Table of Contents

Affidavit of Application	1
Certificate of Applicant Status	3
Clearing and Grading Permit Application Worksheet	
Vicinity Information	
Narrative Description of Project	1
Site Plans	15
SEPA Checklist	18
Wetland Report	31



Permit Application; Applicant Affidavit

Project Information						
PARCEL NUMER(S) 0425079017,0425079016	PERMIT NUMBER					
ADDRESS OF PROPOSED WORK Address not yet assigned 8519 CARNATION DUVALL RD NE	REL/,\TED PERMITS OR PRE-APP SR1449605 (Group B Well)	PROJECT VALUATION				

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED WORK

Connect three existing homes to a new well source. Project includes trenching of approximately 466 l.f. of 2" HOPE pipe and bore of approximately 180' of 2" HOPE pipe under Harris Creek to avoid impact to stream and stream buffer. See attached plan.

Property Owner				
FULL NAME PHONE NUMBER Julie Gaisford 206-963-4203		EMAIL ADDRESS GaisfordLaw@Cent	urytel.net	
MAILING ADDRESS 8519 Carnation Duvall Rd NE	CITY Carnation	STATE WA	ZIP CODE 98014	

Applicant 17 ame as Owner) Homeowner doing own w	ork	
FULL NAME PHONE NUMBER		EMAIL ADDRESS	
MAILING ADDRESS		CITY	STATE ZIP CODE WA

Contractor O Same as Appl	licant				
PHONE NUMBER 206.786.5273 (M)		EMAIL ADDRESS BS@trenchlessconstruction.com			
MAILING ADDRESS PO Box 3372	'	CITY Arlington	STATE WA	ZIP CODE 98223	
CONTRACTOR NUMBER: TRENCCS013MW		EXPIRATION DATE: 11/2/2021			

<u>Department of Local Services, Permitting Division</u> 35030 SE Douglas Street, Suite 210 Snoqualmie, WA 98065-9266 Page 1 of 2

March 2020

206-296-6600 TTY Relay: 711 www.kingcounty.gov

Permit Application; Applicant Affidavit, continued

I further certify that I am familiar with King County's Community Trails Preservation Program,

O I am interested in granting a voluntary easement for a rural equestrian trail,

O I am not interested in granting a voluntary easement for a rural equestrian trail.

Owner Affidavit In Lieu of Contractor Registration: required for a property owner doing all of the work under this permit themselves.

D I certify under penalty of perjury that I am the property owner and I am exempt from the requirements of the Contractor Registration laws, $\underline{\mathsf{RCW}}$ 18.27, (Definitions, $\underline{\mathsf{RCW}}$ 18.27.010 and Exemptions, $\underline{\mathsf{RCW}}$ 18.27.090) and I will do all my own work.

Critical Area Compliance:

The undersigned applicant declares: 1.) That the applicant is competent to be a witness herein; 2.) That the applicant is the applicant for the above project; 3.) That to the best of the applicant's knowledge, the critical areas on the development proposal site have not been illegally altered; and 4.) That the applicant has not previously been found in violation of critical areas regulations for any property in King County, or alternatively, that if there have been any violations, such violations have been cured to the satisfaction of King County.

I am submitting for a permit authorized by the international building, residential, fire, or mechanical codes and in anticipation of having it approved or approved with conditions, I have read the following statement and understand that failure to comply with all conditions once construction is begun may necessitate an immediate work stoppage until such time as compliance with the stipulated conditions is attained. I certify that I have made a diligent inquiry regarding the need for concurrent state or federal permits to engage in the work requested under this building permit, and no such permits are required or I will have obtained the required permits prior to issuance of this permit. I understand that the granting of this permit shall not be construed as satisfying the requirements of other applicable federal, state or local laws or regulations. In addition, I understand and agree that this permit does not authorize the violation of regulations. In addition, I understand and agree that this building permit does not authorize the violation of the Endangered Species Act as set forth at 16 U.S.C. § 1531-1543, including the prohibition on the "take" of threatened or endangered species. "Take" is defined at 16 U.S.C. § 1532(19). I fully understand that it is my sole responsibility to determine whether such "take" restrictions would be violated by work done pursuant to this permit, and I understand that I am precluded by Federal Law from undertaking work authorized by this permit if that work would violate the "take" restrictions set forth at 16 U.S.C. §1538, 50 C.F.R. §17.21, 50 C.F.R. §17.31, 50 C.F.R. §223, and 50 C.F.R. §224.

I certify under penalty of perjury and under the laws of the State of Washington, the foregoing is true and correct. I further certify that all easements, deed restrictions, or other encumbrances restricting the use of the property are shown on the site plans submitted with this application. We (I) have been given authorization from the property owner to obtain this permit.

I am the legal owner of this parcel, or have obtained authorization from the legal owner and agree that King County permitting staff may access the site for all project related purposes, including but not limited to necessary inspections

<u>I accept financial responsibility for all fees</u> associated with this permit or approval and will receive any applicable billings and/or refunds. As applicant, I will receive and be responsible for all correspondence related to this permit record.

APPLICANT SIGNATURE OR PRINTED NAME

DATE

Department of Local Services, Permitting Division

35030 SE Douglas Street, Suite 210 Snoqualmie, WA 98065-9266

Page 2 of 2

March 2020

206-296-6600 TTY Relay: 711 www.kingcounty.gov

Gaisford Clearing & Grading Permit Application



Applicant Status, Individual

PERMIT NUMBER	PERMIT NAME	
	1	

For Individual(s)

By signing this document, I certify that I am/we are an owner of the property(ies) affected by this permit.

Owner One					
FULL NAME Julie Gaisford	PHONE NUMBER 206-963-4203	EMAIL ADDRESS gaisfordlaw@centurytel.net			
MAILING ADDRESS 8501 CARNATION DUVALL F	CITY Carnation	STATE WA	ZIP CODE 98014		
SIGNATURE OF OWNER ONE		70.5			

Owner Two	Same contact information	as Owner One				
FULL NAME	NAME PHONE NUMBER		EMAIL ADDRESS			
MAILING ADDRESS		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE		
SIGNATURE OF OWNER TWO		DATE				

Complete additional Certification of Applicant Status, Individual forms for any additional owners

Continued

Department of Local Services, Permitting Division 35030 SE Douglas Street, Suite 210 Snoqualmie. WA 98065-9266 Page 1 of 3

December 2020

206-296-6600 TTY Relay: 711 www.kingcounty.gov

Applicant Status, Individual, continued

Applicant Information	☐ If other than property owners				
FULL NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS			
MAILING ADDRESS		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	

I certify that I am the Applicant for this permit. As the Applicant, I am financially responsible for all fees, and I will receive any applicable refunds. I will remain the Applicant for as long as this permit is valid, unless I transfer my applicant status. The Applicant shall remain for the duration of this permit, unless the Applicant transfers its status in writing to the Department of Local Services, Permitting Division.

By signing as the Applicant or the Applicant's Agent, I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the information provided above is true and correct.

I authorize Permitting to return plans directly to the engineer, architect or other consultant(s) for the limited purpose of making corrections as designated on the Authorized Consultant page.

SIGNATURE OF PRINTED NAME OF APPLICANT

DATE

Authorized Consultant List, continued on next page

Applicant Status, Individual, continued

Authorized Consultants:

BUSINESS NAME Garrison Engineering		
CONTACT NAME Carl Garrison	PHONE NUMBER 360-404-5058	EMAIL ADDRESS carlg@gecorp.net
BUSINESS NAME MacWhinney Environmental Co	nsulting	
C NTAZT NA;E Betsy MacWhinney	PHONE NUMBER 206/794-2249	EMAIL ADDRESS Betsy@MacWhinneyAssociates.com
BUSINESS NAME		
CONTACT NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		
CONTACT NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		
CONTACT NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		-
CONTACT N/ME	I PHONE NUMBER	9 ₁ EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		
CONTACT NAME	: PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		
CONTACT NAM[PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS
BUSINESS NAME		
CONC AE	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS

Department of Local Services. Permitting Division 35030 SE Douglas Street, Suite 210 Snoqualmie, WA 98065-9266 Page 3 of 3

December 2020

206-296-6600 TTY Relay: 711 www.kingcounty.gov

C04 Web Date: July 15, 2016



35030 SE Douglas St., Ste. 210 Snoqualmie, WA 98065-9266 **206-296-6600** TTY Relay: 711

Clearing-Grading-App-Worksheetdoc.doc

www.kingcounty.gov

Clearing and Grading Permit Application Worksheet

PART I: Pro	eject Information – To	be filled	out by app	olicant:			
Project Nai	me : Gaisford	Well					
	ess: 8519 Ca		uvall Road	NE			
Dro Annlico	tion Eila Na .						
	tion File No.: ading Permit Applic	eation No					
	ed Application/Pern						
_	_						
Property Info		070016					
7 oning: $\hat{A3}$) :0 <u>425079017, 0425</u> 5		_				
Community	Plan: Snoqualmie	Valley			Lot size: 10.2	2, 0.85	
	de Page: <u>539</u>						
Project Desc	crintion:						
r roject Desi	cription.						
Connect thr	ree existing homes t	o a new v	vell source	e. Project inc	cludes trenching	g of approx	imately
	2" HDPE pipe and I				HDPE pipe u	nder Harris	Creek
to avoid imp	pact to stream and st	ream buffe	er. See at	ttached plan.			
•	a & Volumes:			\/alaa a af l	Even vetion.		
	Cleared/Graded: mpervious Surface:	0	ac. s.f.		Excavation: Fill (Exported):		c.y. c.y.
	ervious Surface:	0	s.i. s.f.		Fill (Imported):		c.y. c.y.
	•	_			(
Applicant:	Julie Gaist 8519 Carı		all Dd NE				
		n, WA 980		4			
-	Carriatio	II, VVA 900	/14				
Phone No.:							
E-Mail:	gaisfordlaw@c	enturytel.r	net				

C04 Web Date: July 15, 2016

Owner: same as a					
Phone No: E-Mail:					
Agent: Address:					
Phone No:E-Mail:					
PART II: Submittal Requiremen	ıts – To	be fille	ed out b	y DPE	R staff:
Permit Type:				DPER	Staff Assigned:
Affidavit for Application Clearing / Grading Plan Temporary Erosion Sed Drainage Plan and Calc Grading Earthwork Calc Environmental Checklist Environmental Determin Critical Area Plan & Stude Soil Amendment Plan Fee Application Worksh Other: Other:	imentat ulations ulations t includi nation dies eet	ion Co s s ng Gre	ntrol Pl	an (TE	s Emission Worksheet
Part III: Property Information – Have critical area reports been Has a critical area notice on titl	To be fi prepar	lled ou ed for t	t by DF	PER sta adjoinin	nff: ng properties? □ yes □ no
Critical Area	Conta Yes	ins No	Abut Yes	s No	Comments
Wetlands					

Contains Abuts				ເວ				
Critical Area	Yes	No	Yes	No	Comments			
Wetlands								
Aquatic Areas								
Steep Slope								
Landslide Hazard								
Erosion Hazard								
Seismic Hazard								
Coalmine Hazard								
Floodplain								
Critical Aquifer Recharge								
Channel Migration								
Wildlife Habitat								
Wildlife Corridor								

C04 Web Date: July 15, 2016

Part IV: Additional Permits Required for Proposal – To be filled out by DPER staff

	Required	Received	
Types	Y/N	Y/N	Comments
Building Permit			
Demolition Permit			
Forest Practice Permit			
ROW Use Permit			
Critical Area Exception			
Shorelines SSDP or Exemption			
Franchise ROW Use Permit			
USACE Permit			
WSDOT Access Permit			
HPA from WDFW			
NPDES			
JARPA			
Other?			
Other?			

Part V: Documents Routed for Review: Required

	Y/N	To:	Comments
Clearing / Grading			
Drainage			
Traffic			
Wetlands / Streams			
Geotechnical			
Flood Hazard			
Planning			
Building / Structural			
Other?			
Other?			

Project: Gaisford Well **Applicant:** Julie Gaisford

E-mail: gaisfordlaw@centurytel.net

Legal Description(s):

0425079017: POR OF SE 1/4 - BEG INTSN OF WLY R/W MGN OF ST HWY NO 15-B & THE N LN OF SE 1/4 OF SE 1/4 TH WLY ALG SD N LN 680 FT TH N 00-12-00 W TAP ON SLY R/W MGN OF ST HWY NO 15-B TH SELY ALG SD R/W MGN TO POB LESS BEG ON E LN OF SE 1/4 1757.01 FT N OF SE COR OF SEC TH W 116.34 FT TO WLY MGN OF HWY & TPOB TH N 39-04-26 W ALG SAID WLY MARGIN 242.80 FEET TH S 36-42-26 W 176.76 FT TH S 23-55-27 W 40.80 FT TH S 64-08-48 E 198.10 FT TH N 51-24-27 E 123.77 FT TO TPOB LESS ELY 50 FT FOR PUGET SOUND POWER & LIGHT CO R/W - CLASSIFIED AS OPEN SPACE "FARM & AGRICULTURAL" PURSUANT TO RCW 84.34

0425079016: BAAP ON E LN OF SE 1/4 1757.01 FT N OF SE COR OF SEC TH W 116.34 FT TO WLY MGN OF HWY & TPOB TH N 39-04-26 W ALG SD WLY MGN 242.80 FT TH S 36-42-26 W 176.76 FT TH S 23-55-27 W 40.80 FT TH S 64-08-48 E 198.10 FT TH N 51-24-27 E 123.77 FT TO TPOB



Figure 1. Vicinity Map.

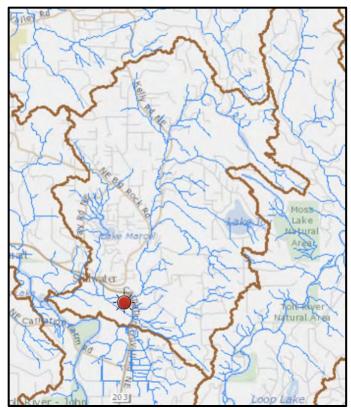


Figure 2. Drainage Basin Map.

CLEARING & GRADING PERMIT. GAISFORD WATER LINE

This brief document provides information regarding the purpose, need, and details of the above-referenced project. This information was prepared by Betsy MacWhinney, MacWhinney Environmental Consulting based on information provided by the Julie Gaisford, the landowner, and Carl Garrison, PE, Garrison Engineering.

Project Description

The Gaisford farm consists of four parcels that have been farmed for generations, beginning in the early 1900's. The farm is situated entirely on the west side of State Route (SR) 203. Two of the parcels are developed with houses. Parcel 042507-9017 has two homes, and parcel 042507-9016 has one home. All three homes have been served by a documented surface water right from a property east of SR 203, not owned by the farm. At least since 1935, surface water was provided to all three homes including parcel -9016, north of Harris Creek. The surface water failed several years ago, and at that time, existing water lines were connected to an old well that does not meet the Health Code due to the presence of farm buildings within the 100-foot well radius. In order to remedy this situation, the landowner recently applied for, and received a permit for a new from the King County Health Department (SR1449605). Of significance to this application is that parcel 9016 is on the north side of Harris Creek; the other two homes are on the south side of Harris Creek.

The new well will be drilled on parcel -9017 and connected to the existing waterline infrastructure to serve the two houses on parcel -9017. This connection requires installation of approximately 55 feet of new waterline.

