conjunction with an existing or proposed school.

870	6.a. Limited to no more than three satellite dish antennae.
871	b. Limited to one satellite dish antenna.
872	c. Limited to tower consolidations.
873	7. Limited to landing field for aircraft involved in forestry or agricultural
874	practices or for emergency landing sites.
875	8. Except racing of motorized vehicles.
876	9. Limited to wildlife exhibit.
877	10. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32
878	11. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter
879	21A.32.
880	12. Limited to gas extraction as an accessory use to a waste management
881	process, such as wastewater treatment, landfill waste management, livestock manure and
882	composting processes.
883	13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.
884	14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following:
885	a. Any new diversion structure shall not:
886	(1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed; or
887	(2) impound more than three surface acres of water at the normal maximum
888	surface level;
889	b. There shall be no active storage;
890	c. The maximum water surface area at any existing dam or diversion shall not
891	be increased;

892	d. An exceedance flow of no greater than fifty percent in mainstream reach
893	shall be maintained;
894	e. Any transmission line shall be limited to a:
895	(1) right-of-way of five miles or less; and
896	(2) capacity of two hundred thirty KV or less;
897	f. Any new, permanent access road shall be limited to five miles or less; and
898	g. The facility shall only be located above any portion of the stream used by
899	anadromous fish.
900	15. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the
901	King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional or special use in K.C.C.
902	21A.08.100.A, except for waste water treatment facilities and racetracks, shall be
903	prohibited. All other uses, including waste water treatment facilities, shall be subject to
904	the provisions for rural industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.
905	16. The operator of such a facility shall provide verification to the department of
906	natural resources and parks or its successor organization that the facility meets or exceeds
907	the standards of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States
908	Department of Agriculture and the accreditation guidelines of the American Zoo and
909	Aquarium Association.
910	17. The following provisions of the table apply only to major communication
911	facilities. Minor communication facilities shall be reviewed in accordance with the
912	processes and standard outlined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.27.
913	18. Only for facilities related to resource-based research.

914	19. Limited to work release facilities associated with natural resource-based
915	activities.
916	20. Limited to projects which do not require or result in an expansion of sewer
917	service outside the urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective
918	alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet
919	the needs of the school bus base and serving only the school bus base may be used.
920	Renovation, expansion, modernization, or reconstruction of a school bus base is
921	permitted but shall not require or result in an expansion of sewer service outside the
922	urban growth area, unless a finding is made that no cost-effective alternative technologies
923	are feasible, in which case a tightline sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school bus
924	base.
925	21. Only in conformance with the King County Site Development Plan Report,
926	through modifications to the plan of up to ten percent are allowed for the following:
927	a. building square footage;
928	b. landscaping;
929	c. parking;
930	d. building height; or
931	e. impervious surface.
932	22. A special use permit shall be required for any modification or expansion of
933	the King County fairgrounds facility that is not in conformance with the King County
934	Site Development Plan Report or that exceeds the allowed modifications to the plan
935	identified in subsection B.21. of this section.

936	23. The facility shall be primarily devoted to rural public infrastructure
937	maintenance and is subject to the following conditions:
938	a. The minimum site area shall be ten acres, unless:
939	(1) the facility is a reuse of a public agency yard; or
940	(2) the site is separated from a county park by a street or utility right-of-way;
941	b. Type 1 landscaping as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 shall be provided
942	between any stockpiling or grinding operations and adjacent residential zoned property;
943	c. Type 2 landscaping as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 shall be provided
944	between any office and parking lots and adjacent residential zoned property;
945	d. Access to the site does not use local access streets that abut residential zoned
946	property, unless the facility is a reuse of a public agency yard;
947	e. Structural setbacks from property lines shall be as follows:
948	(1) Buildings, structures, and stockpiles used in the processing of materials
949	shall be no closer than:
950	(a) one hundred feet from any residential zoned properties, except that the
951	setback may be reduced to fifty feet when the grade where the building or structures are
952	proposed is fifty feet or greater below the grade of the residential zoned property;
953	(b) fifty feet from any other zoned property, except when adjacent to a
954	mineral extraction or materials processing site;
955	(c) the greater of fifty feet from the edge of any public street or the setback
956	from residential zoned property on the far side of the street; and
957	(2) Offices, scale facilities, equipment storage buildings, and stockpiles shall
958	not be closer than fifty feet from any property line except when adjacent to M or F zoned

