

## SUBJECT: Critical Areas Designation for Hudson Short Plat 28010 SE 258<sup>th</sup> Street, Parcel 302207-9060 King County, WA

## Dear Wayne:

On March 17, 2021 I conducted an initial wetland and stream reconnaissance on the subject property utilizing the methodology outlined in the May 2010 *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0).* 

One wetland (Wetland A) and one stream (Stream 1) were identified on the property during the initial field investigation. The wetland and stream boundaries were delineated by AOA on April 15, 2022 and were subsequently surveyed (**Figure 1**). **Attachment A** contains data sheets prepared for a representative location in both the wetland and upland on the site. These data sheets document the vegetation, soils, and hydrology information that aided in the wetland boundary delineation.

## Wetland A and Stream 1

Stream 1 drains from southwest to northeast through the northwest portion of the site. Wetland A is associated with Stream 1 and contains Depressional (historically excavated pond), Slope (seepage), and Riverine Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) components. Per the WA Department of Ecology guidance, the wetland was considered a Depressional HGM class wetland for rating purposes.

Vegetation within Wetland A and the riparian corridor of Stream 1 was mostly forested, with a smaller emergent plant community in the vicinity of the historically excavated pond. Soils throughout the wetland consisted of clay and were saturated to the surface. Shallow ponding was observed throughout much of the wetland at the time of the delineation.

Wetland A meets the criteria for a Category III wetland with 6 Habitat Points (**Attachment B**). Category III wetlands with 6 Habitat Points require a standard 110-foot buffer plus 15-foot building setback from the wetland edge.

Wayne Nelson July 22, 2022 Page **2** of **2** 

Stream 1 is a Type N Aquatic Area that requires a 65-foot buffer and 15-foot building setback from the ordinary high water (OHW) of the stream.

If you have any questions regarding the delineation or ratings, please give me a call.