The current connection to the house on parcel -9016 is a line suspended over Harris Creek. That line has been suspended in this location for more than 60 years. Currently it is attached to the State Bridge. This line was installed originally by prior owners without permission or permits and was in place in 1997 when the current owners purchased the property. In order to deliver safe water to the house (parcel 9016) without harming Harris Creek or the vegetated portion of the regulatory buffer, the applicant proposes to bore under Harris Creek at a depth of 15 feet. KCC 21A.24.045 D 60 lists criteria for a waterline within a critical area or buffer. These criteria are provided in Table 1.

Table 1. Criteria for Utility Placement

Table 1. Criteria for Othicy Fracement	T
Criteria	Comment
a. there is no alternative location with less adverse impact on the	Alternatives were
critical area or the critical area buffer;	evaluated and determined
	to be impractical.
b. the residential utility service distribution lines meet all of the	
following, to the maximum extent practical:	
(1) are not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or	Utility line will be under
spawning or by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the	stream and will not affect
state or federal government unless the department determines that	salmonid rearing areas.
there is no other feasible crossing site;	
(2) not located over a type S aquatic area;	Criterion met. Trench will
	be under stream.
(3) paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route near the	Criterion met.
channel is avoided;	
(4) the width of clearing is minimized;	No clearing of native
	vegetation will be
	necessary.
(5) the removal of trees greater than twelve inches diameter at	No trees will be removed.
breast height is minimized;	
(6) an additional, contiguous and undisturbed critical area buffer,	n/a
equal in area to the disturbed critical area buffer area is provided to	
protect the critical area;	
(7) access for maintenance is at limited access points into the critical	Criterion met.
area buffer.	
(8) the construction occurs during approved periods for instream	No instream work
work;	proposed.
(9) bored, drilled, or other trenchless crossing is encouraged, and	Lateral bore will be 15-feet
shall be laterally constructed at least four feet below the maximum	below channel.
depth of scour for the base flood; and	
(10) open trenching across Type O or Type N aquatic areas is only	N/A
used during low flow periods or only within aquatic areas when they	
are dry.	

Alternatives Analysis

Three alternatives were considered. Each is described below.

- 1. 1. Obtain water from Water District 119 from the east side of SR 203, within the State right of way. This option was evaluated and is cost prohibitive. Estimated costs exceed \$325,000 without administrative costs, costs of state supervision and the cost of running a line across Harris Creek on the east side of SR 203. It would require more than 900 feet of pipeline installation and associated impacts. It would also be necessary to cross Harris Creek for the water district to run its line to serve the two homes on parcel 9017. This alternative would also require boring under the state highway to service the homes at expense and inconvenience to commuting traffic. Due to the cost and considerable social and environmental impact, this alternative was eliminated.
- 2. Obtain a permission from WSDOT to attach the current line to the bridge over Harris Creek. WSDOT has plans to replace the bridge and which will disrupt water service to 9017. The

- Water District informed the ownerthat WSDOT will not allow a water line suspended over the Creek. Therefore, this alternative was eliminated as not viable.
- 3. Bore under Harris Creek. Entrance and exit to and from the bore tunnel will be within existing disturbed lawn areas. This alternative was determined to be the least impactful, practical solution. A depth of 15 feet has been determined to be more than adequate to protect Harris Creek from potential impact.

Impacts to Critical Areas

The general area of the new waterline contains critical areas, including a wetland and Harris Creek. Each critical area and potential impacts resulting from the proposal are discussed below. These areas are shown on the accompanying site plan.

Wetland

A Critical Areas Designation was approved by King County (CADS20-0348). Based on this partial review of the site, one Category III wetland with 60-foot buffers is present. The wetland is dominated by reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*).

No activity is proposed within the wetland. The well and a portion of the new well line is within the 60-foot wetland buffer. However, this area has been disturbed and developed with farm buildings and adjacent maintained areas for more than a century. Upon completion of the project, the area is anticipated to be similar in character and function to the existing buffer area. A photograph of the impact area is provided in Figure 1. The water line will be placed immediately adjacent to the left (north) of the existing road in an area that is vegetated with domestic grasses and pockets of Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*). Upon completion of pipe installation, the area will be replanted with grass.



Figure 1. Vicinity of well and water line.

Harris Creek

Harris Creek is a Type F stream that enters the Snoqualmie River approximately 1.5 miles west of the subject property. This fish-bearing stream has a forested riparian corridor associated with it. A photograph of the area is provided in Figure 2. As shown, the area is vegetated with red alder (*Alnus rubra*), with an understory of Japanese knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*). The stream provides excellent habitat for salmonids, with overhanging egetation, gravel substrate.

The waterline in this area will be installed by boring below the bottom of the creek bed. The pipeline will begin in an area of existing lawn on the north side of Harris Creek. The temporary surface impact will be an approximately 42" wide by 8' long and 4' deep. The bore will originate from the north side of the creek in an existing graveled area next to the barns in a bore pit that is 42" wide



Figure 2. Harris Creek.

Regulatory Framework

The following permits have been or will be applied for:

- 1. King County Clearing and Grading Permit
- 2. King County Health Department Permit (Approved)
- 3. SEPA Determination
- 4. Hydraulic Project Approval. **Note:** This cannot be applied for until a SEPA determination has been issued by King County.

BLACKACRE GROUP B WATER SYSTEM

CARNATION, WASHINGTON

PROJECT REFERENCES:

REVIEW AGENT WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF <u>OWNER</u> JULIE GAISFORD PO BOX 54 8519 CARNATION-DUVALL ROAD 206-963-4203

gaisfordlaw@centurytel.net

SATELLITE MANAGEMENT AGENCY

ENGINEER OF RECORD GARRISON ENGINEERING CARL GARRISON, PE PH: 360-404-5058 carlg@gecorp.net

GENERAL NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: ALL PROJECT RELATED GENERAL REQUIREMENTS INCLUDING BIDDING, BONDING, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS TO BE THE MOST CURRENT VERSION OF THE GENERAL:

INSURANCES, CONTRACTING AWARDS, WORK SCOPE, CONTROL OF WORK, CONTROL OF MATERIAL, LEGAL WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, IN ALL AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE ROAD EDGES, ANY DITCH WORK, AND ANY ROAD EDGE AREAS THAT ARE ISSUES, PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS, AND MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT SHALL BE PER THE OWNER AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION, AND APWA CURRENT STANDARDS. OR THEIR CONTRACTING OFFICER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERSTANDING ALL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO BIDDING OR PROSECUTION OF THE WORK. DOCUMENTS SUPPLIED BY CONTRACTORS: CONTRACTORS SHALL NOTIFY AND COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER PRIOR TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER IN THESE REGARDS, IF ANY, SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER ANY OTHER CONSTRUCTION.

CODES AND STANDARDS: ALL WORK PERTAINING TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE FACILITIES SHOWN HEREIN SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND THE REVIEWING AGENCY REGULATIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS. THE TECHNICAL PROVISIONS (BUT NOT GENERAL MAIN PIPELINE MATERIALS: USE DR-11 HDPE PIPE FOR DISTRIBUTION. CLASS 200 POLY MAY BE REQUIREMENTS, AS LISTED ABOVE) OF WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (WSDOT), SUBSTITUTED. UNIFORM BUILDING CODE (UBC), AND AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION (AWWA) SPECIFICATIONS (LATEST EDITIONS) ARE ALSO INCORPORATED INTO THESE SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS BY REFERENCE. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICTS, THE MORE STRINGENT STANDARDS SHALL GOVERN.

PERMITS: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR APPLYING, PAYING, AND OBTAINING ALL ALL WATER MAIN INSTALLATIONS REQUIRE A 36" MINIMUM COVER AND MAXIMUM OF 48" TRENCH DEPTH PERMITS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE BID DOCUMENTS, OR UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED BY BELOW PROPOSED FINISHED GRADE. THE OWNER, CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

EXISTING UTILITIES: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFICATION OF ALL UTILITY COMPANIES WHICH MAY HAVE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES IN THE WORK AREA. CONTRACTOR SHALL, AT A AND PLASTIC JACKET, 6" WIDE, BLUE COLOR WITH WORDING "WATER LINE". MINIMUM, USE THE ONE CALL LOCATE SERVICE AT (800) 424-5555. TO VERIFY ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS WHICH ARE INVOLVED, OR WHICH MAY CONFLICT WITH THE WORK HEREIN, AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIR OF ANY KNOWN UTILITIES WHICH ARE DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF THIS

UNFORESEEN PHYSICAL CONDITIONS: IF THE CONTRACTOR ENCOUNTERS CONDITIONS AT THE SITE WHICH ARE SUBSURFACE OR OTHERWISE CONCEALED, UNKNOWN OR UNUSUAL IN NATURE, THEN IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY THE OWNER IMMEDIATELY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT TRENCHING, BEDDING AND BACKFILL: USE MATERIALS AND METHODS PER TRENCH DETAILS. PROCEED WITH FURTHER CONSTRUCTION UNTIL APPROVED BY THE OWNER.

P: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION TO A NEAT AND WSDOT STANDARDS, ENGINEER TO WITNESS PRESSURE TEST. TIDY APPEARANCE. ALL DIRT, MUD, GARBAGE, AND DEBRIS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE, AND ALL NEW OR EXISTING PAVED OR GRAVELED SURFACES DIRTIED BY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE WASHED CLEAN. PIPING SYSTEMS AND CATCH BASINS FILLED 5% OR MORE WITH DIRT, SILT, OR MUD SHALL BE TIME START CLEANED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

WORKING HOURS: UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE OWNER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LIMIT ALL WORKING HOURS TO DAYLIGHT HOURS, BETWEEN 7:00 AM AND 5:00 P.M., MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY. DISINFECTION: BY THE OWNER HAS BEEN GRANTED.

DEMOLITION/SALVAGE: IN GENERAL, ALL ITEMS TO BE DEMOLISHED UNDER THIS PROJECT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. UNDERGROUND PIPE THAT WILL BE ABANDONED IN PLACE SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THIS PARAGRAPH. THE OWNER RESERVES THE AFTER PERMANENT EQUIPMENT IS INSTALLED, THE WELL SHALL BE DISINFECTED BY CIRCULATING IN SUCH SALVAGE FOR THE CONTRACTING OFFICER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NEGOTIATE WITH THE TO REMOVE THE CHLORINATED WATER. THIS SHALL BE DONE USING THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE: INVOLVED IN THE SALVAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED ON-SITE LOCATION(S) OF DEMOLISHED INVOLVED IN THE SALVAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSED ON—SITE LOCATION(S) OF DEMOLISHED 1. THE WATER IN THE CASING SHALL BE TREATED WITH AN AVERAGE 100 mg/L JET—LUBE STERILENE MATERIALS SHALL BE CLEARED WITH THE CONTRACTING OFFICER PRIOR TO ANY DEMOLITION OR SOLUTION THROUGH THE ENTIRE VOLUME OF WATER IN THE CASING. SEE DOSAGE CHART ON PRODUCT

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFI): SHOULD ANY ITEM IN THE PLANS REQUIRE CLARIFICATION OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION; OR IF THE CONTRACTOR DISCOVERS AN ERROR OR OMISSION IN THE PLANS, 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER. THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO PUT SUCH NOTIFICATION IN WRITING IN THE FORM OF AN RFI, WHICH SHALL BE EMAILED

AREAS OF EXCAVATION OR FILL (TRENCHES) AS NECESSARY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAUL VEGETATION AND WOOD WASTE OFF SITE TO A LEGAL DUMPING OR SLASH BURNING AREA AT THE

OBTAINING APPROVAL FROM THE OWNER PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

REMOVED AND REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. SUCH REMOVAL/REPLACEMENT ACTIVITIES COATING SYSTEMS DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REPAIRED WITH SIMILAR COATING SYSTEMS AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. DAMAGED FENCES, DRIVEWAYS, TREES, FLOWERS AND SHRUBS SHALL BE REPLACED WITH SIMILAR PLANTS APPROVED BY THE OWNER.

SITE RESTORATION: ALL DENUDED SOIL AREAS SHALL BE HYDROSEEDED BY THE CONTRACTOR WITH A SEED/BINDER/FERTILIZER MIX SUITABLE FOR THE PARTICULAR APPLICATION. THE HYDROSEED MIX SHALL BE AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED HORTICULTURIST, AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER.

WATER

SUBMITTALS: ALL EQUIPMENT, FITTINGS, AND PIPE SUBMITTALS TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER

VALVES: ALL WATER MAIN GATE VALVES SHALL BE AWWA C500, RESILIENT WEDGE TYPE, PER STANDARD

MARKING TAPE: MARKING TAPE SHALL BE PLACED 12" BELOW GRADE OVER ALL MAINS AND POLYETHYLENE SERVICES. THE TAPE SHALL BE OF THE DETECTABLE TYPE WITH METALIC FOIL LAMINATE

LOCATE WIRE: COPPERHEAD HIGH STRENGTH TRACER WIRE, PART # 1230B-HS, OR EQUAL

MINIMUM SPACING: FOR SEPTIC & SEWER PIPES, MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF 18 INCH VERTICAL SEPARATION AND 10-FOOT HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN WATERLINE AND NON-POTABLE LINES. MINIMUM OF 1-FOOT SEPARATION BETWEEN WATERLINE AND ALL OTHER UTILITIES.

PRESSURE TEST NEW PIPELINE, INCLUDING SERVICE LINES AT 130 PSI FOR 2 HOURS AND AS PER

PRESSURE DROP

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT WORK ON NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED HOLIDAYS, UNLESS PRIOR APPROVAL ALL PERMANENT EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS USED IN THE WELL SHALL BE CHLORINATED PER WSDOT AND AWWA STANDARDS (ANSI/AWWA C654-13) FOR DISINFECTION OF WELLS. ALL EQUIPMENT INSTALLED IN THE WELL SHALL BE CHLORINATED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL EQUIPMENT SURFACES SHALL BE SPRAYED WITH A SOLUTION HAVING A CHLORINE RESIDUAL OF NOT LESS THAN 200 mg/L.

RIGHT TO RECLAIM ANY DEMOLISHED OR REMOVED ITEMS. IF THE CONTRACTOR EXPENDS EXTRA EFFORT CHLORINATED WATER WITHIN THE WELL CASING AND PUMP COLUMN, AND PUMPING THE WELL TO WASTE

CONTAINER. THE DOSED WATER SHALL BE ALLOWED TO REST IN THE CASING AND ANY SYSTEM PIPING

TO CIRCULATE THE TREATED WATER, A PRESSURE TIGHT CONNECTION SHALL FIRST BE MADE FROM THE PUMP TO THE CASING VENT. THE PUMP SHALL THEN BE OPERATED AGAINST A THROTTLED DISCHARGE VALVE TO RETURN A FLOW OF WATER DOWN THE WELL CASING WHILE THE REST OF THE PUMPED WATER IS DISCHARGED TO WASTE. IN LOW-PRODUCING WELLS, THE RATE OF RETURN NEED NOT EXCEED ONE HALF THE MAXIMUM RATE OF PRODUCTION OF THE WELL. TAKE CARE THAT THE GRUBBING AND CLEARING: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL VEGETATION AND ROOT SYSTEMS FROM DISCHARGE VALVE NOT BE THROTTLED TO THE EXTENT THAT THE PRESSURE DEVELOPED WILL DAMAGE FOLIPMENT OR PIPE-RESTRAINING TIES

EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.