959	property or when a reuse of an existing building. Facilities necessary to control access to
960	the site, when demonstrated to have no practical alternative, may be located closer to the
961	property line;
962	f. On-site clearing, grading or excavation, excluding that necessary for
963	required access, roadway, or storm drainage facility construction, shall not be permitted
964	within fifty feet of any property line except along any portion of the perimeter adjacent to
965	M or F zoned property. If native vegetation is restored, temporary disturbance resulting
966	from construction of noise attenuation features located closer than fifty feet shall be
967	permitted; and
968	g. Sand and gravel extraction shall be limited to forty thousand yards per year.
969	24. The following accessory uses to a motor race track operation are allowed if
970	approved as part of the special use permit:
971	a. motocross;
972	b. autocross;
973	c. skidpad;
974	d. garage;
975	e. driving school; and
976	f. fire station.
977	25. Regional transit authority facilities shall be exempt from setback and height
978	requirements.
979	26. Transit comfort facility shall:
980	a. only be located outside of the urban growth area boundary;
981	b. be exempt from street setback requirements; and

982	c. be no more than 200 square feet in size.
983	27.a. Required for all new, modified, or expanded fossil fuel facilities.
984	Modification or expansion includes, but is not limited to:
985	(1) new uses or fuel types within existing facilities;
986	(2) changes to the type of refining, manufacturing, or processing;
987	(3) changes in the methods or volumes of storage or transport of raw
988	materials or processed products;
989	(4) changes in the location of the facilities on-site;
990	(5) replacement of existing facilities;
991	(6) increases in power or water demands; or
992	(7) increases in production capacity.
993	b. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
994	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
995	c. As part of permit application submittal for new, modified, or expanded fossil
996	fuel facilities, the applicant shall submit the following documentation:
997	(1) an inventory of similar existing facilities in King County and neighboring
998	counties, including their locations and capacities;
999	(2) a forecast of the future needs for the facility;
1000	(3) an analysis of the potential social and economic impacts and benefits to
1001	jurisdictions and local communities receiving or surrounding the facility;
1002	(4) an analysis of alternatives to the facility, including location, conservation,
1003	demand management and other strategies;

1004	(5) an analysis of economic and environmental impacts, including mitigation,
1005	of any similar existing facilities and of any new site(s) under consideration as an
1006	alternative to expansion of an existing facility;
1007	(6) an extensive public involvement strategy that strives to effectively engage
1008	a wide range of racial, ethnic, cultural, and socioeconomic groups, including
1009	communities that are the most impacted;
1010	(7) considered evaluation of any applicable prior review conducted by a
1011	public agency, local government, or stakeholder group; and
1012	(8) a greenhouse gas impact analysis prepared by the applicant, the results of
1013	which shall be used to identify and mitigate the impacts of such facilities.
1014	d.(((1))) As part of permit application submittal, the applicant shall
1015	demonstrate financial responsibility meeting the requirements of 21A.XX (the new
1016	chapter created by Section 15 of this ordinance). The financial responsibility shall be
1017	reviewed as part of the facility's periodic review under K.C.C. 21A.22.050. ((in an
1018	amount necessary to compensate for the cost of decommissioning, and for the maximum
1019	damages that might occur from an explosion resulting from a worst-case release, as
1020	defined in the 40 C.F.R. Sec. 68.3, of flammable gases and flammable liquids.
1021	— (2) The amount of financial responsibility necessary to compensate for
1022	damages that might occur from an explosion shall be determined by the director based on
1023	a study of the maximum potential damages. The study shall:
1024	(a) incorporate the volume of oils, gases, refrigerants and other flammable
1025	or explosive chemicals stored, used or generated within the facility;