Sincerely,

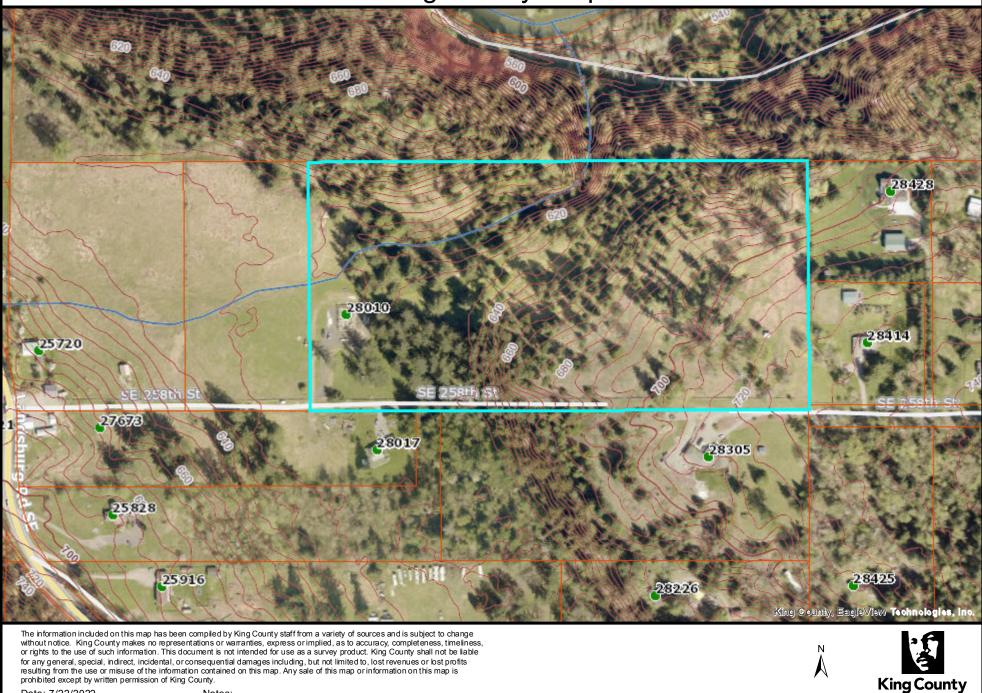
ALTMANN OLIVER ASSOCIATES, LLC

John altman

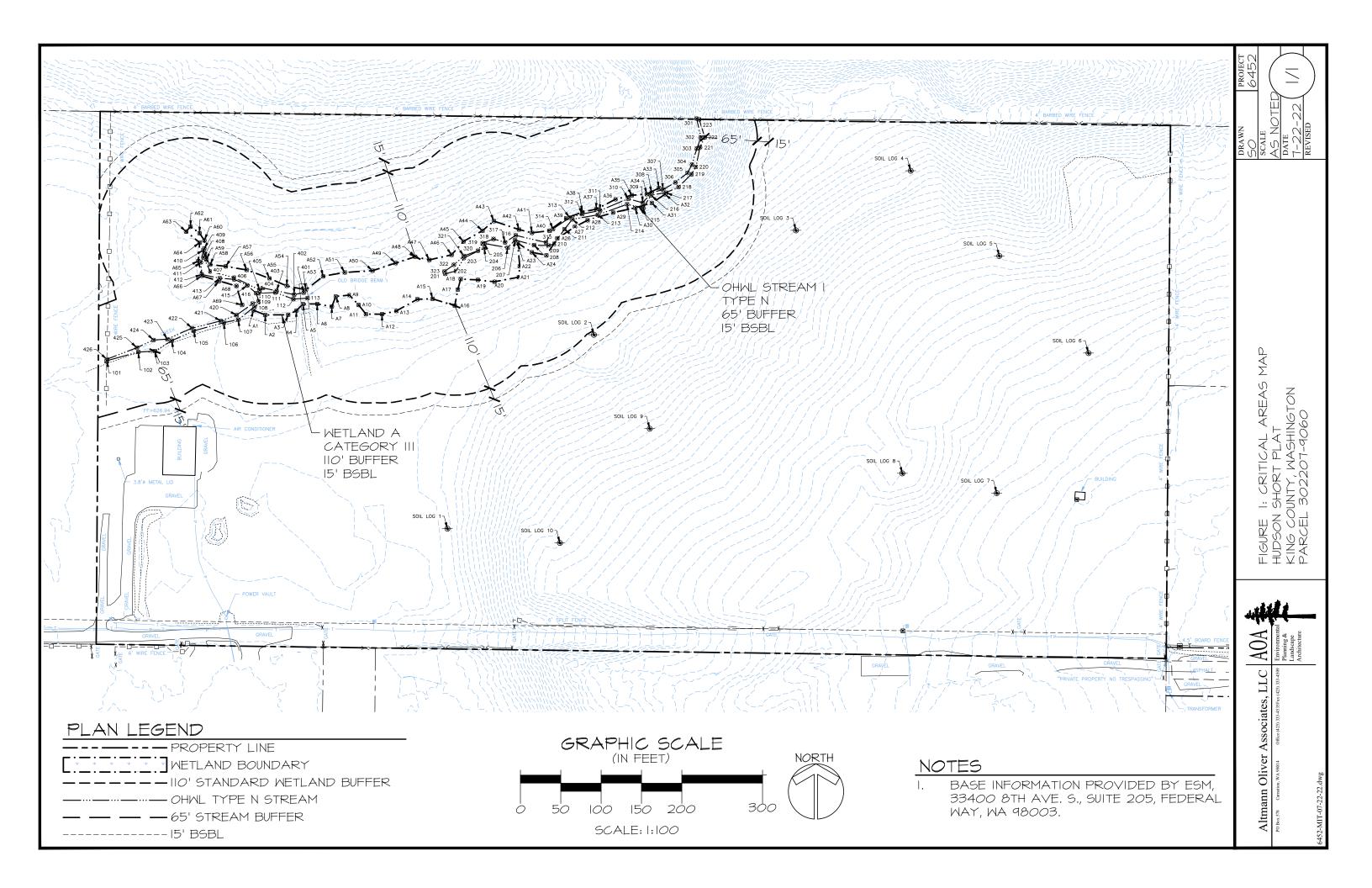
John Altmann Ecologist

Attachments

# King County iMap



Date: 7/22/2022



# ATTACHMENT A DATA SHEETS

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project Site:	Parcel 30	22079	060			Ci	ity/County:	King	/	_	Sampling D	ate:	<u>4-1</u> ;	<u>5-22</u>	
Applicant/Owner:	Hudson									State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling P	oint:	DP	<u> </u>	
Investigator(s):	John Altm	nann, J	lason Panzera					Se	ection,	Township, Rang	ge: <u>S30, T2</u>	2N, R7E			
Landform (hillslope, ter	race, etc.)	): <u>q</u>	entle slope / rivi	ne		Local relie	ef (concave	, conve	ex, non	ie): <u>concave</u>		Slop	e (%):		
Subregion (LRR):	<u>A</u>			Lat	: <u>47.37158</u>			Long:	-121.	96804		Datum:	NAD8	<u>3</u>	
Soil Map Unit Name:	<u>1, 11</u>									NWI class	sification:	R4SBC	_		
Are climatic / hydrologi	c conditior	ns on t	he site typical fo	r this ti	ime of year?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		(If no, explain ir	n Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	□,	significantly dis	sturbed?	Are "Nor	mal Ci	rcumst	ances" present?		Yes	$\boxtimes$	No	
Are Vegetation	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	□,	naturally proble	ematic?	(If neede	ed, exp	ain an	y answers in Re	marks.)				

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No					
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No					
Remarks: Located 10' into Wetland off of A-7								

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>10'</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test Worksheet:		
1. <u>Alnus rubra</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>yes</u>	FAC	Number of Dominant Species	(	(A)
2				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	, t	,
3				Total Number of Dominant	(	(B)
4				Species Across All Strata:	(	_)
50% = <u>5</u> , 20% = <u>2</u>	<u>10</u>	= Total Cover		Percent of Dominant Species	(	(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 10')				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	(	,,,,,,
1				Prevalence Index worksheet:		
2				Total % Cover of: Multiply	by:	
3				OBL species x1 =		
4				FACW species x2 =		
5			<u> </u>	FAC species x3 =		
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cover		FACU species x4 =		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10')				UPL species x5 =		
1. Lysichiton americanus	<u>90</u>	<u>yes</u>	OBL	Column Totals:(A)	(B)	1
2. <u>Ranunculus repens</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>no</u>	FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A =		
3. <u>Athyrium filix-femina</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>no</u>	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:		
4				1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation		
5				☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%		
6				$\Box$ 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$		
7				4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporti	ng	
8				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)		
9				5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup>		
10				Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)		
11						
50% = <u>52.5,</u> 20% = <u>21</u>	<u>105</u>	= Total Cover		<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10')				F		
1						
2				Hydrophytic		_
50% =, 20% =		= Total Cover		Vegetation Yes ⊠ Present?	No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum						
Remarks:						