3. WHEN PURGING THE SYSTEM OF CHLORINE RESIDUAL, THE DISCHARGE WATER SHALL BE DE-CHLORINATED USING VITA-D-CHLOR. DO NOT DISCHARGE DIRECTLY TO ANY WATER WAY. USE A 55 ON-SITE CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING: THE OWNER OR ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE OF ALL VALVE AND PIPELINE LOCATIONS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DISCHARGE. THE WATER ENTERING THE START OF WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DISCHARGE. THE WATER ENTERING TO DRUM SHALL BE TESTED PERIODICALLY FOR FREE OPERANDING APPROVALED FROM THE OWNER PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. CHLORINE. WHEN ZERO CHLORINE RESIDUAL IS MEASURED. THE WELL SHALL CONTINUE TO BE PUMPED TO WASTE FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. THE WELL SHALL THEN BE SAMPLED FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL DAMAGED ITEMS BY CONTRACTOR: ANY DAMAGED CONCRETE, ASPHALT, STRUCTURES, ETC. SHALL BE EVALUATION AND THE RESULTS SENT TO GARRISON ENGINEERING AND THE OWNER.

> UNDERGROUND PIPING: ALL NEW WATER MAINS AND SERVICES. REPAIRED PORTIONS, AND EXTENSIONS TO EXISTING MAINS SHALL BE CHLORINATED PER WSDOT AND AWWA STANDARDS (ANSI/AWWA C651-05) FOR DISINFECTING WATER MAINS. PLACE 1 OUNCE OF HI-TEST HYPO-CHLORITE GRANULES IN WATERLINE FOR EVERY 100 FEET OF 11/2 INCH PIPE. FLUSH AFTER LETTING SOAK A MINIMUM OF 24-HOURS AND PER WSDOT AND AWWA⁻STANDARDS. USE A 0-200 PPM HACH CHLORINE TEST KIT. CONTRACTOR TO TEST THE DISINFECTED PIPE AT START OF 24 HOUR SOAK AND AGAIN AT THE END. TEST THE CONCENTRATION (PPM) OF CHLORINE AND PROVIDE START AND END CONCENTRATIONS TO THE ENGINEER. THE TARGET RANGE IS >50 PPM AT THE BEGINNING AND >20 PPM AT THE END OF

> ABOVE GROUND PIPING AND REPAIRS: ALL NEW PIPE OR REPAIRED PORTIONS SHALL BE CHLORINATED PER WSDOT AND AWWA STANDARDS (ANSI/AWWA C651-05) FOR DISINFECTING WATER MAINS. THE NEW PIPE, FITTINGS, AND VALVE(S) REQUIRED FOR CONNECTION MAY BE SPRAY-DISINFECTED OR SWABBED WITH A MINIMUM 1 PERCENT SOLUTION OF CHLORINE JUST PRIOR TO BEING INSTALLED AND FLUSHED.

> DECHLORINATION: USE ASCORBIC ACID (VITAMIN C) TO DECHLORINATE OR NEUTRALIZE THE HEAVILY CHLORINATED WATER. DURING DECHLORINATON, MAINTAIN A RATIO OF A MINIMUM OF 2.5 POUNDS OF ASCORBIC ACID PER ONE POUND OF CHLORINE IN SOLUTION TO NEUTRALIZE THE HEAVILY CHLORINATED WATER PRIOR TO DISCHARGING TO AN OPEN DITCH. WHEN FLUSHING CHLORINATED WATER, DO NOT ALLOW ANY UN-NEUTRALIZED CHLORINATED WATER TO FLOW INTO ANY CREEK OR SURROUNDING CATCH BASIN. CONTRACTOR TO USE A 0-3.5 PPM HACH CHLORINE TEST KIT, CN-66F OR EQUAL, TO CONFIRM THAT NO FREE CHLORINE IS PRESENT AFTER DECHLORINATION.

> INSPECTION: CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY AND COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION, INSTALLATION, OR CONNECTION TO EXISTING FACILITIES. THE ENGINEER SHALL INSPECT ALL PIPE PRIOR TO BURIAL. FAILURE TO COMPLY WILL RESULT IN RE-EXCAVATION AND BEDDING OF THE PIPE AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.

> BACTERIOLOGICAL TESTS: TEST RESULTS CERTIFYING THE WATER SAMPLED FROM EACH LEG OR SECTION OF THE DISINFECTED WATER MAIN TO BE FREE OF COLIFORM BACTERIA CONTAMINATION AND TO HAVE A BACTERIOLOGIC WATER QUALITY LEVEL THAT MEETS THE W.S.D.O.H. SEND BACTERIOLOGICAL RESULTS TO GARRISON ENGINEERING. APPROVAL SHALL BE OBTAINED BEFORE FINAL CONNECTION. COORDINATE ALL SHUTDOWN, FLUSHING, AND HEALTH SAMPLES WITH THE OWNER.

LEFT UNCOVERED FOR MORE THAN TWO DAYS. THE FOLLOWING TESC MEASURES WILL BE APPLIED: ALL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MANUAL FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON

APPROVAL OF THIS TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL (TESC) PLAN DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OF PERMANENT ROAD OR DRAINAGE DESIGN (E.G. SIZE AND LOCATION OF ROADS, PIPES, RESTRICTORS, CHANNELS, RETENTION FACILITIES, UTILITIES, ETC.)

THE TESC FACILITIES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN MUST BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL CLEARING AND GRADING SO AS TO ENSURE THAT THE TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT TO SURFACE WATERS, DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES IS MINIMIZED.

NEEDED FOR UNEXPECTED STORM EVENTS AND MODIFIED TO ACCOUNT FOR CHANGING SITE CONDITIONS (E.G. ADDITIONAL CATCH BASIN FILTER FABRIC, RELOCATION OF STRAW WATTLES, AND SILT FENCES AS

CONTINUED PROPER FUNCTIONING. WRITTEN RECORDS SHALL BE KEPT OF WEEKLY REVIEWS OF THE TESC FACILITIES DURING THE WET SEASON (OCTOBER 1 TO MARCH 31) AND OF MONTHLY REVIEWS DURING THE DRY SEASON (APRIL 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30).

ANY AREAS OF EXPOSED SOILS, INCLUDING ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS, THAT WILL NOT BE DISTURBED FOR TWO DAYS DURING THE WET SEASON OR 14 DAYS DURING THE DRY SEASON SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED WITH THE APPROVED TESC METHODS (E.G. SEEDING MULCHING, PLASTIC COVERING, STRAW, CRUSHED ROCK).

SITE RESTORATION: (BMP C120) ALL DENUDED SOIL AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED BY THE CONTRACTOR WITH A MIX SUITABLE FOR THE PARTICULAR APPLICATION. THE SEED MIX SHALL BE AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED HORTICULTURIST, AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SEED GERMINATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ALL SUCH SEEDED AREAS UNTIL NEW GRASS IS THICK AND A HEIGHT OF 1 INCH MINIMUM.

STRAW WATTLES: BMP C235 (SEE DETAIL) - WATTLES ARE TYPICALLY 8-10" IN DIAMETER AND VARY IN LENGTH. WATTLES ARE TO BE PLACED IN SHALLOW TRENCHES AND/OR STAKED ALONG THE CONTOUR F DISTURBED OR NEWLY CONSTRUCTED TRENCHES WHERE THE GROUND HAS BEEN DISTURBED AND PRIOR TO SEEDED AREAS BECOMING STABLE WITH GRASS GROWTH.

WITH MORE THAN 10' OF VERTICAL RELIEF TO STABILIZE SEEDING AND EROSION.

ADDRESSED WITHIN 14 DAYS.

TEAR DOWN: REMOVE COMPLETELY ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES ONLY AFTER PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES AND PAVED AREAS ARE COMPLETED AND ALL NEW GRASS SEED HAS TAKEN ROOT AND HAS GROWN TO A THICK MAT CONDITION, AT LEAST 1-INCH IN LENGTH.

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE TESC PLANS AND THE CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT, AND UPGRADING OF THESE TESC FACILITIES IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL ALL

THE TESC FACILITIES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ANTICIPATED SITE CONDITIONS. DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD, THESE TESC FACILITIES SHALL BE UPGRADED AS

THE TESC FACILITIES SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND MAINTAINED TO ENSURE

WETS AND BLANKETS: BMP C122 - USE AS RECOMMENDED IN AREAS GREATER THAN 2:1 SLOPE AND ANY AREA NEEDING TESC MEASURES THAT DO NOT REQUIRE IMMEDIATE ATTENTION SHALL BE

CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL SOIL, MUD, SILT DEBRIS, ETC. GENERATED BY THIS PROJECT IS KEPT OFF OF AND OUT OF ALL ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS. CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN AT HIS OWN EXPENSE ANY PUBLIC OR PRIVATE PROPERTY (ROAD, LAWN, DRIVEWAY, EMBANKMENT, DITCH, ETC.) WHICH IS SOILED, MUDDIED, OR DISTURBED AS A RESULT OF THIS PROJECT.

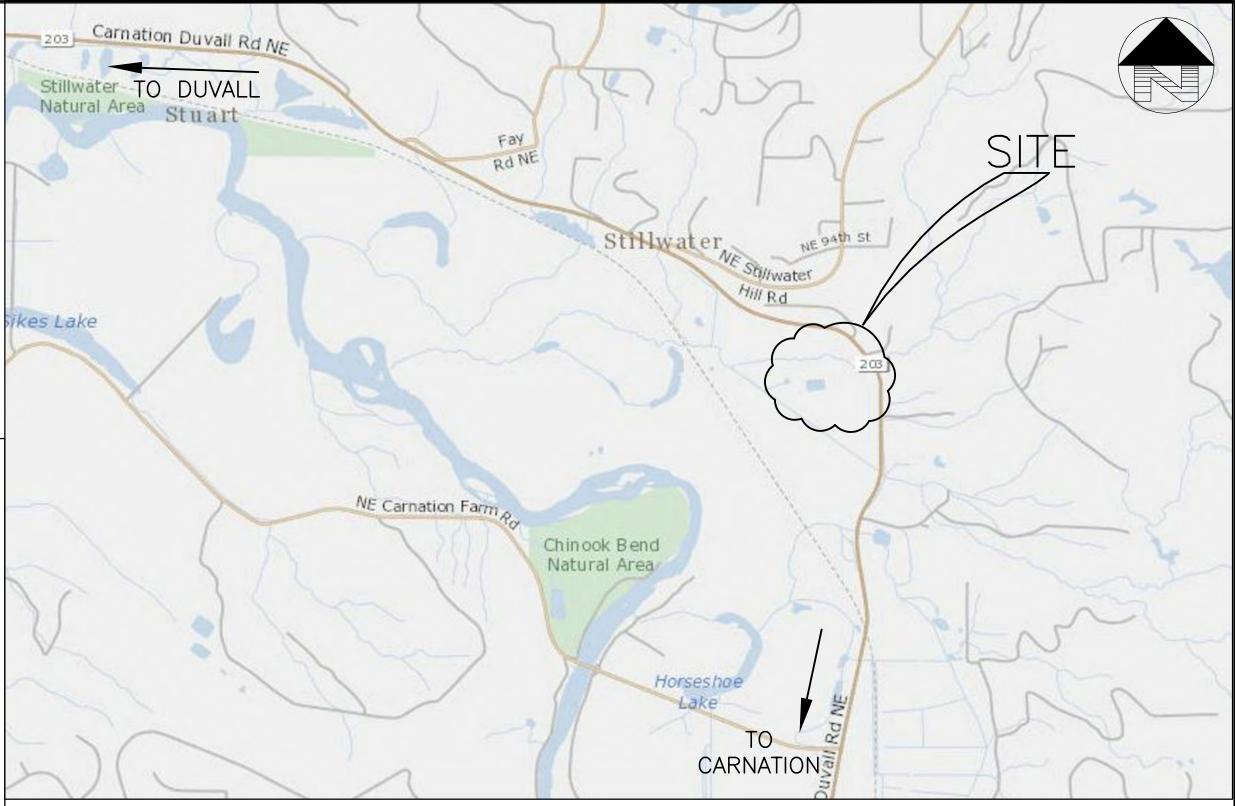
PLAN SHEETS IN SET:

- 1. COVER SHEET AND TESC DETAILS
- 2. WATER SYSTEM SITE PLANS

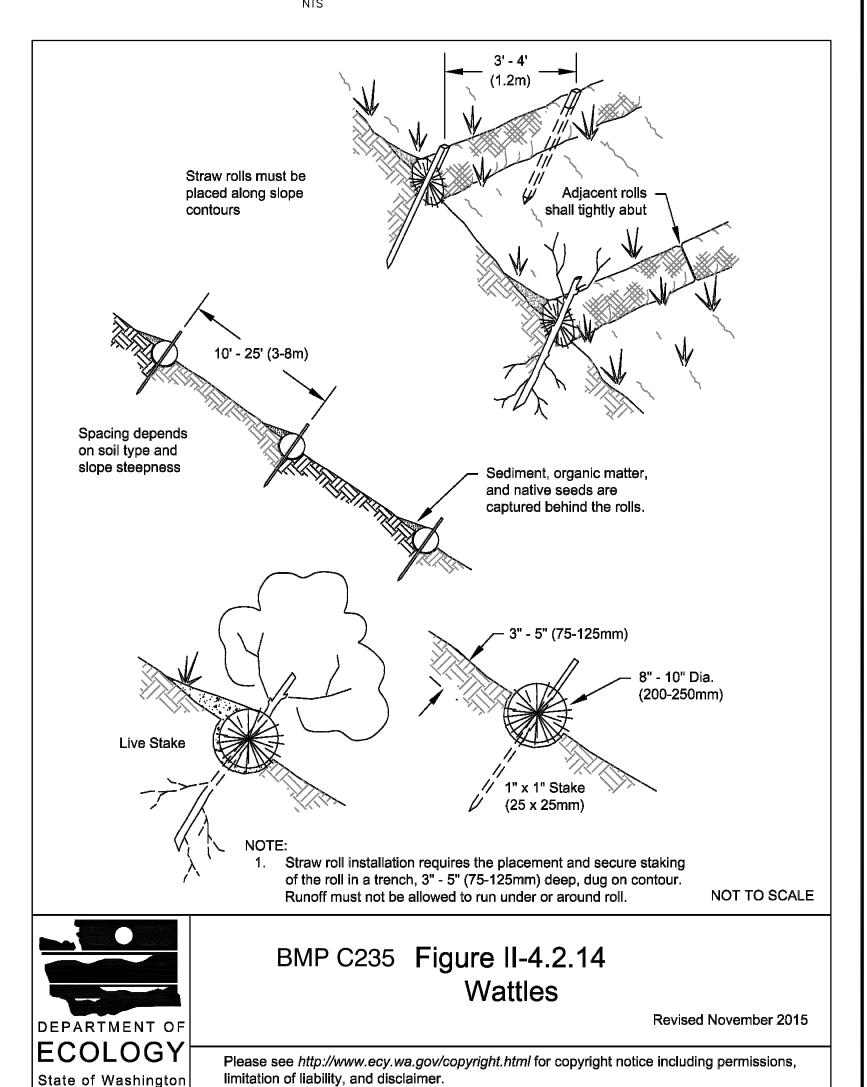
3. STREAM UNDERCROSSING AND

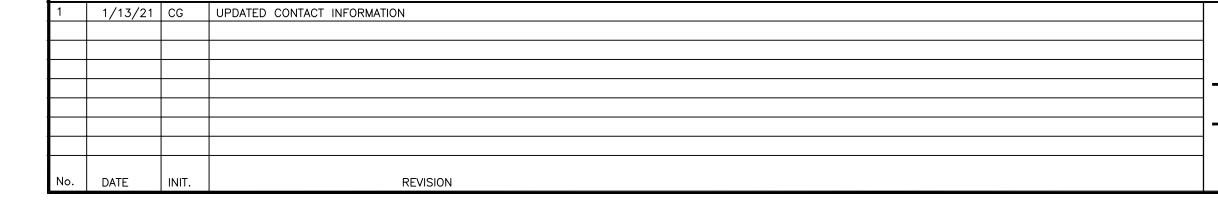
4. PUMPHOUSE AND PROCESS DIAGRAM (NOT YET PART OF SET)