1026	(b) consider such matters as: the frequency of facility operations; facility
1027	layout and vegetation that could cause flammable vapor accumulation; the damages that
1028	could result from the explosion to public and private structures onsite and offsite, public
1029	infrastructure and environmental resources and functions; and the potential loss of life
1030	and injury to persons onsite and to members of the public;
1031	(c) include modeling and disclosure of a nil or very low wind condition
1032	vapor cloud explosion scenario;
1033	(d) be prepared by a person accredited in vapor cloud explosion analysis, or
1034	an equally qualified individual as authorized by the director, at the applicant's expense;
1035	and
1036	(e) undergo third-party validation by a qualified entity to be hired upon
1037	mutual agreement of the applicant and the department, at the applicant's expense.
1038	(3) The amount of financial responsibility necessary to compensate for
1039	facility decommissioning shall be determined by the director based on a
1040	decommissioning plan for the closure of the facility. The plan shall include, but need not
1041	be limited to, the following:
1042	(a) listing of the hazardous substances, as defined in RCW 70A.305.020,
1043	that will be stored, handled or generated within the facility; the range of potential release
1044	volumes requiring cleanup in the event of failures of technological or safety catchment
1045	features; and whether such releases have the potential to contaminate groundwater or
1046	surface waters on or adjacent to the site;
1047	(b) the range of cleanup activities that would be required to address such
1048	hazardous substances;

1049	(c) detailed estimates of the cost to implement the plan, including
1050	conducting cleanup and facility closure, based on the cost of hiring a third party to
1051	conduct all activities. All cost estimates must be in current dollars and may not include a
1052	net present value adjustment or offsets for salvage value of wastes or other property; and
1053	(d) methods for estimating closure costs.
1054	(4)(a) Financial responsibility shall be provided for the duration of fossil fuel
1055	facility operations, to be verified in periodic review of the facilities in keeping with
1056	K.C.C. chapter 21A.22. Financial responsibility required by this subsection B.27.e. may
1057	be established by any one of, or a combination of, the following methods acceptable to
1058	the department:
1059	i. evidence of insurance;
1060	ii. surety bonds issued by a bonding company authorized to do business in
1061	the United States; and
1062	iii. other evidence of financial responsibility deemed acceptable by the
1063	department.
1064	(b) Self-bonding, as defined in the 30 C.F.R. Sec. 800.5, shall not be an
1065	accepted method of providing financial responsibility.
1066	(5) Where enforcement of this subsection B.27.e. would conflict with chapter
1067	36.32 RCW, the director may request the applicant to sign an agreement to complete
1068	retention of required financial responsibility consistent with K.C.C. 27A.30.060, in an
1069	amount equivalent to that indicated by the study of the damages, prior to the issuance of a
1070	clearing and grading permit.))
1071	e. New, modified, or expanded fossil fuel facilities shall:

1072	(1) not be located within one thousand feet from any schools, medical care
1073	facilities, or places of assembly that have occupancies of greater than one thousand
1074	persons;
1075	(2) not be located within two hundred fifty feet from a regulated wetland or
1076	aquatic area, except when a larger buffer is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, the
1077	buffer in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 shall apply;
1078	(3) maintain an interior setback of at least two hundred feet;
1079	(4) store fossil fuels completely within enclosed structures, tanks, or similar
1080	facilities;
1081	(5) be accessed directly to and from an arterial roadway; and
1082	(6) comply with all applicable regulations in K.C.C. chapter 21A.22.
1083	28. Limited to uses that will not convert more than two acres of farmland or
1084	forestland, or ((2.5)) two and one-half percent of the farmland or forestland, whichever is
1085	less. If a renewable energy generation system and a battery energy storage system are
1086	proposed on the same site, the two uses combined shall not convert a more than two acres
1087	of farmland or forestland, or two and one-half percent of the farmland or forestland,
1088	whichever is less.
1089	29.a. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
1090	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
1091	b. As part of permit application submittal for non-hydroelectric generation
1092	facilities, the applicant shall submit the following documentation:
1093	(1) an inventory of similar existing facilities in King County and neighboring
1094	counties, including their locations and capacities;