### Project Site: Parcel 3022079060

## SOIL

SOI	L								Sampling Point:	DP#1		
Prof	ile Descri	ption: (Describe t	o the depth	n needed to d	ocument the in	dicator or confiri	n the absence	e of indicators	s.)			
D	epth	Matrix			Redo	x Features						
(incł	nes)	Color (moist)	%	Color (mo	oist) %	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture		Remar	ks	
(	)-20	<u>10 YR 3/1</u>	100					GSL	gravelly sandy	clay		
_						. <u> </u>						
_						·						
-						. <u> </u>						
-						·						
_						·						
-						. <u> </u>						
-						·						
1Тур	e: C= Cor	centration, D=Dep	letion, RM=	Reduced Matr	ix, CS=Covered	or Coated Sand 0	Grains. <sup>2</sup> L	ocation: PL=P	ore Lining, M=Matr	x		
Hydı	ric Soil In	dicators: (Applica	ble to all L	RRs, unless o	otherwise noted	d.)		Indicat	tors for Problema	ic Hydric	Soils <sup>3</sup> :	
	Histosol	(A1)			Sandy Redox	(S5)			2 cm Muck (A10)			
	Histic Ep	oipedon (A2)			Stripped Matrix	x (S6)			Red Parent Materi	al (TF2)		
	Black Hi	stic (A3)			Loamy Mucky	Mineral (F1) (exc	ept MLRA 1)		Very Shallow Dark	Surface (	TF12)	
	Hydroge	n Sulfide (A4)			Loamy Gleyed	l Matrix (F2)			Other (Explain in F	Remarks)		
	Depleted	d Below Dark Surfa	ice (A11)		Depleted Matr	ix (F3)						
$\boxtimes$	Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)			Redox Dark S	urface (F6)						
	Sandy M	lucky Mineral (S1)			Depleted Dark	Surface (F7)			tors of hydrophytic land hydrology mus			
	Sandy G	Bleyed Matrix (S4)			Redox Depres	sions (F8)			ess disturbed or pro		ent,	
Rest	rictive La	yer (if present):										
Туре	):											
Dept	h (inches)	:					Hydric Soils F	Present?	Yes	<b>5</b>	No	
Rem	arks:											

## HYDROLOGY

Wetl	and Hydrology Indicat	tors:												
Prim	ary Indicators (minimum	n of one r	equired	; check	all tha	t apply)			Sec	ondary Indicators (2 or	more requir	ed)		
$\boxtimes$	Surface Water (A1)					Water-Stained Leave	s (B9)			Water-Stained Leave	s (B9)			
$\boxtimes$	High Water Table (A2	!)				(except MLRA 1, 2, 4	4A, and 4B)			(MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and	4B)			
$\boxtimes$	Saturation (A3)					Salt Crust (B11)				Drainage Patterns (B	10)			
	Water Marks (B1)					Aquatic Invertebrates	(B13)			Dry-Season Water Ta	able (C2)			
	Sediment Deposits (B	32)				Hydrogen Sulfide Ode	or (C1)			Saturation Visible on	Aerial Imag	ery (CS	))	
	Drift Deposits (B3)					Oxidized Rhizosphere	es along Living Roots	s (C3)		Geomorphic Position	(D2)			
	Algal Mat or Crust (B4	4)				Presence of Reduced	l Iron (C4)			Shallow Aquitard (D3	)			
	Iron Deposits (B5)					Recent Iron Reductio	n in Tilled Soils (C6)			FAC-Neutral Test (D5	5)			
	Surface Soil Cracks (I	B6)				Stunted or Stresses F	Plants (D1) <b>(LRR A)</b>			Raised Ant Mounds (I	D6) <b>(LRR A</b>	)		
	Inundation Visible on	Aerial Im	agery (l	B7)		Other (Explain in Ren	narks)			Frost-Heave Hummoo	cks (D7)			
	Sparsely Vegetated C	concave S	Surface	(B8)										
Field	Observations:													
Surfa	ce Water Present?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		Depth (inches):	<u>0.5"</u>							
Wate	r Table Present?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		Depth (inches):	<u>0"</u>							
	ration Present? ides capillary fringe)	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		Depth (inches):	<u>0"</u>	Wetlar	nd Hy	drology Present?	Yes		No	
Desc	ribe Recorded Data (st	ream gau	ige, mo	nitoring	well, a	erial photos, previous i	nspections), if availat	ole:						
Rem	arks:													

## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project Site:	Parcel 30	22079	060			Ci	ty/County:	King	/	_	Sampling D	ate:	4-1	<u>5-22</u>	
Applicant/Owner:	Hudson									State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling P	oint:	DPi	<u>#2</u>	
Investigator(s):	John Altm	hann, J	ason Panzera					S	ection,	Township, Rang	ge: <u>S30, T2</u>	2N, R7E			
Landform (hillslope, ter	race, etc.)	): <u>q</u> e	entle slope / rivi	ne		Local relie	ef (concave	, conve	ex, non	ie): <u>concave</u>		Slop	e (%):		_
Subregion (LRR):	<u>A</u>			Lat	: <u>47.37158</u>			Long:	-121.	<u>96804</u>		Datum:	NAD8	3	
Soil Map Unit Name:	<u>1, 11</u>									NWI clas	sification:	R4SBC	:		
Are climatic / hydrologi	c conditior	ns on tl	he site typical fo	r this ti	me of year?	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No		(If no, explain i	n Remarks.)				
Are Vegetation	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	□,	significantly di	sturbed?	Are "Nor	mal Ci	rcumst	ances" present?	•	Yes	$\boxtimes$	No	
Are Vegetation	Soil	□,	or Hydrology	□,	naturally probl	ematic?	(If neede	ed, exp	ain an	y answers in Re	marks.)				

### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes	No	$\boxtimes$				
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No		Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes	No	$\boxtimes$
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes	No	$\boxtimes$				
Remarks: Located 10' into upland off of A-7							

#### **VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants** Absolute Dominant Indicator Tree Stratum (Plot size: 10') Dominance Test Worksheet: % Cover Species? Status 1. Tsuga heterophylla FACU 80 yes Number of Dominant Species 3 (A) That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2. Alnus rubra 20 ves FAC 3. Total Number of Dominant 8 (B) Species Across All Strata: 4. 50% = <u>50</u>, 20% = <u>20</u> 100 = Total Cover Percent of Dominant Species (A/B) 37.5 That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 10') Prevalence Index worksheet: 1. Rubus armeniacus FAC <u>40</u> <u>yes</u> 2. Rubus spectabilis 20 FAC Total % Cover of: Multiply by: ves 3. Rubus laciniatus <u>20</u> <u>yes</u> FACU **OBL** species x1 = 4. FACW species x2 = FAC species 5. \_\_\_\_\_ x3 = FACU species 50% = <u>40</u>, 20% = <u>16</u> <u>80</u> = Total Cover x4 = Herb Stratum (Plot size: 10') UPL species x5 = 1. Polystichum munitum 20 yes FACU \_\_ (A) (B) Column Totals: 10 FACU Prevalence Index = B/A = 2. Geranium robertianum yes 3. Taraxacum officinale 10 FACU Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>yes</u> 4. Ranunculus repens <u>5</u> FAC □ 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation no 5. Athyrium filix-femina 5 <u>FAC</u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% no 6. 3 - Prevalence Index is <3.01 7. 4 - Morphological Adaptations<sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 8. 9. 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants<sup>1</sup> 10. Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation<sup>1</sup> (Explain) 11. \_\_\_\_\_ <sup>1</sup>Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must 50% = <u>25</u>, 20% = <u>10</u> = Total Cover 50 be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 10') 1. Rubus ursinus FACU <u>20</u> no Hydrophytic 2. Vegetation No $\boxtimes$ Yes 50% = 10, 20% = 4 = Total Cover 20 Present? % Bare Ground in Herb Stratum Remarks:

### Project Site: Parcel 3022079060

## SOIL

SOIL									Sampling	g Point: <u>DP</u>	#1		
Profile D	Description: (Describe to	the depth	needed to d	ocument tl	he indica	tor or conf	irm the absence	e of indicato	ors.)				
Depth	h Matrix			F	Redox Fe	atures							
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (mo	oist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture			Remarks	5	
<u>0-16</u>	<u>10 YR 4/6</u>			_				<u>SSL</u>	silty sa	<u>indy loam</u>			
				_					. <u> </u>				
				_									
				_									
				_									
				_									
				_									
				_									
<sup>1</sup> Type: C	= Concentration, D=Deple	tion, RM=F	Reduced Matr	ix, CS=Cov	vered or C	Coated Sand	I Grains. <sup>2</sup> Lo	ocation: PL=	Pore Lining,	M=Matrix			
Hydric S	Soil Indicators: (Applicab	e to all LF	RRs, unless	otherwise	noted.)			Indic	ators for Pro	blematic	Hydric S	ioils <sup>3</sup> :	
🗆 His	stosol (A1)			Sandy Re	dox (S5)				2 cm Muck	(A10)			
🗆 His	stic Epipedon (A2)			Stripped I	Matrix (Se	6)			Red Paren	t Material (	TF2)		
🗆 Bla	ack Histic (A3)			Loamy M	ucky Mine	eral (F1) <b>(ex</b>	cept MLRA 1)		Very Shallo	ow Dark Su	rface (TI	F12)	
🗆 Ну	drogen Sulfide (A4)			Loamy G	leyed Mat	trix (F2)			Other (Exp	lain in Rem	arks)		
🗆 De	epleted Below Dark Surface	e (A11)		Depleted	Matrix (F	3)							
🗆 Th	ick Dark Surface (A12)			Redox Da	ark Surfac	ce (F6)							
🔲 Sa	ndy Mucky Mineral (S1)			Depleted	Dark Sur	face (F7)			cators of hydr				
🔲 Sa	andy Gleyed Matrix (S4)			Redox De	pression	s (F8)			etland hydrolo less disturbe			t,	
Restrict	ive Layer (if present):									•			
Type:													
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soils P	Present?		Yes		No	$\boxtimes$
Remarks	8:												