5. DETAILS (IF NEEDED)



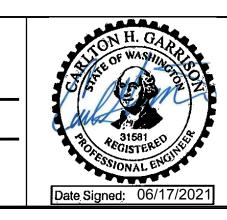
KING C. PARCEL VIEWER - VICINITY MAP





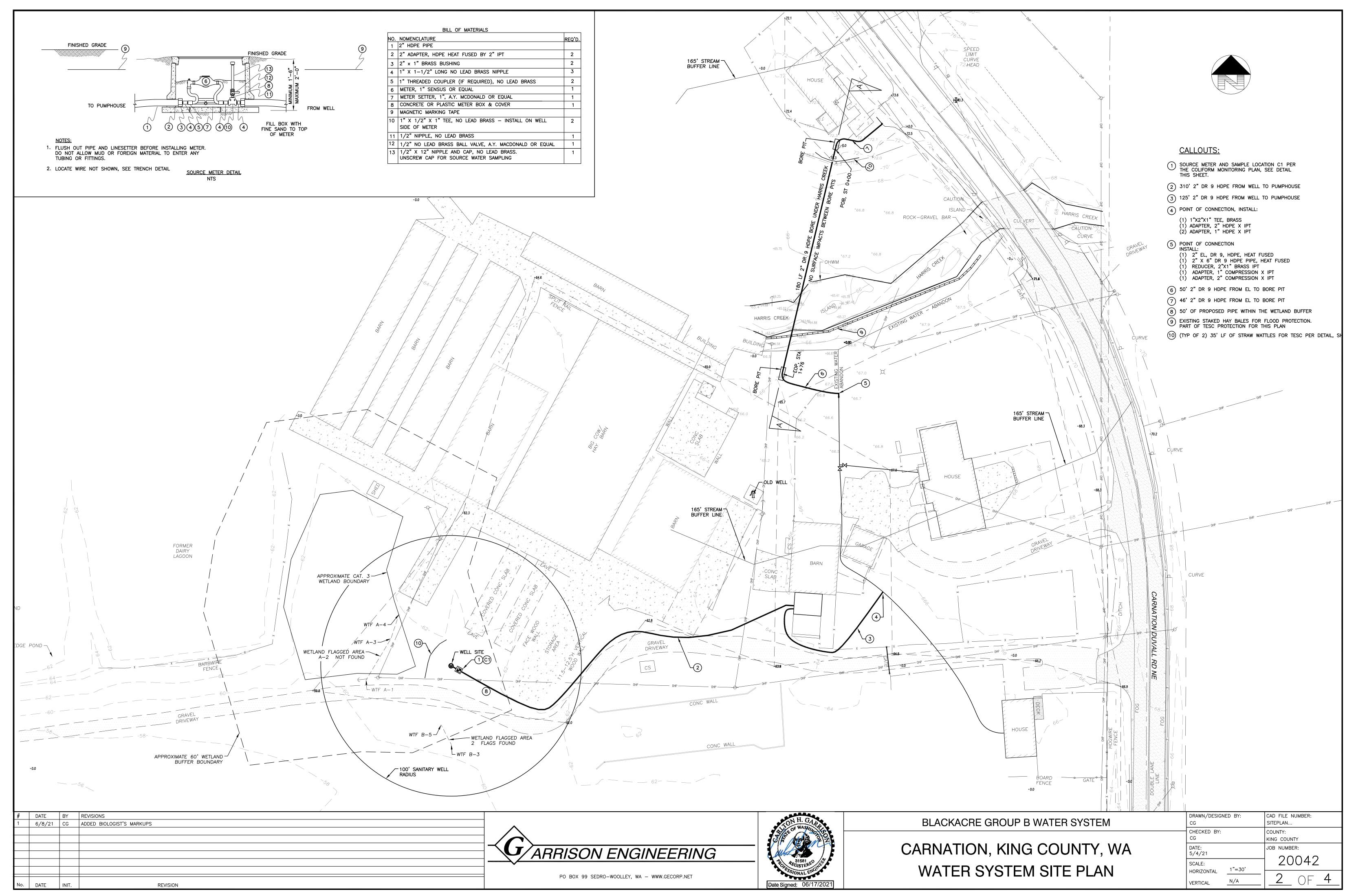


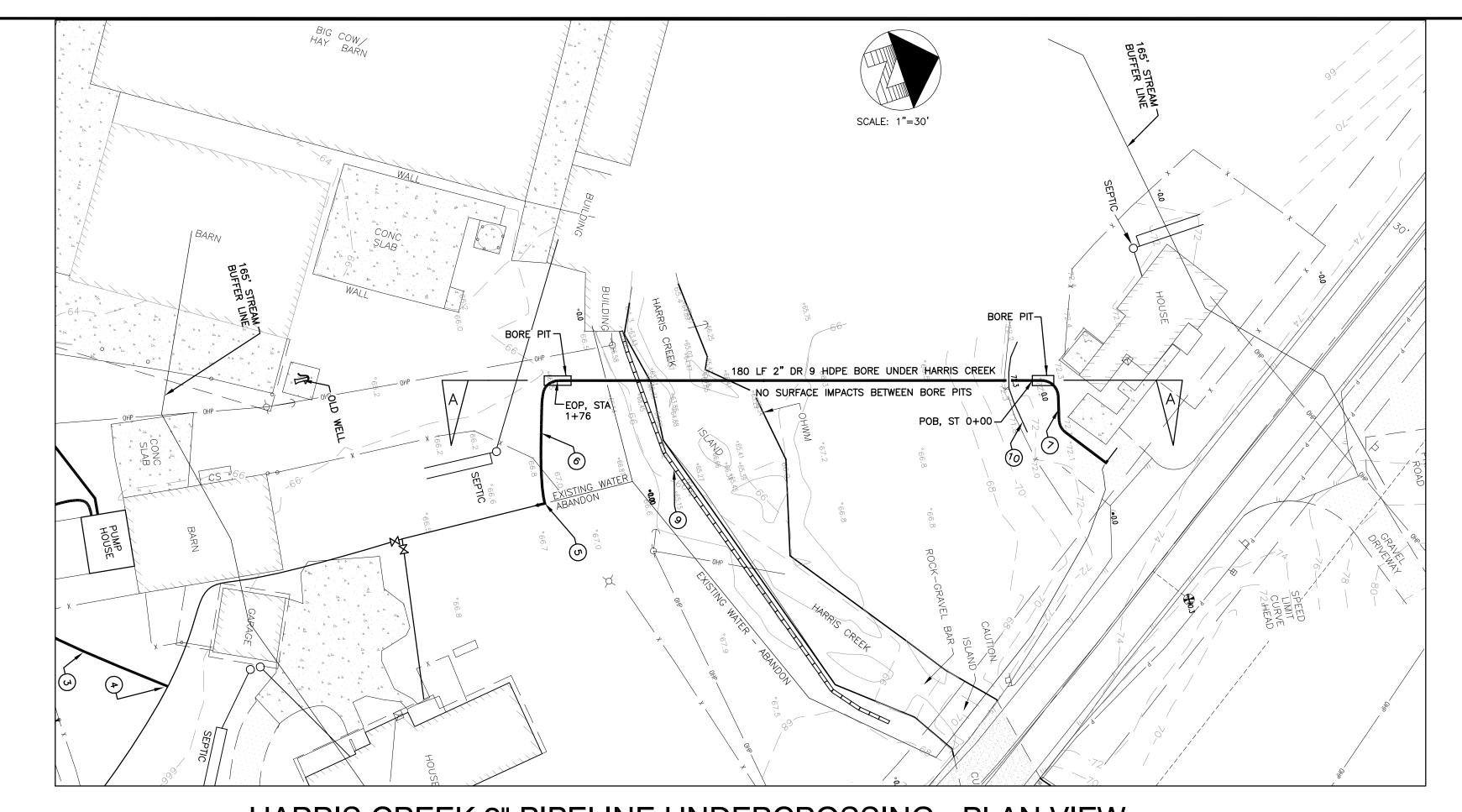
PO BOX 99 SEDRO-WOOLLEY, WA ~ WWW.GECORP.NET ~ 360-404-5058



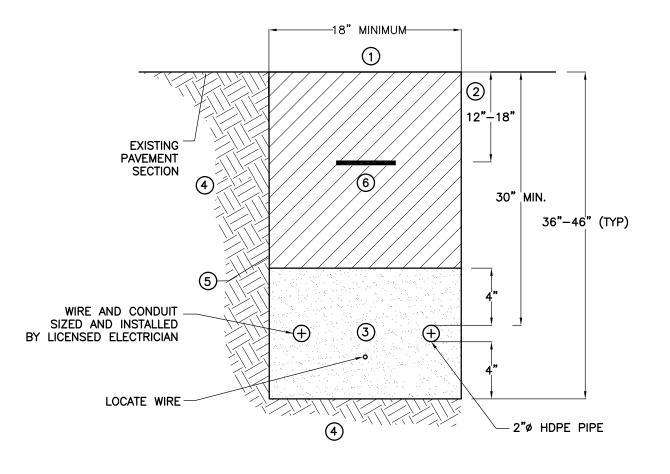
CARNATION, WA 6/18/21 **COVER SHEET** SCALE: AND TESC NOTES AND DETAILS

| CAD FILE NUMBER: DRAWN/DESIGNED BY: BLACKACRE GROUP B WATER SYSTEM ..SITE PLANS - 20042. CHECKED BY: COUNTY: KING COUNTY JOB NUMBER: HORIZONTAL **VERTICAL**





HARRIS CREEK 2" PIPELINE UNDERCROSSING - PLAN VIEW

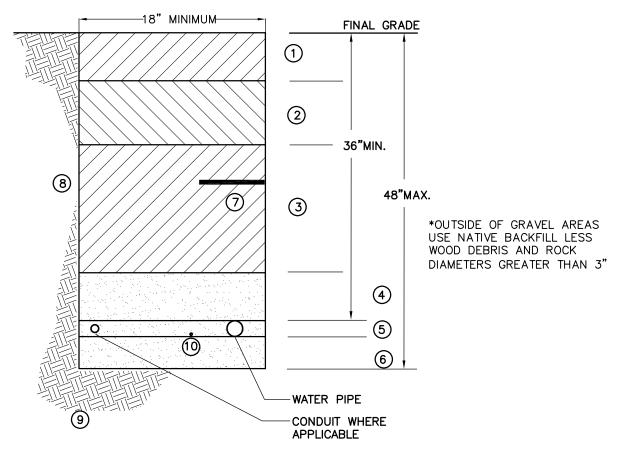


TRENCH DETAIL - LAWN AREAS

- 1 RESTORATION: OUTSIDE OF ROAD AREAS, RESTORATION OF SURFACE SHALL CONSIST OF NATIVE SOIL WITH THE EXEMPTION OF ALL ROCKS GREATER THAN 3 INCH DIAMETER, BLENDING THE TOP OF TRENCH WITH
- SURROUNDING GRADE, REMOVING ALL SPOILS FROM THE SITE, AND RESEEDING ALL EXCAVATED AREAS. BACKFILL SHALL BE NATIVE MATERIAL COMPACTED IN 8" LIFTS. IN CASES WHERE THE MATERIAL IS TOO WET OR UNSUITABLE, PIT RUN GRAVEL SHALL BE USED. IF THE SOIL IS UNSUITABLE, OR IF PIT RUN USED, THE TOP 8" SHALL BE IMPORTED TOP SOIL.
- 3 SAND OR BUCKSHOT GRAVEL TO BE FILLED TO 4"-6" ABOVE TOP OF PIPE. COMPACT WITH VIBRATORY PLATE COMPACTOR.
- 4 UNDISTURBED EARTH

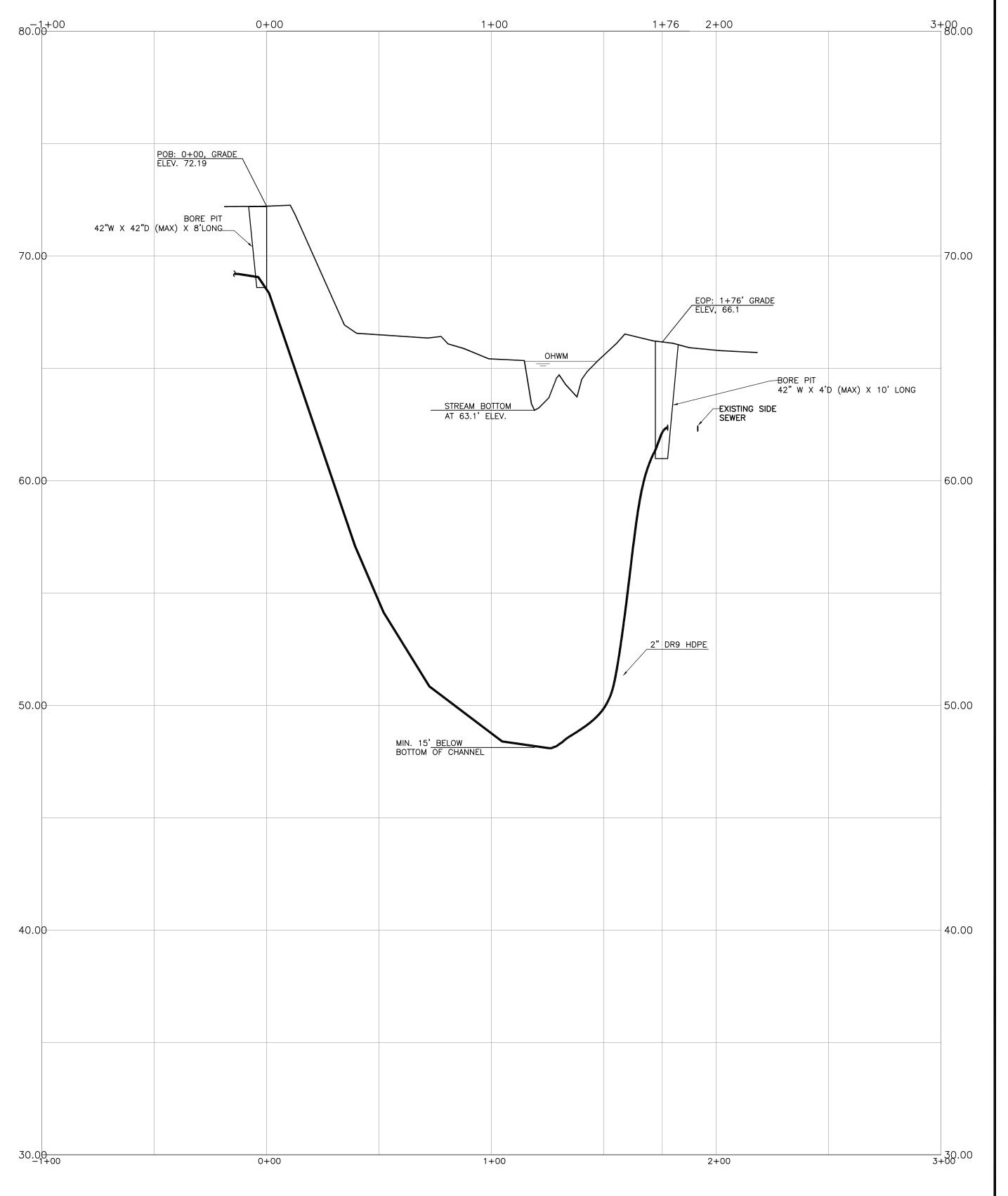
TRENCH NOTES:

- TRENCH LINE; TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT WSDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION
- 6 BURY ALL WATER PIPE WITH 6" BLUE MAGNETIC MARKING TAPE LABELED "WATER" 12"-18" BELOW GRADE.
- 1. 12" MINIMUM SPACING BETWEEN ALL PIPES AND CONDUITS
- 2. IF PIPE CROSSES A SEPTIC PIPE, SLEEVE WATER PIPE AT CROSSING WITH 20' SECTION OF 3" PVC PIPE CENTERED ON SEPTIC PIPE.