1095	(2) a report demonstrating that the facility would serve a significant portion
1096	of the county or metropolitan region or is part of a statewide or national system;
1097	(3) a forecast of the future needs for the facility;
1098	(4) an analysis of the potential social and economic impacts and benefits to
1099	jurisdictions and local communities receiving or surrounding the facility;
1100	(5) an analysis of alternatives to the facility, including location, conservation,
1101	demand management, and other strategies;
1102	(6) an analysis of economic and environmental impacts, including mitigation,
1103	of any similar existing facilities and of any new site or sites under consideration as an
1104	alternative to expansion of an existing facility;
1105	(7) an extensive public involvement strategy which strives to effectively
1106	engage a wide range of racial, ethnic, cultural and socioeconomic groups, including
1107	communities that are the most impacted;
1108	(8) considered evaluation of any applicable prior review conducted by a
1109	public agency, local government, or stakeholder group; and
1110	(9) a greenhouse gas impact analysis prepared by the applicant, the results of
1111	which shall be used to identify and mitigate the impacts of such facilities.
1112	c.(((1))) As part of permit application submittal, an applicant shall demonstrate
1113	financial responsibility meeting the requirements of 21A.XX (the new chapter created by
1114	Section 15 of this ordinance). ((in an amount necessary to compensate for
1115	decommissioning, and for the maximum damages that might occur from an explosion
1116	resulting from a worst-case release, as defined in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 68.3, of flammable gases
1117	and flammable liquids.

1118	(2) The amount of financial responsibility needed to compensate for damages
1119	that might occur from an explosion shall be as determined by the director based on a
1120	study of the maximum damages. The study shall:
1121	(a) incorporate the volume of oils, gases, refrigerants and other flammable
1122	or explosive chemicals stored, used or generated within the facility;
1123	(b) consider such matters as: the frequency of facility operations; facility
1124	layout and vegetation that could cause flammable vapor accumulation; the damages that
1125	could result from the explosion to public and private structures onsite and offsite, public
1126	infrastructure and environmental resources and functions; and the potential loss of life
1127	and injury to persons onsite and to members of the public;
1128	(c) include modeling and disclosure of a nil or very low wind condition
1129	vapor cloud explosion scenario;
1130	(d) be prepared by a person accredited in vapor cloud explosion analysis, or
1131	an equally qualified individual as authorized by the director, at the applicant's expense;
1132	and
1133	(e) undergo third-party validation by a qualified entity to be hired upon
1134	mutual agreement of the applicant and the department, at the applicant's expense.
1135	(3) The amount of financial responsibility necessary to compensate for
1136	facility decommissioning shall be determined by the director based on a
1137	decommissioning plan for the closure of the facility. The plan shall include, but need not
1138	be limited to, the following:
1139	(a) listing of the hazardous substances, as defined in RCW 70A.305.020,
1140	that will be stored, handled or generated within the facility; the range of potential release

1141	volumes requiring cleanup in the event of failures of technological or safety catchment
1142	features; and whether such releases have the potential to contaminate groundwater or
1143	surface waters on or adjacent to the site;
1144	(b) the range of cleanup activities that would be required to address such
1145	hazardous substances;
1146	(c) detailed estimates of the cost to implement the plan, including
1147	conducting cleanup and facility closure, based on the cost of hiring a third party to
1148	conduct all activities. All cost estimates must be in current dollars and may not include a
1149	net present value adjustment or offsets for salvage value of wastes or other property; and
1150	(d) methods for estimating closure costs.
1151	(4)(a) Financial responsibility shall be provided for the duration of facility
1152	operations, to be verified in the periodic review of the facilities required by subsection
1153	B.29.d. of this section. Financial responsibility required by this subsection B.29.c. may
1154	be established by any one of, or a combination of, the following methods acceptable to
1155	the department:
1156	i. evidence of insurance;
1157	ii. surety bonds issued by a bonding company authorized to do business in
1158	the United States; and
1159	iii. other evidence of financial responsibility deemed acceptable by the
1160	department.
1161	(b) Self-bonding, as defined by 30 C.F.R. Sec. 800.5, shall not be an accepted
1162	method of providing financial responsibility.