## HYDROLOGY

Wetla	and Hydrology Indicat	ors:										
Prima	ary Indicators (minimum	of one re	equired	; check	all tha	apply)	Se	econdary Indicators (2 or	more requir	ed)		
	Surface Water (A1)					Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Water-Stained Leave	s (B9)			
	High Water Table (A2)	)				(except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)		(MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and	4B)			
	Saturation (A3)					Salt Crust (B11)		Drainage Patterns (B	10)			
	Water Marks (B1)					Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)		Dry-Season Water Ta	able (C2)			
	Sediment Deposits (B	2)				Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Saturation Visible on	Aerial Image	ery (C9	)	
	Drift Deposits (B3)					Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	5) <b>(</b>	Geomorphic Position	(D2)			
	Algal Mat or Crust (B4	)				Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		Shallow Aquitard (D3	)			
	Iron Deposits (B5)					Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)		FAC-Neutral Test (D5	5)			
	Surface Soil Cracks (E	36)				Stunted or Stresses Plants (D1) (LRR A)		Raised Ant Mounds (I	D6) <b>(LRR A</b>	)		
	Inundation Visible on A	Aerial Ima	agery (E	37)		Other (Explain in Remarks)		Frost-Heave Hummo	cks (D7)			
	Sparsely Vegetated C	oncave S	Surface	(B8)								
Field	Observations:											
Surfa	ce Water Present?	Yes		No	$\boxtimes$	Depth (inches):						
Wate	r Table Present?	Yes		No	$\boxtimes$	Depth (inches):						
	ation Present? des capillary fringe)	Yes		No	$\boxtimes$	Depth (inches): We	tland H	ydrology Present?	Yes		No	
Desc	ribe Recorded Data (str	eam gau	ge, mor	nitoring	well, a	erial photos, previous inspections), if available:						
Rem	arks: Dry											

# ATTACHMENT B WETLAND RATING

## **RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington**

Name of wetland (or I	D #): Parcel 302	207-9060			Date of site visit:	3/17/2021
Rated by Altmann		Tr	ained by E	cology? 🗹 Yes 🗌 No	Date of training	03/08 & 03/15
HGM Class used for	rating Depression	nal & Flats		Wetland has multip	le HGM classes? 🗹	Yes □No
	<b>m is not complete</b> Source of base aer		•	equested (figures can ity iMAP	be combined ).	
OVERALL WETLA	ND CATEGORY	III	(based on	functions ⊡or specia	al characteristics $\Box$ )	
1. Category of w	etland based on		S			
0,		I - Total score			Score for each	
	Category 1	II - Total score	e = 20 - 22		function based	
_	X Category I	III - Total sco	re = 16 - 19	)	on three	
_	Category	IV - Total sco	re = 9 - 15		ratings	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					(order of ratings	
FUNCTION	Improving	Hydrologic	Habitat		is not	

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
	List app	ropriate rating	а (H, M, L)	
Site Potential	М	М	М	
Landscape Potential	М	М	М	
Value	М	Н	М	Total
Score Based on Ratings	6	7	6	19

function based on three ratings (order of ratings is not important)
9 = H, H, H 8 = H, H, M 7 = H, H, L 7 = H, M, M 6 = H, M, L
6 = M, M, M
5 = H, L, L 5 = M, M, L
4 = M, L, L
3 = L, L, L

2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	Category
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	X

Wetland name or number A

DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLAN Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to impro D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality? D 1.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:</u> Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet). Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet. Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet that is permanently flowing		2
<ul> <li>D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?</li> <li>D 1.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:</u> <ul> <li>Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).</li> <li>Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet.</li> <li>Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	points = 3 points = 2	2
<ul> <li>D 1.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:</u>         Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key)         with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).         Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly         constricted permanently flowing outlet.         Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet</li> </ul>	points = 2	2
<ul> <li>Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key) with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).</li> <li>Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet.</li> <li>Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet</li> </ul>	points = 2	2
<ul> <li>with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).</li> <li>Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet.</li> <li>Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet</li> </ul>	points = 2	2
<ul> <li>Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly constricted permanently flowing outlet.</li> <li>Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet</li> </ul>	points = 2	2
constricted permanently flowing outlet.		2
$\Box$ Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet		2
<b>o</b>	points = 1	
that is permanently flowing	points = 1	
$\Box$ Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is		
a permanently flowing ditch.	points = 1	
D 1.2. <u>The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer)</u> is true clay or true organic		4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes = 4 No = 0	-
D 1.3. <u>Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants</u> (Emergent, Scrub-shrul	b, and/or	
Forested Cowardin classes):		
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > 95% of area	points = 5	F
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > $\frac{1}{2}$ of area	points = 3	5
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $> \frac{1}{10}$ of area	points = 1	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants $< \frac{1}{10}$ of area	points = 0	
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation:		
This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description in	manual.	
Area seasonally ponded is > $\frac{1}{2}$ total area of wetland	points = 4	0
Area seasonally ponded is > $\frac{1}{4}$ total area of wetland	points = 2	
Area seasonally ponded is $< \frac{1}{4}$ total area of wetland	points = $0$	
Total for D 1 Add the points in		11

Rating of Site Potential If score is: 12 - 16 = H G 6 - 11 = M 0 - 5 = L Record the rating on the first page

D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the wat	ter quality function of the si	te?	
D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges?	Yes = 1	No = 0	0
D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land u	ses that		1
generate pollutants?	Yes = 1	No = 0	I
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?	Yes = 1	No = 0	0
D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wet	land that are		
not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3?			0
Source	Yes = 1	No = 0	
Total for D 2	Add the points in the boxe	s above	1

Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: 3 or 4 = H 3 or 2 = M 3

D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?			
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river,			0
lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?	res = 1	No = 0	0
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on the 3	303(d) lis	st?	1
Υ	Yes = 1	No = 0	I
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important			
for maintaining water quality (answer YES if there is a TMDL for the basin in			0
which the unit is found )?	Yes = 2	No = 0	
Total for D 3 Add the points in t	the boxe	s above	1
Rating of Value If score is: $\Box 2 - 4 = H \Box 1 = M \Box 0 = L$	ecord the	rating on	the first page