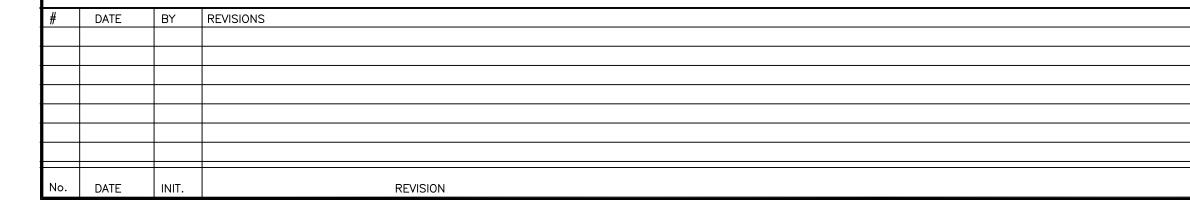
TRENCH DETAIL - GRAVEL AREAS

- TRENCH NOTES: ON GRAVEL ROAD AREAS AND EDGES, § MINUS GRAVEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH WSDOT SPECIFICATION 9-03.10 TO A DEPTH OF 6".
- 2 ON GRAVEL ROAD AREAS AND EDGES, GRAVEL BASE IN ACCORDANCE WITH WSDOT SPECIFICATION 9-03.10 TO A DEPTH OF 8".
- 3 TO CRUSHED, PIT RUN, OR NATIVE BACKFILL IF WELL DRAINED AND COMPACTABLE TO 95% IN ACCORDANCE WITH WSDOT SPECIFICATION 9-03.19
- (4) 4"-6" OF SAND BACKFILL TO BE HAND COMPACTED ABOVE CROWN OF PIPE. (5) HAND COMPACTED SAND BACKFILL TO BE TAMPED AROUND PIPE. THICKNESS EQUALS OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF PIPE.
- (6) 4"-6" OF COMPACTED SAND BACKFILL
- (7) METALLIC LOCATE TAPE
- 8 TRENCH LINE. TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH WSDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION
- 7-09.3 (7) 9 UNDISTURBED EARTH
- 100 LOCATE WIRE, COPPERHEAD HIGH STRENGTH TRACER WIRE, PART # 1230B-FS, OR EQUAL.
- 1. 12" MINIMUM SPACING BETWEEN ALL PIPES AND CONDUITS
- 2. IF PIPE CROSSES A SEPTIC PIPE, SLEEVE WATER PIPE AT CROSSING WITH 20' SECTION OF 3" PVC PIPE CENTERED ON SEPTIC PIPE.



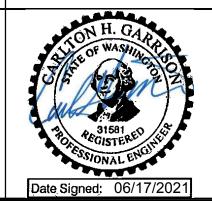
HARRIS CREEK 2" PIPELINE UNDERCROSSING PROFILE VIEW - SECTION A-A

1"=30' HORIZONTALLY 1"=3' VERTICALLY



ARRISON ENGINEERING

PO BOX 99 SEDRO-WOOLLEY, WA - WWW.GECORP.NET



	BLACKACRE GROUP B WATER SYSTEM	DRA CG
		CHE CG
	CARNATION, KING COUNTY, WA	DAT
•	STREAM UNDERCROSSING PLAN AND PROFILE	SCA HOF
1		VER

	DRAWN/DESIGNE	ED BY:	CAD FILE NUMBER:					
	CG		SITEPLANS					
	CHECKED BY:		COUNTY:					
	CG		KING COU	NTY				
	DATE:		JOB NUMBER: 20042					
	5/4/21							
	SCALE:		Z(1042				
-1LE	HORIZONTAL	SEE PLAN	7					
	VERTICAL	SEE PLAN	3	OF 4				

SEPA ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Purpose of checklist:

Governmental agencies use this checklist to help determine whether the environmental impacts of your proposal are significant. This information is also helpful to determine if available avoidance, minimization or compensatory mitigation measures will address the probable significant impacts or if an environmental impact statement will be prepared to further analyze the proposal.

Instructions for applicants:

This environmental checklist asks you to describe some basic information about your proposal. Please answer each question accurately and carefully, to the best of your knowledge. You may need to consult with an agency specialist or private consultant for some questions. You may use "not applicable" or "does not apply" only when you can explain why it does not apply and not when the answer is unknown. You may also attach or incorporate by reference additional studies reports. Complete and accurate answers to these questions often avoid delays with the SEPA process as well as later in the decision-making process.

The checklist questions apply to <u>all parts of your proposal</u>, even if you plan to do them over a period of time or on different parcels of land. Attach any additional information that will help describe your proposal or its environmental effects. The agency to which you submit this checklist may ask you to explain your answers or provide additional information reasonably related to determining if there may be significant adverse impact.

Instructions for Lead Agencies:

Please adjust the format of this template as needed. Additional information may be necessary to evaluate the existing environment, all interrelated aspects of the proposal and an analysis of adverse impacts. The checklist is considered the first but not necessarily the only source of information needed to make an adequate threshold determination. Once a threshold determination is made, the lead agency is responsible for the completeness and accuracy of the checklist and other supporting documents.

Use of checklist for nonproject proposals:

For nonproject proposals (such as ordinances, regulations, plans and programs), complete the applicable parts of sections A and B plus the <u>SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET FOR NONPROJECT ACTIONS (part D)</u>. Please completely answer all questions that apply and note that the words "project," "applicant," and "property or site" should be read as "proposal," "proponent," and "affected geographic area," respectively. The lead agency may exclude (for non-projects) questions in Part B - Environmental Elements —that do not contribute meaningfully to the analysis of the proposal.

A. Background [HELP]

1. Name of proposed project, if applicable: Gaisford Waterline

2. Name of applicant: Julie Gaisford

3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person:

8519 SR 203 Carnation, WA 98014 206-963-4203

4. Date checklist prepared: May 20, 2021

5. Agency requesting checklist: King County

- 6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable): <u>Immediately after permit</u> issuance.
- 7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain. No
- 8. List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared, directly related to this proposal.

A critical area report prepared by Altmann Oliver Associates identified a Category III in the vicinity of the new well; this was confirmed in CADS20-0348. Harris Creek is within the project area. An HPA Permit will be applied for by MacWhinney Environmental Consulting, LLC to address the pipeline crossing of the Harris Creek. It isn't possible to apply for an HPA without a SEPA determination, so upon receipt of King County's SEPA determination, the HPA application will be submitted.

- 9. Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain. None.
- 10. List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known. Well approval was received from King County Department of Health (Activity SR1449605, approved 4/20/21). Hydraulic Project Approval will be requested from the WDFW upon receipt of SEPA determination from King County.
- 11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this form to include additional specific information on project description.)

This SEPA Checklist is being prepared in support of a new water distribution line to serve three homes. The current well was not legally installed and is not able to be approved due to its proximity to buildings. A new well was approved by the King County Health Department (Activity SR1449605) on 4/20/21.

Connecting the three homes to this new well will involve two components:

- a) A section of new waterline will be installed from the new well to the existing waterlines. This will be adequate to provide water to house 8519 and 8501. This new pipeline will be installed by excavating a trench adjacent to an existing gravel road within a disturbed / developed area of the farm. This portion of the project is exempt from SEPA.
- b) In order to provide water to the house at 8629 NE Carnation Duvall Road, it is necessary to cross Harris Creek, a Type F stream. The existing waterline crosses the creek as a suspended pipe attached to a state-owned bridge on S.R. 203; permission from the state was never granted for this pipeline. For a variety of reasons, it is not feasible to use this route. The WADOT is planning

to replace the bridge, and the waterline must be removed. Additionally, the owner has explored purchasing water from Water District 119, but this option, at an estimate of at least \$325,000, was cost-prohibitive; additionally, it would require crossing Harris Creek. The option being proposed is to excavate a 3-foot by 3-foot hole in the lawn of 8629 property. The excavation will be 15-feet deep, and will facilitate a directional bore under Harris Creek. The 2" waterline will be inserted in the bore line, and will be connected to the waterline on the south side of Harris Creek. Surface impacts include two excavations, one on either side of Harris Creek, within existing lawn areas.

12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person t understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist.

The site address is 8519 Carnation Duvall Road, tax parcel number 0425079017 and 8625 Carnation Duvall Road, tax parcel number 0425079016 in SE Section 4 Township 25 N Range 07E.

B. Environmental Elements [HELP]

1. Earth [help]

a. General description of the site:

The main property is 10 acres; the smaller parcel 0.85 acres. The parcels have been developed for a century as a dairy farm, and contain three houses and several farm buildings. (circle one): Flat, rolling, hilly, steep slopes, mountainous, other folling

- b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)? Approx.1%
- c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils.

Soils on the site are mapped as Barneston gravelly ashy coarse sand, Nooksack silt loam, and Seattle Muck.

d. Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe.

No.

- e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.
- No fill is necessary to install the waterline. Materials excavated will be replaced after pipe installation. It is possible that up to 20 cubic yards of gravel will be placed in the new trench that will connect the new well and the existing waterlines. This portion of the project is exempt from SEPA, however.
- f. Could erosion occur as a result of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe. Erosion is not expected.

g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)?

The proposed waterline installation will not change the impervious surface over existing condition.

Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any:

2. Air [help]

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Dust and engine exhaust during construction and automobile exhaust when the project is under construction. This is anticipated to take approximately two weeks.

b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe.

No.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air, if any: During construction equipment will be turned off when not in use.

3. Water [help]

- a. Surface Water: [help]
 - 1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into.

Harris Creek, a Type F tributary to the Snoqualmie River, is within the project area.

2) Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans.

Yes, a 2-inch pipe will be placed 15-feet below the bottom of the stream channel. Please refer to the civil engineering plans by Garrison Engineering.

3) Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate the source of fill material.

None

4) Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No

- 5) Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan. Yes, the majority of the project is within the 100-year floodplain of the Snoqualmie River. See accompanying plan.
 - 6) Does the proposal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and anticipated volume of discharge.

No

- b. Ground Water: [help]
 - 1) Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well. Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals. . . ; agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

None.

- c. Water runoff (including stormwater):
 - 1) Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

The project will not create new impervious surface. No runoff is anticipated.

- 2) Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe. None expected or anticipated.
- 3) Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe.

Not expected or anticipated.

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water, and drainage pattern impacts, if any:

4. Plants [help]

a.	Check the	e types (of vegetation	found on	the	site:

x_evergreen tree: fir, cedar, pine, other
<u>x</u> shrubs
xgrass
xpasture
crop or grain
Orchards, vineyards or other permanent crops.
x wet soil plants: cattail, buttercup, bullrush, skunk cabbage, other
water plants: water lily, eelgrass, milfoil, other
other types of vegetation

b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered?

x deciduous tree: alder maple aspen other

To install the water pipeline under the stream, two surface excavations within existing lawn areas will be necessary. These holes will provide access for directional boring under the stream, and will affect 9 square feet of lawn on each side of Harris Creek (total 18 s.f. of lawn temporarily disturbed.)

- c. List threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site.

 Bald eagles, which are federally listed a species of concern are incidental visitors to the general area.

 No nests are known. Harris Creek supports coho, steelhead/rainbow, and cutthroat trout. Steelhead and coho are listed as threatened.
- d. Proposed landscaping, use of native plants, or other measures to preserve or enhance vegetation on the site, if any:

None anticipated.

e. List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site.

Japanese knotweed (*Polygonum cuspidatum*) reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*)

5. Animals [help]

a. <u>List</u> any birds and <u>other</u> animals which have been observed on or near the site or are known to be on or near the site.

birds: hawk, heron, eagle, songbirds, other: birds native to Western

Washington

mammals: deer, bear, elk, beaver, small mammals: mammals native to

Western Washington fish: , salmon, trout,

- b. List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site. Coho salmon and steelhead migrate through Harris Creek
- c. Is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain. Salmon migrate through Harris Creek seasonally.
- d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:
 Using directional boring to go under Harris Creek is designed to avoid impact to fish and fish habitat. The depth of 15-feet was determined by the project engineer to be sufficiently deep to avoid dewatering the stream.
- e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site. None known

6. Energy and Natural Resources [help]

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc.

The completed project will not alter the energy needs of the site.

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.

No.

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any: None proposed.

7. Environmental Health [help]

- a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste, that could occur as a result of this proposal? If so, describe. No
 - Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses.
 None known.
 - Describe existing hazardous chemicals/conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity.
 None known.
 - Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project.
 None anticipated.
 - 4) Describe special emergency services that might be required. None anticipated.
 - 5) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any: None proposed.

b. Noise

- What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)?
 Construction noises at 80 to 90 DBA range from 50' from noise sources may be expected during work hours for one to two days.
- 2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site. Construction equipment will be turned off when not in use. Construction activities will be limited to daytime hours and will adhere to restrictions set forth in King County Code 12.86.520 (noise ordinance).

3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any: <u>Limit operation of</u> equipment during business hours.

8. Land and Shoreline Use [help]

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe.

Residential single-family, land uses will be unaffected with this proposal.

b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to nonfarm or nonforest use?

Not to our knowlege

1) Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how:

No

- c. Describe any structures on the site.

 There are three existing single-family homes, barns, sheds, and other agricultural buildings on the parcels.
- d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what? No structures will be demolished.
- e. What is the current zoning classification of the site? A35
- f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site? Agriculture
- g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site? Not Applicable
- h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify. Critical areas have been identified by King County, including CARA II, Seismic Hazard Area, Category III Wetland, Type F stream, FEMA Floodplain, and Resource Shoreline.
- i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project? The completed project will not change the number of residents. Currently, three family homes are present onsite.
- j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace? None.
- k. Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any:

None proposed.

L. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:

None Proposed.

m. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts to agricultural and forest lands of long-term commercial significance, if any:

None Proposed.

9. Housing [help]

a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

No new net units will be provided.

b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

None.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any: None proposed.

10. Aesthetics [help]

- a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?
 N/A.
- b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed? N/A.
- b. Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any: None proposed.

11. Light and Glare [help]

a. What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainly occur?

N/A.

- b. Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views?
 No.
- c. What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal? None to our Knowledge .
- d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any: None proposed.

12. Recreation [help]

- a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?
- b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe. No.
- c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any: None proposed.

13. Historic and cultural preservation [help]

a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45 years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If so, specifically describe.

Historic barn onsite. Will not be impacted by proposal.

- b. Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation? This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources. None to our knowledge.
- c. Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc. None.
- d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required. None proposed.

14. Transportation [help]

- a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any. Site is served by SR 203.
- b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?