1163	(5) Where enforcement of this subsection B.29.c. would conflict with chapter
1164	36.32 RCW, the director may request the applicant to sign an agreement to complete
1165	retention of required financial responsibility consistent with K.C.C. 27A.30.060, in an
1166	amount equivalent to that indicated by the study of the damages, prior to the issuance of a
1167	clearing and grading permit.))
1168	d. Non-hydroelectric generation facilities shall be subject to a periodic review
1169	meeting the same standards given in K.C.C. 21A.22.050. The financial responsibility
1170	required by subsection B.29.c. of this section shall be reviewed as part of the periodic
1171	review.
1172	30. Subject to the following conditions:
1173	a. A minimum separation of ten feet shall be maintained between structures
1174	and landscaping or other vegetation.
1175	b. Permanent barriers shall be constructed between areas accessible to vehicles
1176	and structures or buildings containing batteries, to minimize the potential of collision.
1177	c. As part of permit application submittal, battery energy storage systems with
1178	a capacity of one megawatt or greater shall demonstrate financial responsibility in
1179	accordance with the requirements of 21A.XX (the new chapter created by Section 15 of
1180	this ordinance).
1181	d. The applicant shall subsequently submit verification of financial
1182	responsibility to the department every five years, beginning five years from the date of
1183	permit issuance.
1184	((30))31.a. For all search and rescue facilities:
1185	(1) the minimum lot size is four and one half acres;

1186	(2) structures and parking areas for search and rescue facilities shall maintain
1187	a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from interior lot lines that adjoin rural area and
1188	residential zones, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under
1189	K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
1190	(3) use of the search and rescue facility is limited to activities directly relating
1191	to the search and rescue organization, except that the facility may be used by law
1192	enforcement and other public emergency responders for training and operations related to
1193	search and rescue activities; and
1194	(4) the applicant must demonstrate the absence of existing search and rescue
1195	facilities that are adequate to conduct search and rescue operations in the rural area.
1196	b. A special use permit is required when helicopter fueling, maintenance, or
1197	storage is proposed.
1198	SECTION 10. Ordinance 10870, Section 354, as amended, and K.C.C.
1199	21A.12.170 are each hereby amended as follows:
1200	Provided that the required setbacks from regional utility corridors of K.C.C.
1201	21A.12.140, the adjoining half-street or designated arterial setbacks of K.C.C.
1202	21A.12.160, and the sight distance requirements of K.C.C. 21A.12.210 are maintained,
1203	structures may extend into or be located in required setbacks, including setbacks as
1204	required by K.C.C. 21A.12.220.B, as follows:
1205	A. Fireplace structures, bay or garden windows, enclosed stair landings, closets,
1206	or similar structures may project into any setback, provided such projections are:
1207	1. Limited to two per facade;
1208	2. Not wider than ten feet; and

1209	3. Not more than twenty-four inches into an interior setback or thirty inches into
1210	a street setback;
1211	B. Uncovered porches and decks that exceed eighteen inches above the finished
1212	grade may project:
1213	1. Eighteen inches into interior setbacks; and
1214	2. Five feet into the street setback;
1215	C. Uncovered porches and decks not exceeding eighteen inches above the
1216	finished grade may project to the property line;
1217	D. Eaves may not project more than:
1218	1. Eighteen inches into an interior setback;
1219	2. Twenty-four inches into a street setback; or
1220	3. Eighteen inches across a lot line in a zero-lot-line development;
1221	E. Fences with a height of six feet or less may project into or be located in any
1222	setback;
1223	F. Rockeries, retaining walls, and curbs may project into or be located in any
1224	setback. Except for structures that cross the setback perpendicularly to property lines or
1225	that abut a critical area, these structures:
1226	1. Shall not exceed a height of six feet in the R-1 through R-18, UR, RA, and
1227	resource zones;
1228	2. Shall not exceed a height of eight feet in the R-24 and R-48 zones; and
1229	3. Shall not exceed the building height for the zone in commercial/industrial
1230	zones, measured in accordance with the standards established in the King County
1231	Building Code, Title 16;

1232	G. Fences located on top of rockeries, retaining walls, or berms are subject to the
1233	requirements of K.C.C. 21A.14.220;
1234	H. Telephone, power, light, and flag poles;
1235	I. The following may project into or be located within a setback, but may only
1236	project into or be located within a five foot interior setback area if an agreement
1237	documenting consent between the owners of record of the abutting properties is recorded
1238	with the records and licensing services division prior to the installment or construction of
1239	the structure:
1240	1. Sprinkler systems, electrical and cellular equipment cabinets, and other
1241	similar utility boxes and vaults, not to include equipment associated with a battery energy
1242	storage system or consumer-scale battery energy storage system;
1243	2. security system access controls;
1244	3. structures, except for buildings, associated with trails and on-site recreation
1245	spaces and play areas required in K.C.C.21A.14.180 and K.C.C. 21A.14.190 such as
1246	benches, picnic tables, and drinking fountains; and
1247	4. Surface water management facilities as required by K.C.C. 9.04;
1248	J. Freestanding air conditioners and heat pumps may project into or be located
1249	within a setback abutting a residential property, but may only be located closer than five
1250	feet of an abutting residential property if an agreement documenting consent between the
1251	owners of record of the abutting properties is recorded with the records and licensing
1252	services division prior to permit issuance.
1253	K. Mailboxes and newspaper boxes may project into or be located within street
1254	setbacks;