Wetland name or number <u>A</u>	0	
DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLAND		
Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and	nd stream degra	adation
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?		
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:		
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water		
leaving it (no outlet)	points = 4	
Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly		
constricted permanently flowing outlet	points = 2	2
Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is		
a permanently flowing ditch	points = 1	
Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet	-	
that is permanently flowing	points = 0	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above th		
the outlet. For wetlands with no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent wate	er or if dry, the	
deepest part.		
Marks of ponding are 3 ft or more above the surface or bottom of outlet	points = 7	
Marks of ponding between 2 ft to < 3 ft from surface or bottom of outlet	points = 5	3
$\Box$ Marks are at least 0.5 ft to < 2 ft from surface or bottom of outlet	points = 3	
The wetland is a "headwater" wetland	points = 3	
Wetland is flat but has small depressions on the surface that trap water	points = 1	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in)	points = 0	
D 4.3. Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed: Estimate the ratio of		
upstream basin contributing surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland		
$\Box$ The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit	points = 5	3
The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit	points = 3	Ũ
The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit	points = 0	
Entire wetland is in the Flats class	points = 5	
Total for D 4 Add the points in the	e boxes above	8
Rating of Site Potential If score is: $\Box$ 12 - 16 = H $\Box$ 6 - 11 = M $\Box$ 0 - 5 = L Rec	ord the rating on	the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the s	ite?	
	s = 1 No = 0	0
D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate ex		
	s = 1 No = 0	1
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intens		
land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?		0
	s = 1 No = 0	U U
Total for D 5 Add the points in the	4	1
		the first page
	ord the rating on	the linst page
D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?		
D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description		
matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. <u>Choose</u>	the highest	
score if more than one condition is met.		
The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradi		
where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or s	almon redds):	
<ul> <li>Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-</li> </ul>		
gradient of unit.	points = 2	2
<ul> <li>Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-</li> </ul>		E
gradient.	points = 1	
Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin.	points = 1	
☐ The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained		
by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland		
cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why	points = 0	
cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why <ul> <li>There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland.</li> </ul>	points = 0 points = 0	
cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland. D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood	points = 0	0
cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why <ul> <li>There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland.</li> </ul> <li>D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan? Ye</li>	points = 0 s = 2 No = 0	0
cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland. D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan? Total for D 6 Add the points in the	points = 0 s = 2 No = 0	2

Wetland name or number <u>A</u>	
These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.	
HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat	
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?	
H 1.1. Structure of plant community. Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the	
Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be	
combined for each class to meet the threshold of 1/4 ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller	
than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked.	
$\Box$ Aquatic bed 4 structures or more: points = 4	2
☑ Emergent 3 structures: points = 2	2
$\Box$ Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover) 2 structures: points - 1	
✓ Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover) 1 structure: points = 0	
If the unit has a Forested class, check if:	
☑ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous,	
moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon	
H 1.2. Hydroperiods Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime	
has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or 1/4 ac to count (see text for descriptions of	
hydroperiods ).	
nyuropenous j.	
$\Box$ Permanently flooded or inundated 4 or more types present: points = 3	
<ul> <li>✓ Seasonally flooded or inundated</li> <li>✓ Seasonally flooded or inundated</li> <li>✓ Stypes present: points = 2</li> </ul>	2
<ul> <li>✓ Occasionally flooded or inundated</li> <li>✓ Occasionally flooded or inundated</li> <li>✓ 2 types present: points = 1</li> </ul>	2
$\Box \text{ Saturated only} \qquad \qquad 1 \text{ types present: points = 0}$	
Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland	
Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland	
□ Lake Fringe wetland 2 points	
Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points	
H 1.3. Richness of plant species	
Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft <sup>2</sup> . <i>Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do</i>	
not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple	
	1
loosestrife, Canadian thistle	1
	1
If you counted: > 19 species points = 2	1
If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 1	1
If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 1	1
If you counted:> 19 speciespoints = 25 - 19 speciespoints = 1< 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	
If you counted:       > 19 species       points = 2         5 - 19 species       points = 1         < 5 species	1
If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 1 < 5 species points = 0 H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. <i>If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high</i> .	
If you counted: > 19 species points = 2 5 - 19 species points = 1 < 5 species points = 0 H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. <i>If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.</i>	
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Wetland name or number A	
H 1.5. Special habitat features:	
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number	
of points.	
Large, downed, woody debris within the wetland (> 4 in diameter and 6 ft long)	
✓ Standing snags (dbh > 4 in) within the wetland	
Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) <b>and/or</b> overhanging plants extends	
at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at	
least 33 ft (10 m)	3
Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning	
(> 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees	
that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	
$\Box$ At least $\frac{1}{4}$ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas	
that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)	
☑ Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see	
H 1.1 for list of strata)	
Total for H 1 Add the points in the boxes above	9

Rating of Site Potential If Score is: 15 - 18 = H 7 - 14 = M 0 - 6 = L Record the rating on the first page

H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat function of the site?	
H 2.1 Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit).	
Calculate:	
6.8 % undisturbed habitat + ( 5.2 % moderate & low intensity land uses / 2 ) = 9.4%	
If total accessible habitat is:	0
$> \frac{1}{3}$ (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon points = 3	
20 - 33% of 1 km Polygon points = 2	
10 - 19% of 1 km Polygon points = 1	
< 10 % of 1 km Polygon points = 0	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.	
Calculate:	
42 % undisturbed habitat + ( 29.7 % moderate & low intensity land uses / 2 ) = 56.85%	
	3
Undisturbed habitat > 50% of Polygon points = 3	-
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and in 1-3 patches points = 2	
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and > 3 patches points = 1	
Undisturbed habitat < 10% of 1 km Polygon points = 0	
H 2.3 Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: If	
> 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use points = (-2)	0
≤ 50% of 1km Polygon is high intensity points = 0	
Total for H 2 Add the points in the boxes above	3