 No. The closest transit stop is in Carnation, approximately two miles away.
- c. How many additional parking spaces would the completed project or non-project proposal have? How many would the project or proposal eliminate?
 N/A.
- d. Will the proposal require any new or improvements to existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).

None proposed.

- e. Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe.
 No.
- f. How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and nonpassenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates?

No net addional trips are expected to be generated by the completed project.

- g. Will the proposal interfere with, affect or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe. No.
- h. Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any:
 None.

15. Public Services [help]

- a. Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.
 None anticipated.
- b. Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any. None proposed.

16. Utilities [help]

- a. Circle utilities currently available at the site:
 electricity, natural gas, water, refuse service, telephone, sanitary sewer, septic system, other
- c. Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might be needed.

No new utilities are proposed

C. Signature [HELP]

The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.

Signature:	
Name of signee	
Position and Agency/Organization	

Date Submitted: <u>12-3-2019</u>

D. Supplemental sheet for nonproject actions [HELP]

(IT IS NOT NECESSARY to use this sheet for project actions)

Because these questions are very general, it may be helpful to read them in conjunction with the list of the elements of the environment.

When answering these questions, be aware of the extent the proposal, or the types of activities likely to result from the proposal, would affect the item at a greater intensity or at a faster rate than if the proposal were not implemented. Respond briefly and in general terms.

 How would the proposal be likely to increase discharge to water; emissions to air; production, storage, or release of toxic or hazardous substances; or production of noise? None

Proposed measures to avoid or reduce such increases are: None

2. How would the proposal be likely to affect plants, animals, fish, or marine life? None

Proposed measures to protect or conserve plants, animals, fish, or marine life are: Boring under Harris Creek has been proposed to minimize impacts to the stream and associated buffer..

3. How would the proposal be likely to deplete energy or natural resources? None.

Proposed measures to protect or conserve energy and natural resources are: None.

4. How would the proposal be likely to use or affect environmentally sensitive areas or areas designated (or eligible or under study) for governmental protection; such as parks, wilderness, wild and scenic rivers, threatened or endangered species habitat, historic or cultural sites, wetlands, floodplains, or prime farmlands?

The water line will cross under a stream to avoid impact to the stream and riparian habitat.

Proposed measures to protect such resources or to avoid or reduce impacts are: Waterline will be installed 15' below the bottom of the channel of the Type F watercourse.

5. How would the proposal be likely to affect land and shoreline use, including whether it would allow or encourage land or shoreline uses incompatible with existing plans?

Not applicable.

Proposed measures to avoid or reduce shoreline and land use impacts are: Directional boring under the stream is proposed to reduce impacts.

6. How would the proposal be likely to increase demands on transportation or public services and utilities? None anticipated.

Proposed measures to reduce or respond to such demand(s) are: None.

7. Identify, if possible, whether the proposal may conflict with local, state, or federal laws or requirements for the protection of the environment.

None known.

Altmann Oliver Associates, LLC

PO Box 578

Carnation, WA 98014

Office (425) 333-4535

Fax (425) 333-4509



October 28, 2020

AOA-6309

Julie Gaisford gaisfordlaw@centurytel.net

SUBJECT: Partial Critical Areas Designation for Gaisford Well

8501 Carnation Duvall Road, Parcel 042507-9017

King County, WA

Dear Julie:

On October 7, 2020 I conducted a wetland reconnaissance throughout the vicinity of a proposed well located in the southern portion of the subject property utilizing the methodology outlined in the May 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (Version 2.0).

One wetland (Wetland A) was identified and delineated to the west of the proposed well during the field investigation. **Attachment A** contains data sheets prepared for a representative location in both the wetland and upland. These data sheets document the vegetation, soils, and hydrology information that aided in the wetland boundary delineation.

Wetland A

Wetland A consists of a shallow isolated topographic Depressional Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) class wetland that appears to be hydrologically supported by a high groundwater table.

Wetland A has been heavily disturbed through historic an on-going farming practices and at the time of the delineation vegetation within Wetland A consisted entirely of monotypic reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) with a fringe of Himalayan blackberry (*Rubus armeniacus*).

Wetland A meets the criteria for a Category III wetland with 5 Habitat Points (**Attachment B**). Category III wetlands with 5 Habitat Points require a standard 60-foot buffer plus 15-foot building setback from the wetland edge adjacent moderate impact land uses.

Julie Gaisford October 28, 2020 Page 2

Potential Wetland South of Farm Road

During the reconnaissance, a potential wetland was observed to the south of the proposed well and existing farm road. Determining the presence of a wetland in this area would require a wetland hydrology review during the wet season. Since the proposed well is currently already located within the buffer of Wetland A, I did not conduct a definitive delineation or rating of the area south of the farm road.

If you have any questions regarding the delineation or rating, please give me a call.

Sincerely,

ALTMANN OLIVER ASSOCIATES, LLC

John Altmann Ecologist

Attachments

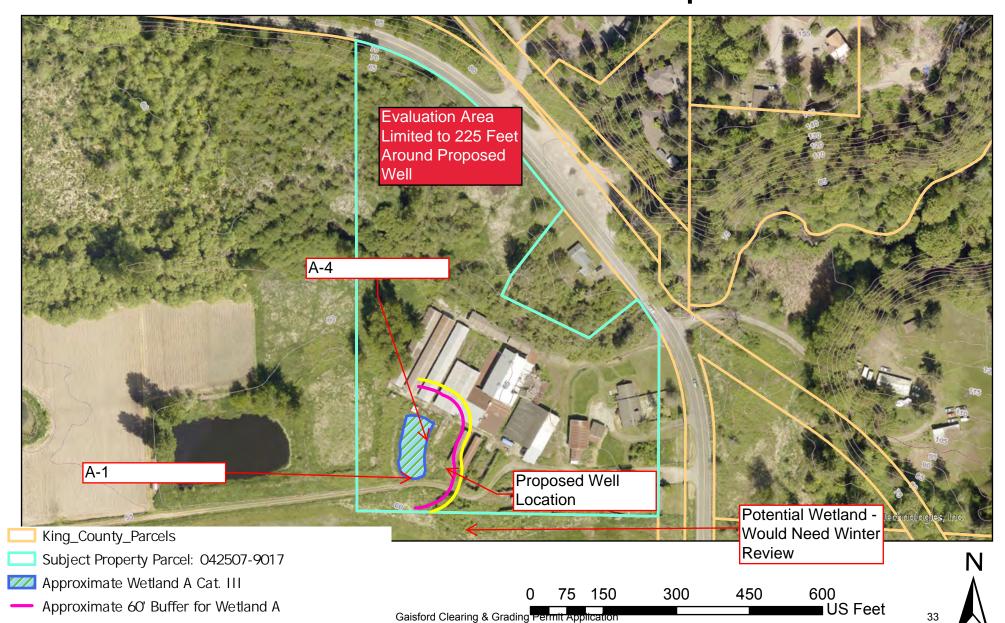
King County Parcel 042507-9017

Approximate 15' Building Setback for Wetland A Buffer

Critical Areas Map

AOA - 6309





ATTACHMENT A DATA SHEETS

~10' into wetland at A-4

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project Site:	Parcel: 042507-9017				City/Cour	nty: King County/	Sampling	Date:	<u>10-7-</u>	-20	
Applicant/Owner:	Gaisford				,	State:			DP#		
Investigator(s):	John Altmann					Section, Towns	ship, Range: S4, T				
Landform (hillslope, te	errace, etc.):			Loca	al relief (conc	ave, convex, none):		Slope	(%):		_
Subregion (LRR):	<u>A</u>	Lat: <u>47</u>	.67799	9		Long: <u>-121.90886</u>		Datum: _			
Soil Map Unit Name:	<u>157</u>						NWI classification:	N/A			
Are climatic / hydrolog	ic conditions on the site typical fo	r this time o	of year?	? Y	′es ⊠	No ☐ (If no,	explain in Remarks	i.)			
Are Vegetation □,	, Soil □, or Hydrology	□, signi	ficantly	disturbed	d? Are "	Normal Circumstances	' present?	Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Are Vegetation □,	, Soil □, or Hydrology	☐, natu	rally pro	oblematic	? (If ne	eded, explain any answ	vers in Remarks.)				
SUMMARY OF FIN	IDINGS – Attach site map s	howing s	ampli	ng poin	t locations,	transects, importa	nt features, etc.				
Hydrophytic Vegetatio	n Present?	Yes	⊠ N	lo 🗆							
Hydric Soil Present?		Yes	⊠ N	lo 🗆	Is the Samp			Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Wetland Hydrology Pr	resent?	Yes	⊠ N	lo 🗆							
Remarks: Located 1	10' into Wetland off of A-4										
VEGETATION - U	se scientific names of plant										
Tree Stratum (Plot siz	re:)	Absolute % Cover		minant ecies?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test Wo	orksheet:				
1				_		Number of Dominant	Species				
2				_		That Are OBL, FACW					(A)
3				_		Total Number of Dom	inant				(D)
4				_		Species Across All St	rata:				(B)
50% =, 20% =			= T	otal Cove	er	Percent of Dominant	Species				(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratun	m (Plot size:)					That Are OBL, FACW	/, or FAC:				(A/D)
1				_		Prevalence Index wo	orksheet:				
2				_		Total % (Cover of:	Multiply	<u>/ by:</u>		
3				_		OBL species		x1 =		_	
4				_		FACW species		x2 =		_	
5				_		FAC species		x3 =		_	
50% =, 20% =			= T	otal Cove	er	FACU species		x4 =		_	
Herb Stratum (Plot siz	ze: <u>10'</u>)					UPL species		x5 =		_	
1. Phalaris arundinad	<u>cea</u>	<u>100</u>	yes	<u>s</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Column Totals:	(A)			(E	3)
2			_			Pr	evalence Index = B/	A =			
3				_		Hydrophytic Vegeta	tion Indicators:				
4				_			for Hydrophytic Veg	etation			
5				_		2 - Dominance	Test is >50%				
6				_		☐ 3 - Prevalence I	Index is <u><</u> 3.0¹				
7				_		4 - Morphologic	al Adaptations ¹ (Pro	vide support	ing		
8				_		data in Rema	arks or on a separat	e sheet)			
9				_		☐ 5 - Wetland Nor	n-Vascular Plants ¹				
10			_			☐ Problematic Hyd	drophytic Vegetatior	ո¹ (Explain)			
11				_		4					
50% = <u>50</u> , 20% = <u>20</u>		<u>100</u>	= T	otal Cove	er	¹ Indicators of hydric s be present, unless dis					
Woody Vine Stratum	(Plot size:)					, ,	·				
1				_							
2				_		Hydrophytic Vegetation	Yes		No		
50% =, 20% =			= T	otal Cove	er	Present?	169	43	140		ш
% Bare Ground in He	rb Stratum										
Remarks:						•					
-											

Project Site: Parcel: 042507-9017

SOIL									Sampling P	oint: DP#	<u> 1</u>			
Profile Description	on: (Describe t	o the dept	h needed	to do	ocument the indicator or con	firm the abse	ence of	f indicat	ors.)					
Depth	Matrix				Redox Features									
inches) C	Color (moist)	%	Colo	r (moi	st) % Type ¹	Loc ²		Texture	<u> </u>	F	Remarks	5		
<u>0-4</u>	10 YR 3/2	<u>100</u>	_				-	loam	. <u>——</u>					
<u>5-15"</u>	10 YR 4/1	<u>90</u>	<u>10 Y</u>	YR 4/3	<u> </u>		-	Clay/Lo	<u></u>					
			_				_							
			_				_							
			_				-							
			_				-							
			_				-							
			_				-							
ype: C= Concer	ntration, D=Dep	letion, RM=	=Reduced	Matri	x, CS=Covered or Coated San	d Grains.	² Loca	tion: PL:	=Pore Lining, M=	Matrix				
ydric Soil Indic	ators: (Applica	ble to all I	LRRs, unl	ess o	therwise noted.)			Indi	cators for Probl	ematic H	lydric S	ioils³:		
] Histosol (A1	1)		[Sandy Redox (S5)				2 cm Muck (A	(10)				
] Histic Epipe	edon (A2)		[Stripped Matrix (S6)				Red Parent M	laterial (T	F2)			
Black Histic	(A3)				Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (e.	xcept MLRA	1)		Very Shallow	Dark Sur	face (T	F12)		
] Hydrogen S					Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)				Other (Explain	n in Rema	arks)			
_	elow Dark Surfa	ice (A11)		\boxtimes	Depleted Matrix (F3)									
_	Surface (A12)				Redox Dark Surface (F6)			31			_4_4!			
_	ky Mineral (S1)				Depleted Dark Surface (F7)				cators of hydrop etland hydrology					
	red Matrix (S4)		[Redox Depressions (F8)	T			nless disturbed o					
estrictive Laye	r (if present):													
ype:											_			_
epth (inches):						Hydric So	ils Pres	sent?		Yes		No		
HYDROLOGY														
Vetland Hydrolo	gy Indicators:													
Primary Indicators	s (minimum of o	ne required	d; check al	ll that	apply)			Secor	ndary Indicators (2 or more	e requir	ed)		
☐ Surface Wa	ater (A1)				Water-Stained Leaves (B9)				Water-Stained L	eaves (B9	9)			
☑ High Water	Table (A2)				(except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and	4B)			(MLRA 1, 2, 4A,	and 4B)				
Saturation	(A3)				Salt Crust (B11)				Drainage Patterr	ns (B10)				
Water Mark	ks (B1)				Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)				Dry-Season Wat	er Table	(C2)			
Sediment E	Deposits (B2)				Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)				Saturation Visible	e on Aeria	al Image	ery (C9)	
☐ Drift Depos	sits (B3)				Oxidized Rhizospheres along	Living Roots	(C3)		Geomorphic Pos	ition (D2))			
☐ Algal Mat o	or Crust (B4)				Presence of Reduced Iron (C	4)			Shallow Aquitard	l (D3)				
Iron Depos	its (B5)				Recent Iron Reduction in Tille	d Soils (C6)			FAC-Neutral Tes	st (D5)				
☐ Surface So	il Cracks (B6)				Stunted or Stresses Plants (D	1) (LRR A)			Raised Ant Mour	nds (D6) ((LRR A)		
Inundation	Visible on Aeria	al Imagery	(B7)		Other (Explain in Remarks)				Frost-Heave Hur	mmocks (D7)			
☐ Sparsely V	egetated Conca	ve Surface	e (B8)											
ield Observatio	ns:													
Surface Water Pro	esent? Ye	es 🗆	No	\boxtimes	Depth (inches):									
Vater Table Pres	ent? Ye	es 🛛	No		Depth (inches): 15"									
aturation Preser		es 🛛	No		Depth (inches): 10"		Wetla	nd Hydr	ology Present?		Yes		No	
escribe Recorde	ed Data (stream	gauge, mo	onitoring w	ell, a	erial photos, previous inspectio	ns), if availab	ole:							
Remarks:														