1255	L. Fire hydrants and associated appendages;
1256	M. Metro bus shelters may be located within street setbacks;
1257	N. Unless otherwise allowed in K.C.C. 21A.20.080, free standing and monument
1258	signs four feet or less in height, with a maximum sign area of twenty square feet may
1259	project into or be located within street setbacks;
1260	O. On a parcel in the RA zone, in the interior setback that adjoins a property
1261	zoned NB or CB, structures housing refrigeration equipment that extends no more than
1262	ten feet into the setback and is no more than sixty feet in length; and
1263	P. Stormwater conveyance and control facilities, both above and below ground,
1264	provided such projections are:
1265	1. Consistent with setback, easement, and access requirements specified in the
1266	Surface Water Design Manual; or
1267	2. In the absence of said specifications, not within five feet of the property line.
	RETAINING WALL IN SETBACK
	property line
	H max. 6' in R1 - R18, UR, RA & Resource Zones
	H max. 8' in R24 and R 48 Zones, and not to exceed building height requirement in Commerical/Industrial

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1271

SECTION 11. Ordinance 10870, Section 359, as amended, and K.C.C.

Zones

21A.12.220 are each hereby amended as follows:

1272	A. The requirements of this section apply to all nonresidential uses located in the
1273	RA, UR, or R zones, except:
1274	1. ((Except for utility)) Utility facilities((,));
1275	2. ((uses)) Uses listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.100, except that the standards in this
1276	section shall apply to battery energy storage systems((5)); and
1277	3. ((nonresidential)) Nonresidential uses regulated by 21A.12.230((, all
1278	nonresidential uses located in the RA, UR, or R zones shall be subject to the following
1279	requirements:)).
1280	$((A))\underline{B}$. Impervious surface coverage shall not exceed:
1281	1. Forty percent of the site in the RA zone.
1282	2. Seventy percent of the site in the UR and the R-1 through R-8 zones.
1283	3. Eighty percent of the site in the R-12 through R-48 zones.
1284	$((B))\underline{C}$. Buildings and structures, except fences and wire or mesh backstops, shall
1285	not be closer than 30 feet to any property line, except as provided in subsection C.
1286	$((C))\underline{D}$. Single detached dwelling allowed as accessory to a church or school shall
1287	conform to the setback requirements of the zone.
1288	$((D))\underline{E}$. Parking areas are permitted within the required setback area from
1289	property lines, provided such parking areas are located outside of the required landscape
1290	area.
1291	$((E))\underline{F}$. Sites shall abut or be accessible from at least one public street functioning
1292	at a level consistent with King County Road Design Standards. New high school sites
1293	shall abut or be accessible from a public street functioning as an arterial per the King
1294	County Design Standards.

1295	$((F))\underline{G}$. The base height shall conform to the zone in which the use is located.
1296	(G) <u>H</u> . Building illumination and lighted signs shall be designed so that no direct
1297	rays of light are projected into neighboring residences or onto any street right-of-way.
1298	SECTION 12. Ordinance 10870, Section 388, as amended, and K.C.C.
1299	21A.16.030 are each hereby amended as follows:
1300	To facilitate the application of this chapter, the land uses of K.C.C. chapter
1301	21A.08 have been grouped in the following manner:
1302	A. Residential development refers to those uses listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.030,
1303	except those uses listed under Accessory uses, and:
1304	1. Attached/group residences refers to:
1305	a. townhouses, except as provided in subsection A.2.a. of this section;
1306	b. apartments and detached dwelling units developed on common property at a
1307	density of twelve or more units per acre;
1308	c. senior citizen assisted housing;
1309	d. temporary lodging;
1310	e. group residences other than Type I community residential facilities;
1311	f. mobile home parks; and
1312	2. Single-family development refers to:
1313	a. residential subdivisions and short subdivisions, including attached and
1314	detached dwelling units on individually platted or short platted lots;
1315	b. any detached dwelling units located on a lot including cottage housing units;
1316	and
1317	c. Type I community residential facilities;