Rating of Landscape Potential If Score is: 4 - 6 = H 2 1 - 3 = M <br/>C 1 - 3 = M <br/>C < 1 = L Record the rating on the first page

H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?	
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or pol	licies? Choose
only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.	
Site meets ANY of the following criteria:	points = 2
☐ It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (see next page)	)
It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (an	y plant
or animal on the state or federal lists)	
It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority specified	ecies
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by	the <sup>1</sup>
Department of Natural Resources	
☐ It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local	or
regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or i	na
watershed plan	
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats (listed on next page) with in 100m	points = 1
Site does not meet any of the criteria above	points = 0
Rating of Value If Score is: 2 = H 2 1 = M 0 = L R	Record the rating on the first page

## **WDFW Priority Habitats**

<u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> (see complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington. 177 pp.

http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf\_or access the list from here: http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/

Count how many of the following priority habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit: **NOTE**: This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the priority habitat.

- Aspen Stands: Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors**: Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report*).
- Herbaceous Balds: Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock.
- □ Old-growth/Mature forests: <u>Old-growth west of Cascade crest</u> Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in (81 cm) dbh or > 200 years of age. <u>Mature forests</u> Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest.
- □ **Oregon White Oak**: Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 158 see web link above*).
- Riparian: The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- □ Westside Prairies: Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie (*full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 161 see web link above*).
- Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources.
- □ Nearshore: Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore. (*full descriptions of habitats and the definition of relatively undisturbed are in WDFW report see web link on previous page*).
- **Caves**: A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs**: Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- □ **Talus**: Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 6.5 ft (0.15 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.

**Note**: All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed elsewhere.



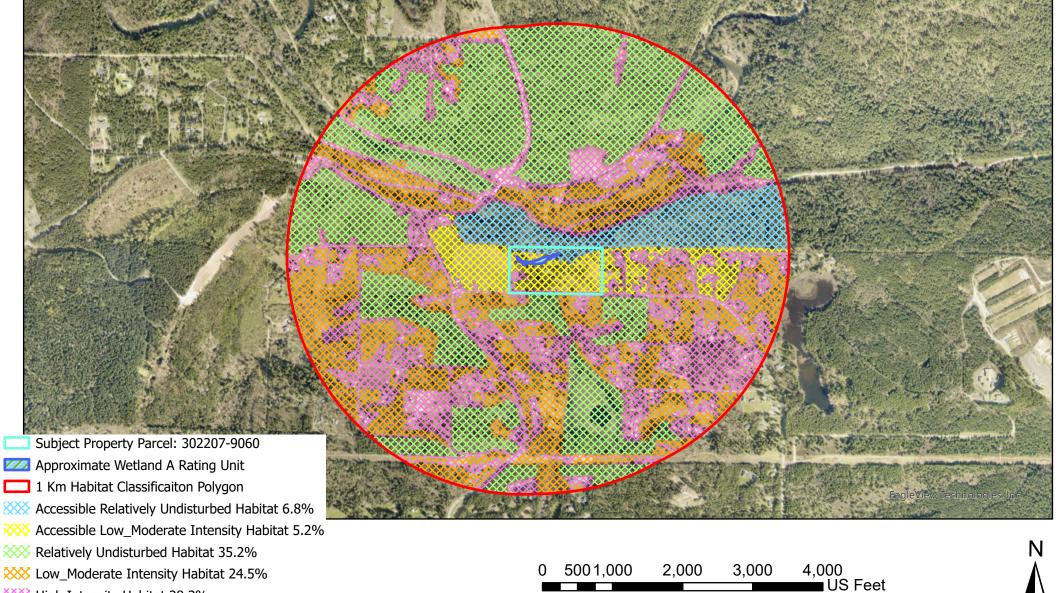
AOA - 6452

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Environmental Planning & Landscape Architecture