~5' into upland at A-4

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project Site:	Parcel: 042507-9017			City/Cour	nty: King County/	Sampling	j Date:	<u>10-7-2</u>	<u>20</u>
Applicant/Owner:	Gaisford				State:	: <u>WA</u> Sampling	Point:	DP#2	
Investigator(s):	John Altmann				Section, Towns	ship, Range: <u>S4, T</u>	<u>25, 7E</u>		
Landform (hillslope, te	rrace, etc.):		Loca	al relief (conc	ave, convex, none):		Slope	(%):	
Subregion (LRR):	<u>A</u>	Lat: <u>47.6</u>	<u>7799</u>		Long: <u>-121.90886</u>	1	Datum: _		
Soil Map Unit Name:	<u>157</u>					NWI classification:	N/A		
Are climatic / hydrolog	ic conditions on the site typical fo	r this time of	/ear? Y	es 🛛	No 🗌 (If no	, explain in Remarks	5.)		
Are Vegetation,		_	antly disturbed		Normal Circumstances	·	Yes	⊠ N	No 🗆
Are Vegetation ☐,	Soil □, or Hydrology	☐, natural	ly problematic	? (If ne	eeded, explain any ansv	wers in Remarks.)			
STIMMADY OF EIN	IDINGS – Attach site map s	howing san	nnling noint	locations	transacts imports	ent features etc			
Hydrophytic Vegetation	•	Yes 🛛		liocations	, transects, importa	int leatures, etc.			
Hydric Soil Present?	iri resent:	Yes 🗆		Is the Samp			Yes		No ⊠
Wetland Hydrology Pro	esent?	Yes 🗆		within a We	etland?		163	<u></u> .	10 🔼
		103 🗀	110 🔼						
Remarks: Located 5	into upland oπ of A-4								
VEGETATION - Us	se scientific names of plant	s							
Tree Stratum (Plot siz	e:)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test Wo	orksheet:			
1					Number of Dominant	Species	2		(4)
2					That Are OBL, FACW	V, or FAC:	<u>3</u>		(A)
3					Total Number of Dom	ninant	<u>3</u>		(B)
4					Species Across All S	trata:	<u> </u>		(D)
50% =, 20% =			= Total Cove	r	Percent of Dominant		100		(A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratun	<u>n</u> (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)				That Are OBL, FACW				
1. Rubus armeniacus	<u>S</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>ves</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Prevalence Index w				
2						Cover of:	Multiply	<u>/ by:</u>	
3					OBL species		x1 =		-
4					FACW species		x2 =		-
5					FACULTURE		x3 =	-	=
50% = <u>45</u> , 20% = <u>18</u>	- FI)	<u>90</u>	= Total Cove	Г	FACU species		x4 =		=
Herb Stratum (Plot siz	_	00		E4 014/	UPL species		x5 =		- (5)
1. <u>Phalaris arundinad</u>	<u>cea</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Column Totals:	(A)			(B)
2. <u>Urtica dioica</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>yes</u>	FAC		revalence Index = B/	A =		
3. <u>Conium maculatur</u>	<u>m</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>yes</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegeta		. 1 . 2		
4					1 – Rapid Test		etation		
5					2 - Dominance				
6					☐ 3 - Prevalence				
7						cal Adaptations¹ (Pro narks or on a separat		ing	
8 9					_	n-Vascular Plants ¹			
					_		1.=		
10 11.					☐ Problematic Hy	drophytic Vegetatior	ı' (Explain)		
50% = <u>25,</u> 20% = <u>10</u>		<u></u>	= Total Cove		¹ Indicators of hydric s				
Woody Vine Stratum ((Plot size:	<u>50</u>	- Total Cove		be present, unless di	sturbed or problema	tic.		
1									
2					Hydrophytic				
50% =, 20% =			= Total Cove	 r	Vegetation	Yes		No	
% Bare Ground in Her					Present?				
Remarks:									
i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e									

Project Site: Parcel: 042507-9017

Depth Mati	ix			Redox Fea	atures		_					
nches) Color (moist)	%	Co	olor (mo	pist) %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	<u> </u>	-	Remarks	3	
		_		· 			-					
		_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-					
				· 								
		_										
		_										
		_		<u> </u>								
		_										
ype: C= Concentration, D=[epletion, F	RM=Reduc	ed Matr	ix, CS=Covered or Co	oated Sand	I Grains. 2	Location: PL:	=Pore Lining, M=	=Matrix			
dric Soil Indicators: (App	licable to a	all LRRs, ι	ınless	otherwise noted.)			Indi	cators for Prob	lematic H	lydric S	oils³:	
Histosol (A1)				Sandy Redox (S5)				2 cm Muck (A	A10)			
Histic Epipedon (A2)				Stripped Matrix (S6	5)			Red Parent N	Material (1	ΓF2)		
Black Histic (A3)				Loamy Mucky Mine		cept MLRA 1)		Very Shallow			- 12)	
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)				Loamy Gleyed Matr				Other (Explai	in in Rem	arks)		
Depleted Below Dark S		1)		Depleted Matrix (F3	-							
Thick Dark Surface (A1:	-			Redox Dark Surface			³ Indi	cators of hydrop	hytic vea	etation a	and	
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S				Depleted Dark Surfa Redox Depressions			W	etland hydrolog	y must be	e presen	t,	
estrictive Layer (if present	-			Tredox Depressions	3 (1 0)		u	nless disturbed	or problei	matic.		
pe:	,-											
epth (inches):						Hydric Soils	Present?		Yes		No	
emarks: Soil made up of	fill materia	I and wood	y debris	S								
emarks: Soil made up of YDROLOGY fetland Hydrology Indicato		I and wood	y debris	S								
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato	rs:						Secon	ndary Indicators	(2 or mor	e require	ed)	
YDROLOGY	rs:				ves (B9)			ndary Indicators Water-Stained L	`		ed)	
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato imary Indicators (minimum o	rs:		call that	t apply)		IB)			eaves (B	9)	ed)	
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2)	rs:		call that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav		JB)		Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter	eaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10)	9)	ed)	
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3)	rs:		all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2	2, 4A, and 4	BB)		Water-Stained L	eaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10)	9)	ed)	
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1)	rs: of one requ		c all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11)	2, 4A, and 4 es (B13)	IB)		Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A) Drainage Patten Dry-Season Water Saturation Visible	eaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri	9) (C2) ial Image	,)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3)	rs: of one requ		c all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along l	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos	eaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2	9) (C2) ial Image	,)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicato imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	rs: of one requ		c all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduce	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along led	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Pattern Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare	eaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3)	9) (C2) ial Image	,)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5)	rs: of one requ		c all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduce Recent Iron Reduct	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A) Drainage Pattern Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5)	(C2) (ial Image	ery (C9)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	rs: of one requ of	ired; check	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) ands (D6)	9) (C2) ial Image	ery (C9)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A	rs: of one required o	ired; check	c all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduce Recent Iron Reduct	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A) Drainage Pattern Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) ands (D6)	9) (C2) ial Image	ery (C9)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A Sparsely Vegetated Co	rs: of one required o	ired; check	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses	es (B13) Odor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) ands (D6)	9) (C2) ial Image	ery (C9)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A Sparsely Vegetated Coeld Observations:	rs: of one requ i) si) erial Image	ery (B7)	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses Other (Explain in Re	es (B13) Ddor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled s Plants (D4 emarks)	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) ands (D6)	9) (C2) ial Image	ery (C9)
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A Sparsely Vegetated Coeld Observations:	rs: of one requ S) erial Image ncave Surf	ery (B7) face (B8)	s all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses Other (Explain in Reduct Depth (inches):	es (B13) Dodor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tillec s Plants (D' emarks)	Living Roots (C	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou	Leaves (B, and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) ands (D6)	9) (C2) ial Image	ery (C9)
PDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of a Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A	rs: of one required o	ery (B7)	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses Other (Explain in Re	es (B13) Ddor (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tilled s Plants (D2 emarks)	Living Roots (C.) d Soils (C6) 1) (LRR A)	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Patter Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou	Leaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) nds (D6) mmocks	9) (C2) ial Image	(C9) No
YDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A Sparsely Vegetated Coeld Observations: urface Water Present? atturation Present?	rs: of one required ii) iii) erial Image ncave Surf Yes [Yes [Yes [ery (B7) face (B8) No No	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses Other (Explain in Re Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	es (B13) Door (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tillec s Plants (D' emarks)	Living Roots (Co.) d Soils (C6) d) (LRR A)	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Pattern Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou Frost-Heave Hu	Leaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) nds (D6) mmocks	(C2) (C2) (ial Image () (LRR A) (D7)	(C9	
PYDROLOGY etland Hydrology Indicator imary Indicators (minimum of Surface Water (A1) High Water Table (A2) Saturation (A3) Water Marks (B1) Sediment Deposits (B2) Drift Deposits (B3) Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5) Surface Soil Cracks (B6) Inundation Visible on A Sparsely Vegetated Coeld Observations: urface Water Present? ater Table Present? ater Table Present?	rs: of one required ii) iii) erial Image ncave Surf Yes [Yes [Yes [ery (B7) face (B8) No No	all that	t apply) Water-Stained Leav (except MLRA 1, 2 Salt Crust (B11) Aquatic Invertebrate Hydrogen Sulfide O Oxidized Rhizosphe Presence of Reduct Recent Iron Reduct Stunted or Stresses Other (Explain in Re Depth (inches): Depth (inches):	es (B13) Door (C1) eres along led Iron (C4 tion in Tillec s Plants (D' emarks)	Living Roots (Co.) d Soils (C6) d) (LRR A)	3)	Water-Stained L (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, Drainage Pattern Dry-Season Wa Saturation Visibl Geomorphic Pos Shallow Aquitare FAC-Neutral Tes Raised Ant Mou Frost-Heave Hu	Leaves (B , and 4B) ns (B10) ter Table le on Aeri sition (D2 d (D3) st (D5) nds (D6) mmocks	(C2) (C2) (ial Image () (LRR A) (D7)	(C9	

ATTACHMENT B WETLAND RATING

RATING SUMMARY – Western Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #):	Parcel 042507-9017		Date of site visit:	10/7/2020
Rated by Altmann		Trained by Ecology? ☑ Yes ☐ No	Date of training	03/08 & 03/15
HGM Class used for rating	Depressional & Flats	Wetland has multi	ole HGM classes?	Yes ☑No
	•	the figures requested (figures car nap King County iMAP	n be combined).	
OVERALL WETLAND CA	ATEGORY III	(based on functions 🗹 or speci	al characteristics \Box)	
1. Category of wetland	d based on FUNCTI	ONS		
	Category I - Total so	ore = 23 - 27	Score for each	
	Category II - Total s	core = 20 - 22	function based	
X	Category III - Total s	score = 16 - 19	on three	
	Category IV - Total	score = 0 - 15	ratings	

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat				
	List appropriate rating (H, M, L)						
Site Potential	M	M	L				
Landscape Potential	M	M	М				
Value	Н	Н	М	Total			
Score Based on Ratings	7	7	5	19			

(order of ratings is not important) 9 = H, H, H 8 = H, H, M7 = H, H, L 7 = H, M, M 6 = H, M, L 6 = M, M, M5 = H, L, L 5 = M, M, L 4 = M, L, L 3 = L, L, L

2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	Category
Estuarine	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	
Bog	
Mature Forest	
Old Growth Forest	
Coastal Lagoon	
Interdunal	
None of the above	х

Wetland name or number <u>A</u>			
DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLA	ANDS		
Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to in	nprove wate	r quality	
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?			
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:			
Wetland is a depression or flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key)			
with no surface water leaving it (no outlet).	pc	oints = 3	
Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly			
constricted permanently flowing outlet.	pc	oints = 2	3
☐ Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet	,	. , ,	
that is permanently flowing	ро	ints = 1	
☐ Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is	20	into - 1	
a permanently flowing ditch.	•	ints = 1	
D 1.2. <u>The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer)</u> is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions).		No - 0	0
D 1.3. <u>Characteristics and distribution of persistent plants</u> (Emergent, Scrub-sl	Yes = 4	No = 0	
Forested Cowardin classes):	iiub, aiiu/oi		
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > 95% of area	nc	oints = 5	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, plants > ½ of area		oints = 3	5
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants > 1/10 of area		oints = 1	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants > 7 ₁₀ or area Wetland has persistent, ungrazed plants < 1/ ₁₀ of area	•	oints = 0	
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation:	ρc	Jiilis – U	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in manual		
This is the area that is ponded for at least 2 months. See description		sinto - 1	0
Area seasonally ponded is > ½ total area of wetland	•	oints = 4	0
Area seasonally ponded is > 1/4 total area of wetland	•	oints = 2	
Area seasonally ponded is < 1/4 total area of wetland		oints = 0	•
Total for D 1 Add the points	in the boxe	s anover	
Poting of Site Potential If coording 112 46 - U 176 44 - M 10 5 - I			the first page
Rating of Site Potential If score is: ☐ 12 - 16 = H ☐ 6 - 11 = M ☐ 0 - 5 = L			the first page
Rating of Site Potential If score is: ☐ 12 - 16 = H	Record the	rating on	_
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges?	Record the	rating on	_
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that	Record the si	rating on te?	the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?	Record the si	rating on te?	the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?	Record the single Yes = 1	rating on te? No = 0	the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are	Record the ion of the si Yes = 1 Yes = 1	rating on te? No = 0	the first page 0 1 0
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3?	Record the sion of the si Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0	the first page 0 1
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source	Record the si Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0	the first page 0 1 0
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points	Record the ion of the si Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1 in the boxe	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source	Record the ion of the si Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1 Yes = 1 in the boxe	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ✓ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river,	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on	the first page 0 1 0 0 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list?	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on	the first page 0 1 0 1 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list? D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on the discharge of local plan as important.	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on No = 0	the first page 0 1 0 1 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list? D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on to D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality (answer YES if there is a TMDL for the basin in	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on No = 0	the first page 0 1 0 0 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list? D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on the discharge of local plan as important.	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on No = 0	the first page 0 1 0 1 the first page
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality funct D 2.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 2.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants? D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland? D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1 - D 2.3? Source Total for D 2 Add the points Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 or 4 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, lake, or marine water that is on the 303(d) list? D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where an aquatic resource is on to D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality (answer YES if there is a TMDL for the basin in	Record the sion of	rating on te? No = 0 No = 0 No = 0 s above rating on No = 0 St? No = 0 No = 0 s above	the first page 0 1 0 1 the first page

Wetland name or number A	
<u>DEPRESSIONAL AND FLATS WETLANDS</u>	
Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and stream degr	adation
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?	
D 4.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:	
Wetland is a depression or flat depression with no surface water	
leaving it (no outlet) points = 4	
Wetland has an intermittently flowing stream or ditch, OR highly	
constricted permanently flowing outlet points = 2	4
Wetland is a flat depression (QUESTION 7 on key), whose outlet is	
a permanently flowing ditch points = 1	
Wetland has an unconstricted, or slightly constricted, surface outlet	
that is permanently flowing points = 0	
D 4.2. Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of	
the outlet. For wetlands with no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or if dry, the	
deepest part.	
Marks of ponding are 3 ft or more above the surface or bottom of outlet points = 7	
Marks of ponding between 2 ft to < 3 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 5	0
☐ Marks are at least 0.5 ft to < 2 ft from surface or bottom of outlet points = 3	
☐ The wetland is a "headwater" wetland points = 3	
Wetland is flat but has small depressions on the surface that trap water points = 1	
Marks of ponding less than 0.5 ft (6 in) points = 0	
D 4.3. Contribution of the wetland to storage in the watershed: Estimate the ratio of the area of	
upstream basin contributing surface water to the wetland to the area of the wetland unit itself.	
☐ The area of the basin is less than 10 times the area of the unit points = 5	-
The area of the basin is 10 to 100 times the area of the unit points = 3	5
The area of the basin is more than 100 times the area of the unit points = 0	
☐ Entire wetland is in the Flats class points = 5	
Total for D 4 Add the points in the boxes above	9
·	
Rating of Site Potential If score is: $\Box 12 - 16 = H$ $\Box 6 - 11 = M$ $\Box 0 - 5 = I$ Record the rating on	the first page
Rating of Site Potential If score is: 12 - 16 = H	the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site?	, -
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0	the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff?	, -
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0	0
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human	0
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Ves = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)?	0
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0	0 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is:	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is:	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is:	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: 3 = H 1 or 2 = M 0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met.	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H □1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H □1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds):	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): • Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit.	0 1 1
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Points = 2 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Points = 2 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient.	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): ● Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Points = 1 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin.	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H □1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. □ Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. □ The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □ 3 = H □ 1 or 2 = M □ 0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Points = 2 Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient. □ Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. □ Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. □ The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient. Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient. Points = 1 Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. points = 1 Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why D There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland.	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H □1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Plooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why □ There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland. D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood	0 1 2 the first page
D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support hydrologic function of the site? D 5.1. Does the wetland unit receive stormwater discharges? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate excess runoff? Yes = 1 No = 0 D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses (residential at >1 residence/ac, urban, commercial, agriculture, etc.)? Yes = 1 No = 0 Total for D 5 Add the points in the boxes above Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: □3 = H ☑ 1 or 2 = M □0 = L Record the rating on D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society? D 6.1. The unit is in a landscape that has flooding problems. Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland unit being rated. Do not add points. Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met. The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds): Flooding occurs in a sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of unit. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. Flooding from groundwater is an issue in the sub-basin. The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. Explain why D There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland.	0 1 1 2 the first page