1318	B. Commercial development refers to those uses in:
1319	1. K.C.C. 21A.08.040 as amusement/entertainment uses, except golf facilities;
1320	2. K.C.C. 21A.08.050 except recycling centers, health and educational services,
1321	daycare I, churches, synagogues and temples, and miscellaneous repair as allowed in the
1322	A and RA zones; and
1323	3. K.C.C. 21A.08.070, except forest product sales and agricultural product sales
1324	as allowed in the A, F, and RA zones and building, hardware, and garden materials as
1325	allowed in the A zones;
1326	C. Industrial development refers to those uses listed in:
1327	1. K.C.C. 21A.08.050 as recycling center;
1328	2. K.C.C. 21A.08.060, except government services and farm product
1329	warehousing, refrigeration, and storage as allowed in the A zones;
1330	3. K.C.C. 21A.08.080, except food and kindred products as allowed in the A
1331	and F zones; and
1332	4. K.C.C. 21A.08.090 as mineral extraction and processing;
1333	D. Institutional development refers to those uses listed in:
1334	1. K.C.C. 21A.08.040 as cultural uses, except arboretums;
1335	2. K.C.C. 21A.08.050 as churches, synagogues, and temples, health services,
1336	and education services except specialized instruction schools permitted as an accessory
1337	use;
1338	3. K.C.C. 21A.08.060 as government services; and
1339	4. Search and rescue facilities.
1340	E. Utility development refers to those uses listed in:

1341	1. K.C.C. 21A.08.060 as utility facilities; and
1342	2. K.C.C. 21A.08.100 as battery energy storage systems; and
1343	F. Uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.08 that are not listed in subsections A. through E.
1344	of this section shall not be subject to landscaping and tree retention requirements except
1345	as specified in any applicable review of a conditional use or special use permits, or
1346	reviews conducted in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.42.300.
1347	SECTION 13. Ordinance 10870, Section 390, as amended, and K.C.C.
1348	21A.16.050 are each hereby amended as follows:
1349	The average width of perimeter landscaping along street frontages shall be
1350	provided as follows:
1351	A. Twenty feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an institutional use,
1352	excluding playgrounds and playfields;
1353	B. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an industrial
1354	development;
1355	C. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an above-ground utility
1356	((facilities)) development, excluding distribution and transmission corridors, located
1357	outside a public right-of-way;
1358	D. Ten feet of Type III landscaping shall be provided for a commercial or
1359	attached/group residence development; and
1360	E. For single family subdivisions and short subdivisions in the urban growth area:
1361	1. Trees shall be planted at the rate of one tree for every forty feet of frontage
1362	along all public streets;
1363	2. The trees shall be:

1364	a. Located within the street right-of-way if permitted by the custodial state or
1365	local agency;
1366	b. No more than twenty feet from the street right-of-way line if located within
1367	a lot;
1368	c. Maintained by the adjacent landowner unless part of a county maintenance
1369	program; and
1370	d. A species approved by the county if located within the street right-of way
1371	and compatible with overhead utility lines.
1372	3. The trees may be spaced at irregular intervals to accommodate sight distance
1373	requirements for driveways and intersections.
1374	SECTION 14. Ordinance 10870, Section 391, as amended, and K.C.C.
1375	21A.16.060 are each hereby amended as follows:
1376	The average width of perimeter landscaping along interior lot lines shall be
1377	provided as follows:
1378	A. Twenty feet of Type I landscaping shall be included in a commercial or
1379	industrial development along any portion adjacent to a residential development;
1380	B. Five feet of Type II landscaping shall be included in an attached/group
1381	residence development, except that along portions of the development adjacent to
1382	property developed with single detached residences or vacant property that is zoned RA,
1383	UR or R(1-8), the requirement shall be ten feet of Type II landscaping;
1384	C. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be included in an industrial development
1385	along any portion adjacent to a commercial or institutional development; and
1386	D. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be included in:

1387	$\underline{1}$. $((an))\underline{An}$ institutional use, excluding $((of))$ playgrounds and playfields $((\cdot,\cdot))$; or		
1388	2. ((an))An above-ground utility ((facility)) development, excluding distribution		
1389	or transmission corridors, when located outside a public right-of-way.		
1390	NEW SECTION. SECTION 15. Section 16 of this ordinance should constitute a		
1391	new chapter in K.C.C. Title 21A.		
1392	NEW SECTION. SECTION 16.		
1393	A. When required by K.C.C. 21A.08, uses shall demonstrate financial		
1394	responsibility as follows:		
1395	1. Financial responsibility shall be in an amount necessary to compensate for the		
1396	cost of decommissioning, and for the maximum damages that might occur from an		
1397	explosion resulting from a worst-case release, as defined in the 40 C.F.R. Sec. 68.3, of		
1398	flammable gases and flammable liquids.		
1399	2. The amount of financial responsibility necessary to compensate for damages		
1400	that might occur from an explosion shall be determined by the director based on a study		
1401	of the maximum potential damages. The study shall:		
1402	a. incorporate the volume of oils, gases, refrigerants, and other flammable or		
1403	explosive chemicals stored, used, or generated within the facility;		
1404	b. consider such matters as: the frequency of facility operations; facility layout		
1405	and vegetation that could cause flammable vapor accumulation; the damages that could		
1406	result from the explosion to public and private structures onsite and offsite; public		
1407	infrastructure and environmental resources and functions; and the potential loss of life		
1408	and injury to persons onsite and to members of the public;		

1409	c. include modeling and disclosure of a nil or very low wind condition vapor		
1410	cloud explosion scenario;		
1411	d. be prepared by a person accredited in vapor cloud explosion analysis, or a		
1412	equally qualified individual as authorized by the director, at the applicant's expense; and		
1413	e. undergo third-party validation by a qualified entity to be hired upon mutua		
1414	agreement of the applicant and the department, at the applicant's expense.		
1415	3. The amount of financial responsibility necessary to compensate for facility		
1416	decommissioning shall be determined by the director based on a decommissioning plan		
1417	for the closure of the facility. The plan shall include, but need not be limited to, the		
1418	following:		
1419	a. listing of the hazardous substances, as defined in RCW 70A.305.020, that		
1420	will be stored, handled, or generated within the facility; the range of potential release		
1421	volumes requiring cleanup in the event of failures of technological or safety catchment		
1422	features; and whether such releases have the potential to contaminate groundwater or		
1423	surface waters on or adjacent to the site;		
1424	b. the range of cleanup activities that would be required to address such		
1425	hazardous substances;		
1426	c. detailed estimates of the cost to implement the plan, including conducting		
1427	cleanup and facility closure, based on the cost of hiring a third party to conduct all		
1428	activities. All cost estimates must be in current dollars and may not include a net present		
1429	value adjustment or offsets for salvage value of wastes or other property; and		
1430	d. methods for estimating closure costs.		

1431	4. Financial responsibility shall be provided for the duration of facility	
1432	operations, to be periodically reviewed, if required, in the manner prescribed for the us	
1433	in K.C.C. 21A.08.	
1434	5.a. Financial responsibility required by this subsection chapter may be	
1435	established by any one of, or a combination of, the following methods acceptable to the	
1436	department:	
1437	(1) evidence of insurance;	
1438	(2) surety bonds issued by a bonding company authorized to do business in	
1439	the United States; and	
1440	(3) other evidence of financial responsibility deemed acceptable by the	
1441	department.	
1442	b. Self-bonding, as defined in the 30 C.F.R. Sec. 800.5, shall not be an	
1443	accepted method of providing financial responsibility.	
1444	6. Where enforcement of this chapter would conflict with chapter 36.32 RCW,	
1445	the director may request the applicant to sign an agreement to complete retention of	
1446	required financial responsibility consistent with K.C.C. 27A.30.060, in an amount	

1447 1448	equivalent to that indicated by the study of the damages, prior to the issuance of a clearing and grading permit.		
		KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON	
	ATTEST:		
	APPROVED this day of	,	
	Attachments: None		