## King County Parcel 302207-9060





Kigh Intensity Habitat 28.3%



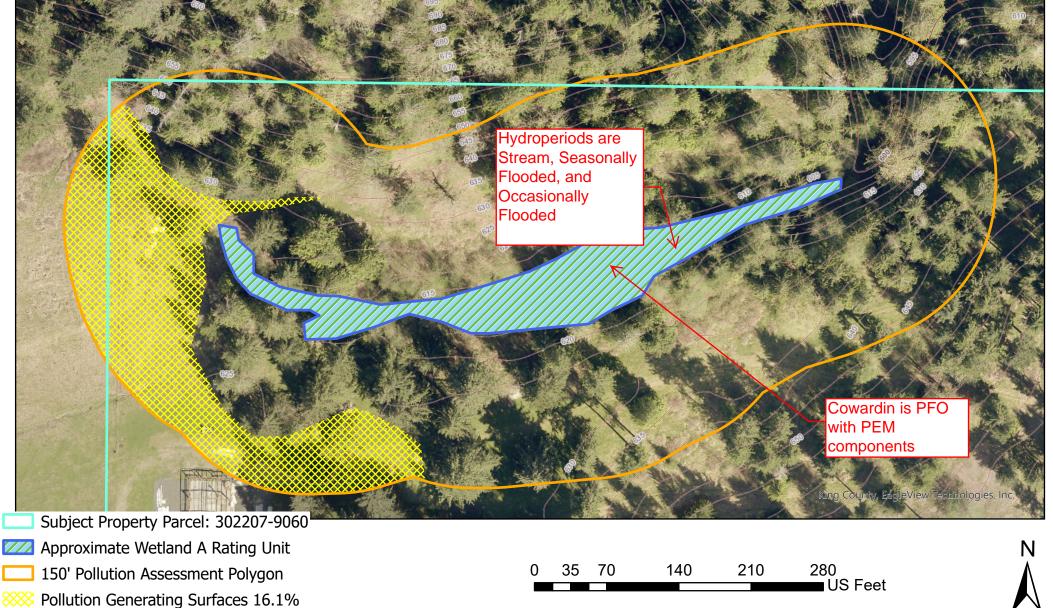
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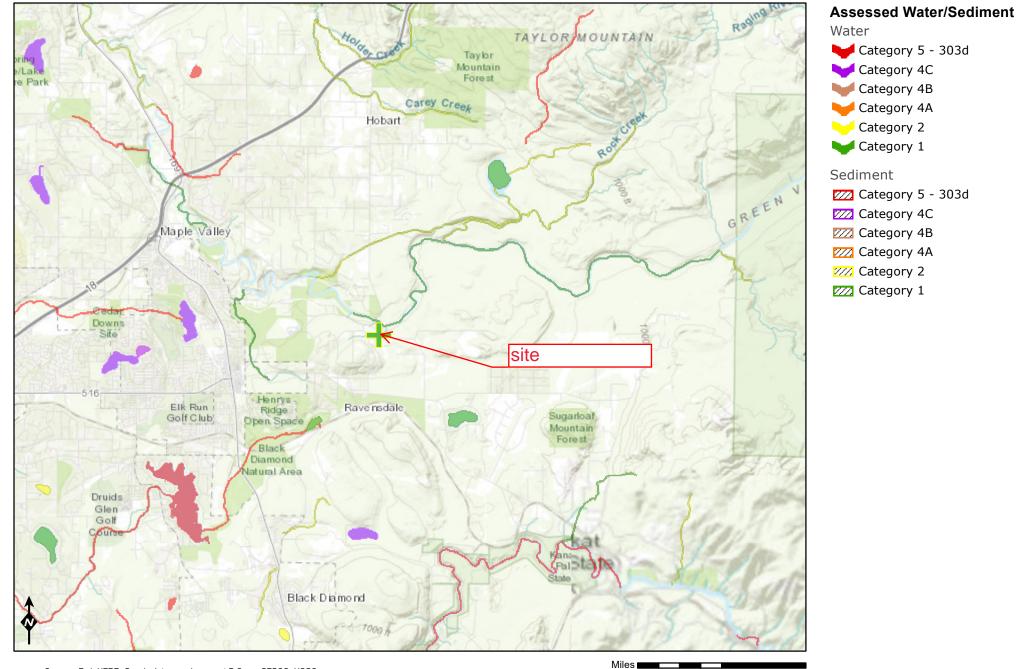
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King County Parcel 302207-9060

# Figure B



## Figure C



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and

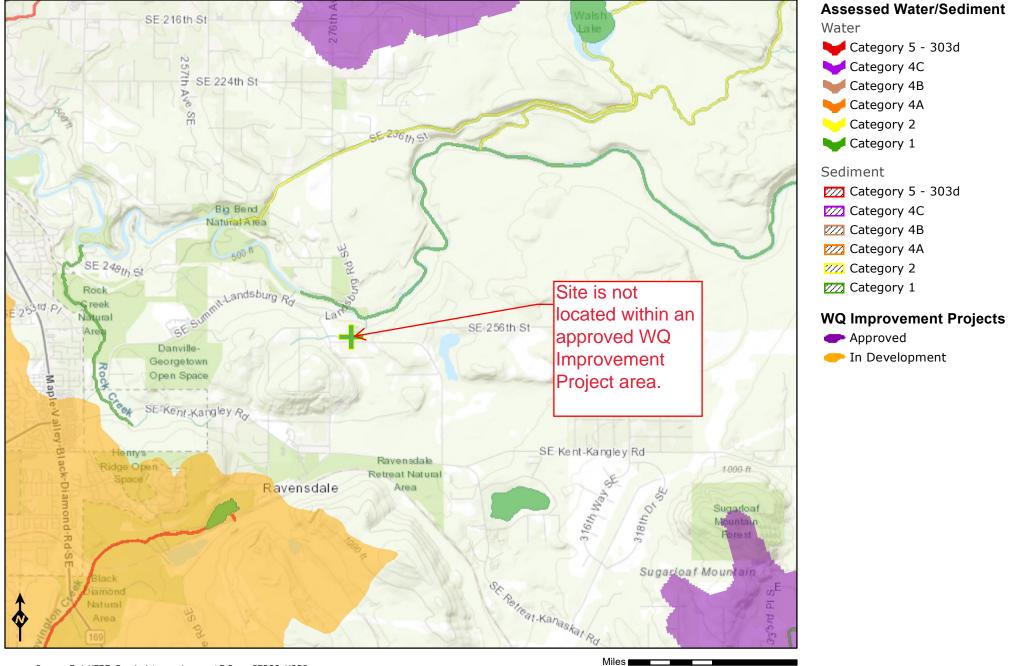


0

1



## Figure D



0.5

1

0

2

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and