Wetland name or number A	
These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.	
HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat	
H 1.0. Does the site have the potential to provide habitat?	
H 1.1. Structure of plant community: Indicators are Cowardin classes and strata within the Forested class. Check the Cowardin plant classes in the wetland. Up to 10 patches may be combined for each class to meet the threshold of ¼ ac or more than 10% of the unit if it is smaller than 2.5 ac. Add the number of structures checked.	
 □ Aquatic bed □ Emergent □ Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have > 30% cover) □ Forested (areas where trees have > 30% cover) □ If the unit has a Forested class, check if: □ The Forested class has 3 out of 5 strata (canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground-cover) that each cover 20% within the Forested polygon 	0
H 1.2. Hydroperiods Check the types of water regimes (hydroperiods) present within the wetland. The water regime has to cover more than 10% of the wetland or ¼ ac to count (see text for descriptions of hydroperiods).	
 □ Permanently flooded or inundated □ Seasonally flooded or inundated □ Occasionally flooded or inundated □ Occasionally flooded or inundated □ Saturated only □ Permanently flowing stream or river in, or adjacent to, the wetland □ Seasonally flowing stream in, or adjacent to, the wetland □ Lake Fringe wetland □ Lake Fringe wetland □ Freshwater tidal wetland 2 points 2 points	0
H 1.3. Richness of plant species	
Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold and you do not have to name the species. Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Canadian thistle If you counted: > 19 species	0
H 1.4. Interspersion of habitats Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among Cowardin plants classes (described in H 1.1), or the classes and unvegetated areas (can include open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high. None = 0 points Low = 1 point Moderate = 2 points All three diagrams	0
in this row are HIGH = 3 points	l

Wetland name or number A	
H 1.5. Special habitat features:	
Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number	
of points.	
☐ Standing snags (dbh > 4 in) within the wetland	
☐ Undercut banks are present for at least 6.6 ft (2 m) and/or overhanging plants extends	
at least 3.3 ft (1 m) over a stream (or ditch) in, or contiguous with the wetland, for at	
least 33 ft (10 m)	1
☐ Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning	
(> 30 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity are present (cut shrubs or trees	
that have not yet weathered where wood is exposed)	
☐ At least ¼ ac of thin-stemmed persistent plants or woody branches are present in areas	
that are permanently or seasonally inundated (structures for egg-laying by amphibians)	
☐ Invasive plants cover less than 25% of the wetland area in every stratum of plants (see	
H 1.1 for list of strata)	
Total for H 1 Add the points in the boxes above	1
Rating of Site Potential If Score is: 15 - 18 = H 7 - 14 = M 0 - 6 = L Record the rating on	the first page
	, 3
H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the habitat function of the site?	
H 2.1 Accessible habitat (include only habitat that directly abuts wetland unit).	
Calculate:	
6.8 % undisturbed habitat + (2.7 % moderate & low intensity land uses / 2) = 8.15%	
70 moderate & low interisity land uses 7.2.) = 0.1570	
If total accessible habitat is:	0
$> \frac{1}{3}$ (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon points = 3	
20 - 33% of 1 km Polygon points = 2	
·	
·	
<pre> < 10 % of 1 km Polygon points = 0</pre>	
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around the wetland.	
Calculate:	
44.4 % undisturbed habitat + (16.3 % moderate & low intensity land uses / 2) = 52.55%	
	3
Undisturbed habitat > 50% of Polygon points = 3	3
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and in 1-3 patches points = 2	
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and > 3 patches points = 1	
Undisturbed habitat < 10% of 1 km Polygon points = 0	
H 2.3 Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon: If	0
> 50% of 1 km Polygon is high intensity land use points = (-2)	0
≤ 50% of 1km Polygon is high intensity points = 0	
Total for H 2 Add the points in the boxes above	3
Rating of Landscape Potential If Score is: 4 - 6 = H 1 - 3 = M 1 - 3 = M 1 - 3 = L Record the rating on	the first page
H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?	
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? Choose	
only the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated.	
Site meets ANY of the following criteria: points = 2	
☐ It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (see next page)	
☐ It rids 5 of more priority habitats within 100 m (see next page) ☐ It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant	
or animal on the state or federal lists)	
☐ It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW priority species	1
☐ It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the	
Department of Natural Resources	
☐ It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or	
regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a	
watershed plan	
· ·	
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats (listed on next page) with in 100m points = 1	
Site does not meet any of the criteria above points = 0 Rating of Value If Score is: 2 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on	(I) - F - 1

Gaisford Clearing & Grading Permit Application Wetland Rating System for Western WA: 2014 Update

WDFW Priority Habitats

<u>Priority habitats listed by WDFW</u> (see complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington. 177 pp.

http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf or access the list from here: http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/

Count how many of the following priority habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland unit: **NOTE**: This question is independent of the land use between the wetland unit and the priority habitat. Aspen Stands: Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha). Biodiversity Areas and Corridors: Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report). ☐ **Herbaceous Balds**: Variable size patches of grass and forbs on shallow soils over bedrock. Old-growth/Mature forests: Old-growth west of Cascade crest – Stands of at least 2 tree species, forming a multi-layered canopy with occasional small openings; with at least 8 trees/ac (20 trees/ha) > 32 in (81 cm) dbh or > 200 years of age. Mature forests - Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west of the Cascade crest. Oregon White Oak: Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 158 - see web link above). Riparian: The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other. Westside Prairies: Herbaceous, non-forested plant communities that can either take the form of a dry prairie or a wet prairie (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 161 - see web link above). Instream: The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources. Nearshore: Relatively undisturbed nearshore habitats. These include Coastal Nearshore, Open Coast Nearshore, and Puget Sound Nearshore. (full descriptions of habitats and the definition of relatively undisturbed are in WDFW report – see web link on previous page). Caves: A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human. ☐ Cliffs: Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation. **Talus**: Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs. Snags and Logs: Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 20 in (51 cm) in western Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12

Note: All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed elsewhere.

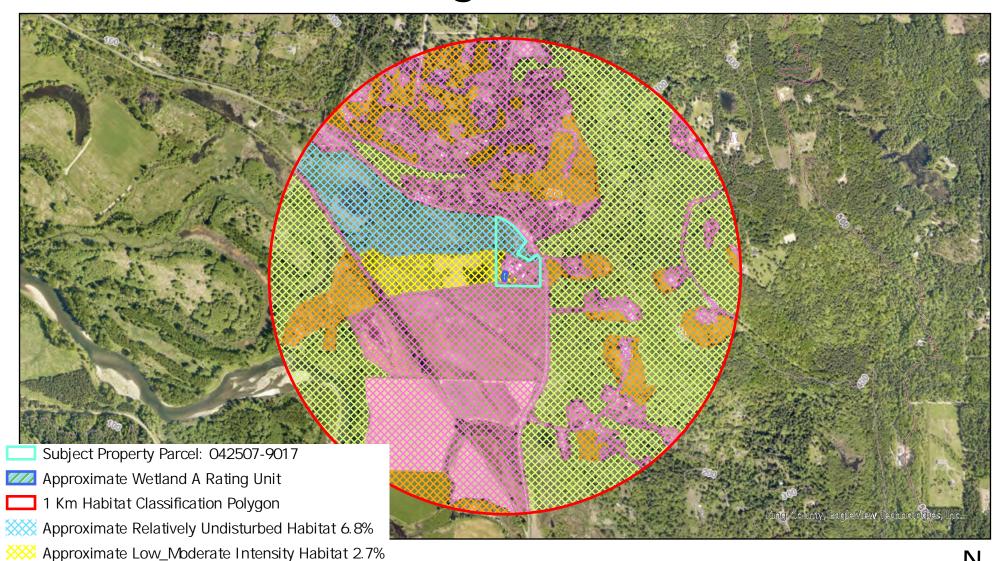
in (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.

King County Parcel 042507-9017

Figure A

AOA - 6309





Gaisford Clearing & Grading Permit Application

0 500 1,000

2,000

3,000

4,000 US Feet

Relatively Undisturbed Habitat 37.6%

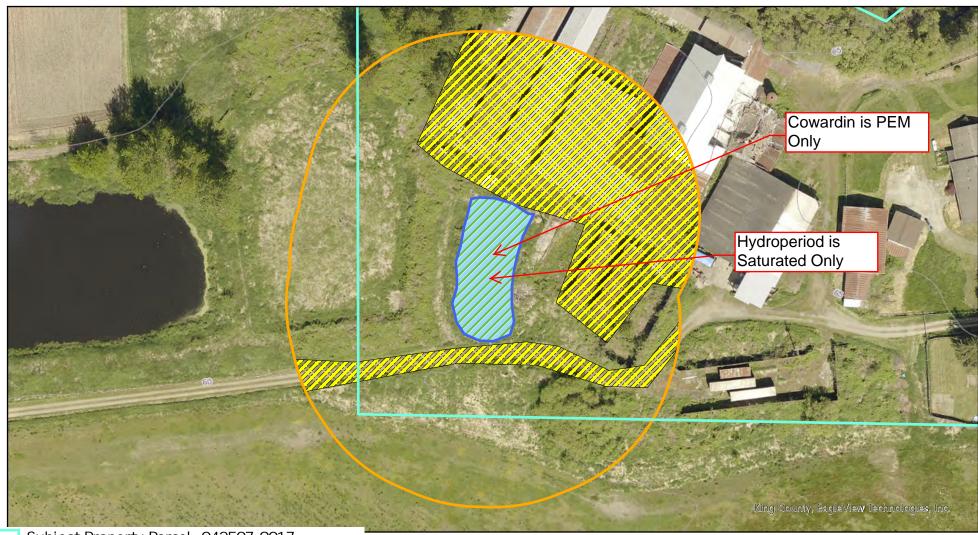
Low_Moderate Intensity Habitat 13.6%

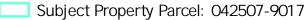
King County Parcel 042507-9017

Figure B

AOA - 6309







Approximate Wetland A Rating Unit

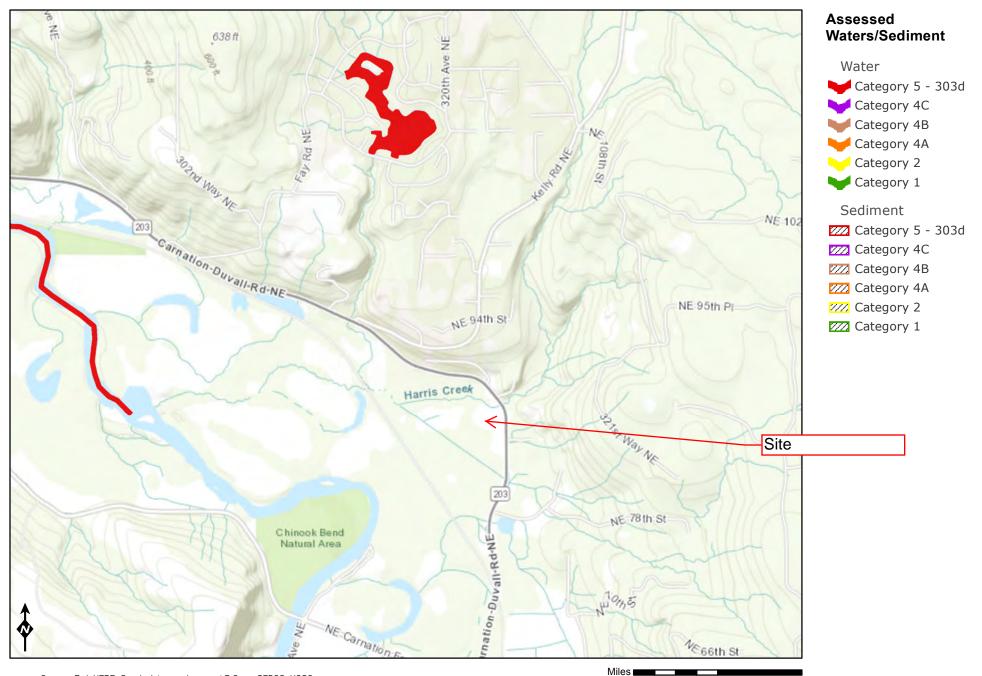
Approximate 150' Pollution Assessment Polygon

Pollution Generating Surfaces 37.7%





Figure C



0.25

0.5

TIMESTAMPS



Water Quality Improvement Projects (TMDLs)

IMPROVEMENT 7: Snohomish PROJECTS (TMDLs)

WATER QUALITY Water Quality Improvement > Water Quality Improvement Projects by WRIA > WRIA 7: Snohomish

Overview of the process

Project Catalog

- by WRIA
- by County

Funding Opportunities

Project Development Priority Lists

Related Information

TMDL Contacts

RELATED ECOLOGY PROGRAMS

Water Quality

WRIA 7: Snohomish

The following table lists overview information and links to specific water quality improvement projects (including total maximum daily loads, or TMDLs) for this water resource inventory area (WRIA). Please use links (where available) for more information on a project.

Counties

- King
- Snohomish

Waterbody Name	Pollutant(s)	Status**	TMDL Lead
Lake Loma	Total Phosphorus	Straight to implementation project under development	Tricia Shoblom 425-649- 7288
Snohomish River	French Creek / Pilchuck River Dissolved Oxygen Temperature	Under development	Ralph Svrjcek 425-649- 7165
	Dioxin	EPA approved	Ralph Svrjcek 425-649- 7165
	EstuaryAmmoniaBOD	EPA approved	Ralph Svrjcek 425-649- 7165
	Tributaries Fecal Coliform Tributaries:	EPA approved	Ralph Svrjcek 425-649- 7165

 Allen Creek Quilceda Creek French Creek Woods Creek Pilchuck River Marshlands (Wood Creek) {2} 		
Snoqualmie RiverAmmonia-NBOD (5-day)Fecal ColiformTemperature	EPA approved EPA approved Has an implementation plan	Ralph Svrjcek 425-649- 7165

^{**} Status will be listed as one of the following: Approved by EPA, Under Development or Implementation

For more information about WRIA 7:

- <u>Waterbodies in WRIA 7</u> using the Water Quality Assessment Query Tool
- Watershed Information for WRIA 7
- * The Department of Ecology and other state resource agencies frequently use a system of 62 "Water Resource Inventory Areas" or "WRIAs" to refer to the state's major watershed basins.

Back to top of page

Last updated January 2014